SAIGON AGRICULTURE INCORPORATION SAIGON PLANT PROTECTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

No: 71 / BVTVSG-TCKT

THE	SOCIALIST	REPUBLIC	OF VIETNAM
	Independence	- Freedom -	Happiness

Ho Chi Minh City, January 25, 2025

PERIODIC DISCLOSURE OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: Hanoi Stock Exchange

According to Clause 3, Article 14 of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated 1 S S

16/11/2020, issued by the Ministry of F stock market, Saigon Plant Protection Jo Statements for Quarter 4/2024 to the Har	oint Stock Company discloses Financial			
1. Name of company: Saigon Plant	Protection Joint Stock Company			
Ho Chi Minh City Tel: 028.38732077 Email: quocvuong@spchcmc.vn Disclosed information content: Financial Statements for Quart	nts (for listed organizations without			
✓ Consolidated Financial State subsidiaries);	ements (for listed organizations with			
	nents (for listed organizations with ng under an independent accounting			
- Cases Requiring Explanation of	Causes:			
+ Profit after corporate income tax period changes by 10% or more compare	in the Income Statement of the reporting d to the same period of the previous year:			
☑ Yes	□ No			
Explanation document in case of "Y	Yes" selection:			
☑ Yes	□ No			
+ Profit after tax in the reporting period shows a loss, transitioning from profit in the same period of the previous year to a loss in the current period, or vice versa:				
☑ Yes	□ No			
Explanation document in case of "Y	Yes" selection:			
✓ Yes	No □ No			
3. Report on transactions value	d at 35% or more of total assets in			

Quarter 4/2024: None occurred.

This information was disclosed on the company's website on .../01/2025 at the following link: http://spchcmc.vn/VN/Quan-He-Co-Dong.html

We hereby certify that the information disclosed above is truthful, and we take full legal responsibility for the content of the disclosed information.

Attachment:

- Separate and Consolidated Financial Statements for Q4/2024;
 - Explanation document Q4/2024

Party authorized to disclose information
CONG TY
CO PHÂN
BảO VỆ THỰC VẬT

DIEU QUANG TRUNG

SAIGON AGRICULTURE INCORPORATION SAIGON PLANT PROTECTION JOINT STOCK COMPANY

THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom - Happiness

No.:6.9.../BVTVSG-TCKT
Re: Explanation of profit after tax fluctuations
Q4.2024

Ho Chi Minh City, January 25, 2025

To: Hanoi Stock Exchange

According to the provisions of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated 26/11/2020, issued by the Ministry of Finance, which provides guidelines on information disclosure in the stock market. Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company (Securities code: SPC) hereby explains the fluctuations in the profit after tax indicator for Quarter 4 of 2024:

Unit: VND

Items	Quarter 4 Year 2024	Quarter 4 Year 2023	Difference bet 2024 and 20	
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)=(2)-(3)	(5)=(4)/(3)
1. SEPARATE FINA	NCIAL STATEMEN	NTS		
Net revenue	88.440.522.733	235.068.071.002	-146.627.548.269	-62,38%
Cost of goods sold	68.775.809.850	180.650.513.462	-111.874.703.612	-61,93%
Gross profit	19.664.712.883	54.417.557.540	-34.752.844.657	-63,86%
Financial income	4.457.566	2.360.942.570	-2.356.485.004	-99,81%
Financial expense	6.632.607.864	5.363.620.617	1.268.987.247	23,66%
Selling expense	29.653.971.774	33.147.271.862	-3.493.300.088	-10,54%
G&A expense	3.961.852.028	7.584.649.302	-3.622.797.274	-47,76%
Profit after tax	-21.661.302.260	21.484.323.276	-43.145.625.536	-200,82%
2. CONSOLIDATED	FINANCIAL STAT	EMENTS		
Net revenue	178,036,836,699	335,924,263,154	-157,887,426,455	-47.00%
Cost of goods sold	145,141,786,003	263,645,444,528	-118,503,658,525	-44.95%
Gross profit	32,895,050,696	72,278,818,626	-39,383,767,930	-54.49%
Financial income	1,255,485,617	4,934,344,036	-3,678,858,419	-74.56%
Financial expense	10,884,463,198	10,741,284,715	143,178,483	1.33%
Selling expense	40,350,754,239	44,430,714,638	-4,079,960,399	-9.18%
G&A expense	5,091,702,430	8,573,934,730	-3,482,232,300	-40.61%
Profit after tax	-22,135,832,606	23,285,844,528	-45,421,677,134	-195.06%

The profit after tax in the separate and consolidated financial statements for Quarter 4 of 2024 of SPC recorded losses of 21,6 billion vnd and 22,1 billion vnd, respectively, compared to profits of 21,4 billion vnd and 23,2 billion vnd in the same period last year:

- The profit after tax in the reporting period was a loss, whereas the same period last year recorded a profit.
- The profit after in the reporting period changed by more than 10% compared to the same period.

Reasons:

- Separate and consolidated net revenue reached only 88,4 billion vnd and 178 billion vnd, equivalent to 37,6% and 53% of the same period last year:

 The plant protection product market experienced intense competition, and dealers no longer purchased large quantities as in the same period last year. Sales of key herbicide products declined compared to the same period last year.
- Gross profit in the separate and consolidated reports reached 18,8 billion vnd and 32,8 billion vnd, respectively, with gross profit margins of 21,3% and 18,5%. Compared to gross profits of 54,4 billion vnd and 72,2 billion vnd in the same period last year, with gross profit margins of 23,1% and 21,5%. Gross profits in Quarter 4 of 2024 for separate and consolidated reports were only 34,6% and 45,5% of those in Quarter 4 of 2023.
- Increase in land rental expenses by 5.098.003.416 vnd in 2024 due to the government adjusting the land rental unit price:

 The land rental expense for 7.720,8 m² at the company's headquarters, Quarter 1 Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, will increase by 5.098.003.416 vnd in 2024, as recorded based on payment notices No. 20669/TB-CCTKVQ7NB,20670/TB-CCTKVQ7NB,20671/TB-CCTKVQ7NB, and 20672/TB-CCTKVQ7NB issued by the Ho Chi Minh City Tax Department on 08/11/2024.
- The gross profit mentioned above could not cover the operating costs of production and business activities, leading to operating losses in the separate and consolidated reports of 21,6 billion vnd and 22,1 billion vnd, respectively.

The above represents the company's full explanation of changes in corporate profit after tax for Quarter 4 of 2024.

Sincerely./.

Recipients:

- As above;
- File Archive: F&A Dept.

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Nguyen Quoc Dung



CONG TY CO PHAN BVTV SAI GON Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS QUARTER 4.2024

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2024

ASSETS	Code	21/12/2024	Unit: Viet Nam Dong
A. CURRENT ASSETS	100	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	425,261,324,697	468,673,047,421
1. Cash	111	12,002,934,467	24,814,475,638
2. Cash equivalents		6,752,934,467	24,814,475,638
II. Short-term investments	112	5,250,000,000	
III. Short-term receivables	120	400.00	
Short-term trade receivables	130	138,884,553,512	218,922,087,223
Short-term prepayments to suppliers	131	151,946,255,819	228,935,264,772
3. Short-term intra-company receivables	132	2,609,314,558	1,771,874,191
Receivables according to the progress of construction	133		
contracts	134		
Short-term loan receivables			
6. Other short-term receivables	135		
	136	2,885,395,518	6,037,641,322
7. Provision for short-term doubtful debts (*)	137	-18,556,412,383	-17,828,169,880
8. Shortage of assets awaiting resolution	139		5,476,818
IV. Inventories	140	246,110,625,830	206,304,209,163
1. Inventories	141	257,935,988,964	214,340,125,656
2. Provision for devaluation of inventories (*)	149	-11,825,363,134	-8,035,916,493
V. Other short-term assets	150	28,263,210,888	18,632,275,397
Short-term prepaid expenses	151	1,131,023,586	1,517,548,900
2. Deductible VAT	152	26,353,738,609	16,455,096,985
3. Taxes and other receivables from the State budget	153	778,448,693	659,629,512
4. Purchase and resale of the Government bonds	154	0, . 10,055	039,029,312
5. Other current assets	155		
B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200	56,504,354,426	62,866,750,530
I. Long-term receivables	210	869,886,914	1,453,750,000
1. Long-term trade receivables	211	007,000,714	1,455,750,000
Long-term prepayments to suppliers	212		
6. Other long-term receivables	216	869,886,914	1 452 750 000
II. Fixed assets	220	27,697,803,135	1,453,750,000
1. Tangible fixed assets	221	21,909,309,061	31,533,156,929
- Historical cost	222	152,694,549,867	25,274,447,358
- Accumulated depreciation (*)	223	-130,785,240,806	152,891,133,550
2. Finance lease fixed assets	224	1,181,417,642	-127,616,686,192
- Historical cost	225	2,974,198,190	1,478,837,450
- Accumulated depreciation (*)	226	THE RESIDENCE OF THE PARTY OF T	2,974,198,190
3. Intangible fixed assets	227	-1,792,780,548	-1,495,360,740
- Historical cost	228	4,607,076,432	4,779,872,121
- Accumulated amortization (*)	229	9,261,423,802	9,261,423,802
III. Investment properties	230	-4,654,347,370	-4,481,551,681
- Historical costs	231	178,833,995	288,595,761
- Accumulated depreciation (*)	232	1,980,025,350	1,838,356,870
IV. Long-term assets in progress		-1,801,191,355	-1,549,761,109
1. Long-term work in progress	240	4,873,604,417	4,873,604,417
2. Construction in progress	241	4.070 (04.447	
V. Long-term investments	242	4,873,604,417	4,873,604,417
VI. Other long-term assets	250	22 004	
Long-term prepaid expenses	260	22,884,225,965	24,717,643,423
2. Deferred income tax assets	261	14,249,580,397	13,583,757,547
3. Long-term equipment, supplies and spare parts	262	8,634,645,568	11,133,885,876
4. Other long-term assets	263		
FOTAL ASSETS	268		
OTAL ASSETS	270	481,765,679,123	531,539,797,951

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION As at 31 December 2024 (Continued)

			Unit: Viet Nam Dong
CAPITAL	Code	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
C. LIABILITIES	300	363,019,793,329	360,576,581,668
I. Current liabilities	310	356,341,359,531	352,261,852,922
Short-term trade payables	311	200,004,754,974	186,585,958,947
2. Short-term prepayments from customers	312	345,406,885	913,401,093
3. Taxes and other payables to State budget	313	7,347,218,882	8,209,698,709
4. Payables to employees	314	7,149,261,154	8,524,620,145
5. Short-term accrued expenses	315	4,852,078,703	8,390,390,940
6. Short-term intra-company payables	316		
7. Payables according to the progress of construction	317		
8. Short-term unearned revenue	318		61,687,501
9. Other short-term payables	319	12,802,649,742	23,305,151,096
10. Short-term borrowings and finance lease	320	123,758,110,782	116,210,062,434
11. Provisions for short-term payables	321	0	
12. Bonus and welfare fund	322	81,878,409	60,882,057
II. Non-current liabilities	330	6,678,433,798	8,314,728,746
6. Long-term unearned revenue	336		
7. Other long-term payables	337	1,316,854,000	1,602,854,000
8. Long-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities	338	348,285,000	1,698,579,948
11. Deferred income tax liabilities	341	5,013,294,798	5,013,294,798
D. OWNER'S EQUITY	400	118,745,885,794	170,963,216,283
I. Owner's equity	410	118,745,885,794	170,963,216,283
1. Contributed capital	411	105,300,000,000	105,300,000,000
2. Share Premium	412	782,715,818	782,715,818
7. Exchange rate differences	417	10,236,749,490	14,149,002,516
8. Development and investment funds	418	62,595,463,630	62,487,685,785
11. Retained earnings	421	-70,798,346,046	-22,297,069,372
Retained earnings accumulated till the end of the	421a		
previous period		-23,102,710,428	11,264,950,822
Retained earnings of the current period	421b	-47,695,635,618	-33,562,020,194
12. Capital expenditure fund	422		
13. Non – Controlling Interests	429	10,629,302,902	10,540,881,536
II. Non-business funds and other funds	430		
TOTAL CAPITAL	440	481,765,679,123	531,539,797,951

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 January 2025

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Dinh Hoang Phat

Phung Thai Phuong Trang

DIRECTOR

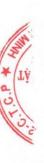
CÔNG TY

CỔ PHẨN

BẢO VỆ THỰC TẬT

SÀI GỚN

Nguyễn Quốc Dũng



Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF INCOME For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

				Cumulative from the beginning of the year to	ginning of the year to
		QUARTER 4	4	the end of the quarter	ne quarter
2000	ITEMS	Note		From 01.01.2024 to	From 01.01.2023 to
Cone		Year 2024	Year 2023	31.12.2024	31.12.2023
		107 877 407 955	337.814.942.140	885,526,761,432	1,062,361,690,247
1	1. Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	95 995 008 01	1,890,678,986	31,265,196,294	14,351,008,644
7	2. Revenue deductions	-	335,924,263,154	854,261,565,138	1,048,010,681,603
10	3. Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	25 145 141 786.003	263,645,444,528	706,104,552,382	889,540,379,101
=	4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered		72,278,818,626	148,157,012,756	158,470,302,502
20	5. Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services	1 255 485 617	4,934,344,036	11,707,380,920	12,499,866,536
21	6. Financial income		10,741,284,715	53,471,815,166	53,358,428,356
22	7. Financial expense		2,458,181,210	8,704,816,633	13,222,120,755
23	In which: Interest expense	1,774,511,111	0		0
24	Share of joint ventures and associates' profit or loss		44 430 714 638	127.221.620.742	130,266,305,821
25	9. Selling expense	4	8 573 934 730	26,326,986,884	29,060,515,187
26	10. General and administrative expense	30 5,091,702,430	13 467,228,579	(47,156,029,116)	(41,715,080,326)
30	11. Net profit from operating activities	21 003 081 008	1,291,128,314	5,136,628,891	5,033,813,248
31	12. Other income	57 600 726	424,512,947	877,451,512	1,821,963,684
32	13. Other expense		866,615,367	4,259,177,379	3,211,849,564
40	14. Other profit	202,200,004	14,333,843,946	(42,896,851,737)	(38,503,230,762)
20	15. Total net profit before tax	22 419 331 334	1,648,808,036	3,284,657,128	4,195,068,524
51	Current corporate income tax expense		(10,600,808,618)	1,514,126,753	(9,563,252,601)
52	17. Deferred corporate income tax expense	(77 135 832.606)	23,285,844,528	(47,695,635,618)	(33,135,046,685)
09	18. Profit after corporate income tax	(23 387 136.573)	23,260,260,445	(48,049,474,136)	(33,481,640,682)
19	19. Profit after tax attributable to owners of the parent	55.534.936	25,584,083	353,838,518	346,593,997
62	20. Profit after tax attributable to non-controlling interest	(2,221)	2,209	(4,563)	(3,180)
2	21. Basic earnings per share				1
11	22. Diluted earnings per share			Ho Chi Mir	Ho Chi Minh City, 25 January 2025
				3000	

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Phung Thai Phuong Trang

Dinh Hoang Phat

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

(Direct method)

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

TOTAL CO.	Code	Cumulative from	Cumulative from
TEMS		01/01/2024 to 31/12/2024	01/01/2023 to 31/12/2023
L CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from sales of goods and rendering of services and other revenues	01	1,242,964,308,706	1,348,555,118,615
2. Cash paid to suppliers	02	(1,069,979,322,988)	(1,073,222,310,827)
Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to employees	03	(73,460,689,176)	(68,631,197,444)
	04	(9,036,984,733)	(13,357,913,694)
4. Interests paid	05	(4,585,800,645)	(6,883,254,911)
Corporate income tax paid Other receipts from operating activities	06	25,941,427,564	25,313,143,536
500 C TO	07	(91,970,807,786)	(112,762,215,177)
7. Other payments on operating activities	20	19,872,130,942	99,011,370,098
Net cash flow from operating activities II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Purchase or construction of fixed assets and other long-term assets	21	(263,000,000)	(3,320,993,086)
Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets	22	185,800,000	854,018,326
Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets and other long-term assets Loans and purchase of debt instruments from other entities	23		
Collection of loans and resale of debt instrument of other entities	24		
	25		
5. Equity investments in other entities	26		
6. Proceeds from equity investment in other entities	27	46,590,299	853,308,65
7. Interest and dividend received	30	(30,609,701)	(1,613,666,109
Net cash flow from investing activities III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
	31		
Proceeds from issuance of shares and receipt of contributed capital	32		
2. Repayment of capital contributions and repurchase of stock issued	33	464,895,641,783	515,238,594,07
3. Proceeds from borrowings	34	(492,510,178,723	(593,654,032,693
4. Repayment of principal	35	(449,151,408	(565,763,856
5. Repayment of financial principal	36	(7,487,010,376	(11,915,294,06
6. Dividends and profits paid to owners	40	(35,550,698,724	(90,896,496,53
Net cash flow from financing activities	50	(15,709,177,483	
Net cash flows in the period	60	24,814,475,638	
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the period	61	2,897,636,312	
Effect of exchange rate fluctuations Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the period	70	12,002,934,467	

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 January 2025

PREPARER

Dinh Hoang Phat

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Phung Thai Phuong Trang

CÓ PHÁN CO BÁO VỆ THỰC VẠT SÁI GÓN

30063 DIRECTOR

Och Quốc Dũng

BAO

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

0632

I. GENERAL INFORMATION OF THE COMPANY

1. Form of ownership

Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company was established and operated under the Joint Stock Company Enterprise Registration Certificate No. 0300632232 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City for the first time on June 14, 2008, registered for the ninth change on September 13, 2023.

The Company's head office is located at: Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, Ho Chi Minh City.

The registered charter capital of the Company is VND 105,300,000,000, the actual charter capital contributed as of December 31, 2024 is VND 105,300,000,000; equivalent to 10,530,000 shares, the par value of one share is VND 10,000.

2. Business field Manufacturing and Commercial Trading

3. Business activities

Main business activities of the Company include:

- Manufacturing of pesticides and other chemical products used in agriculture
- Trading of chemicals (except highly toxic chemicals);
- Trading of fertilizers, veterinary drugs for aquatic animals, and plant protection drugs.

4. Normal business and production cycle:

The company's production and business cycle extends throughout 12 months, consistent with the standard fiscal year, beginning from January 01 to December 31.

5. The number of employees of the Company as at 31 December 2024 is: 399 employees

6. Corporate structure

Total number of subsidiaries:

- Number of consolidated subsidiaries: 02 subsidiaries.

List of consolidated subsidiaries:

As at 31 December 2024, the company has two (02) directly owned subsidiaries as follows:

Company Name and Address:	Main Activities	Capital Contribution Ratio	Ownership Ratio	Voting Ratio
Saigon-Lao Plant Protection Sole Co.Ltd	Trading of plant protection products	100%	100%	100%
Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company (Cambodia)	Trading of plant protection products	100%	100%	100%
Moc Hoa Joint Stock Trading Company	Export labor supply, trade brokerage,trading of agricultural product, fertilizers, and plant protection products.	61.74%	61.74%	61.74%

List of affiliated units without legal status and dependent accounting

Branch	Address	Business activities
- Ha Noi	Ha Noi	Trading of plant protection products
- Nghe An	Nghe An	Trading of plant protection products
- DakLak	Đak Lak	Trading of plant protection products
- Gia Lai	Gia Lai	Trading of plant protection products
- Dong Nai	Dong Nai	Trading of plant protection products
- Plant Protection Service Station	Ho Chi Minh	Trading of plant protection products
- Vinh Long	Can Tho	Trading of plant protection products
- Can Tho	Vinh Long	Trading of plant protection products
- Saigon Plant Protection Enterprise	Ho Chi Minh	Trading of plant protection products
- Myanmar	Yangon - Myanmar	Trading of plant protection products

II. ACCOUNTING PERIOD AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

- Annual accounting period commences from 1 January and ends as at 31 December.
- 2. The Company maintains its accounting records in Vietnam Dong (VND).

III. STANDARDS AND APPLICABLE ACCOUNTING POLICIES

1. Applicable Accounting System

The Company applies the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System as guided by Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance of Vietnam on December 22, 2014, replacing the Corporate Accounting System promulgated under Decision No. 15/2006/QD-BTC dated March 20, 2006, and Circular No. 244/2009/TT-BTC dated December 31, 2009, issued by the Ministry of Finance.

The Company applies Circular No. 202/2014/TT-BTC ("Circular 202") issued by the Ministry of Finance of Vietnam on December 22, 2014, which guides the preparation and presentation of consolidated financial statements. Circular 202 replaces the previous guidance in Section XIII of Circular No. 161/2007/TT-BTC issued on December 31, 2007, by the Ministry of Finance.

2. Statement of Compliance with Accounting Standards and Regulations

We have prepared and presented the consolidated financial statements by Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System, and applicable legal regulations. The consolidated financial statements present a true and fair view of the consolidated financial position, consolidated operating results, and cash flows of the Company.

The selection of data and information disclosed in the Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements has been made based on the materiality principle as prescribed in Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 21, "Presentation of Financial Statements."

IV. ACCOUNTING SYSTEM AND ACCOUNTING POLICY

1. Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries for the reporting period from January 1, 2024, to December 312-2024.

Subsidiaries are fully consolidated from the acquisition date, which is the date the Company obtains control over the subsidiaries, and cease to be consolidated from the date the Company loses control over the subsidiaries.

The financial statements of subsidiaries are prepared for the same reporting period as the Company, by consistent accounting policies. Adjusting journal entries are made of any differences in accounting policies to ensure uniformity between the subsidiaries and the Company.

All intercompany balances within the Group and intercompany revenues, income, and expenses arising from transactions within the Group, including unrealized profits from intercompany transactions embedded in asset values, are fully eliminated.

Unrealized losses arising from intercompany transactions reflected in asset values are also eliminated unless the costs causing the loss are not recoverable.

The interests of non-controlling shareholders represent their share in the profit or loss and in the net assets of subsidiaries not held by the Company, presented separately in the Consolidated Income Statement and disclosed separately from the Company's equity in the Consolidated Balance Sheet under equity.

Losses incurred by subsidiaries are allocated to non-controlling shareholders in proportion to their ownership, even if such losses exceed the non-controlling shareholders' share in the subsidiary's net assets.

Goodwill (or gain from bargain purchase) arising from the acquisition of a subsidiary is the difference between the investment cost and the fair value of identifiable net assets of the subsidiary at the acquisition date. Goodwill is amortized over its estimated useful life, not exceeding 10 years. The Company periodically reviews goodwill for impairment, and if evidence suggests that the impairment exceeds the annual amortization, the impairment is recognized in full in the year it occurs.

Changes in Ownership Interest in a Subsidiary

* When the Company continues to invest in a subsidiary to increase its ownership interest, the difference between the cost of the additional investment and the carrying value of the subsidiary's net assets acquired is recognized directly in retained earnings in the Consolidated Balance Sheet.

2. Foreign Exchange Rates Applied in Accounting

The Company translates foreign currencies into Vietnam Dong based on the actual transaction exchange rate and the exchange rate recorded in the accounting books.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand, demand deposits and monetary gold held as a reserve asset, exclusive of gold classified as inventories and used as raw materials for production of goods for sale.

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Cash equivalents are short-term investments with the maturity of not over than 3 months from the date of investment, that are highly liquid and readily convertible into known amount of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of conversion into cash.

4. Financial investments

Investments held to maturity include: term deposits, preferred shares of the obligated issuer

Investments held to maturity include: term bank deposits, issuer-preferred shares that are required to be redeemed at a certain time in the future, loans held to maturity for the purpose of earning annual interest, and other investments held to maturity.

Investments held to maturity are initially recorded at the original price including the purchase price and the costs associated with the purchase of investments. After the initial record, if the law has not made a provision for bad debts, these investments are assessed according to the recoverable value. When there is solid evidence that part or all of the investment may not be recovered, the loss amount shall be recorded in the financial expenses of the year and the decrease in the value of the investment shall be recorded.

Investments in associated companies

An investment in an associated company is recognized when the Company holds between 20% and less than 50% of the voting rights of the invested companies, has significant influence, but does not hold control in financial policy decisions and operations in these companies. Investments in the associated company are reflected on the consolidated financial statements according to the equity method.

According to the equity method, the initial capital contributions are recorded at the original price, then adjusted according to the changes in the capital contributor's ownership in the net assets of the Associated Company after purchase. The consolidated statement reflects the Company's ownership in the results of business operations of the Associated Company after the purchase into a separate indicator.

The Associated Company's financial statements are prepared in the same fiscal year as the Company's financial statements and use consistent accounting policies. Appropriate consolidated adjustments have been made to ensure accounting policies are applied consistently with the Company where necessary.

5. Receivables

The receivables shall be recorded in details in terms of due date, entities receivable, types of currency and other factors according to requirements for management of the Company. The receivables shall be classified into short-term receivables or long-term receivables on the interim Separate financial statements according to their remaining terms at the reporting date.

The provision for doubtful debts is made for receivables that are overdue under an economic contract, a loan agreement, a contractual commitment of a promissory note and for receivables that are not due but difficult to be recovered. Accordingly, the provisions for overdue debts shall be based on the due date stipulated in the initial sale contract, exclusive of the debt rescheduling between contracting parties and the case where the debts are not due but the debtor is in bankruptcy, in dissolution, or missing and making fleeing or estimating the possible losses.

6. Inventories

Inventory is recorded at the original price (-) minus the provision for discounts and provisions for obsolete and lost inventory substance.

The original price of the inventory is determined as follows:

- Raw materials, materials and goods: including purchase prices, transportation costs and other directly related costs incurred to obtain inventory at the current location and state.
- Finished products: including the costs of raw materials, direct labor, and related general production costs allocated based on primary labor costs.

Method of calculating inventory value: According to the weighted average price.

Inventory accounting: Regular declaration method.

Method of making provisions for inventory price reduction: Provisions for inventories are set aside when the net realizable value of inventories is less than the original price. The net achievable value is the estimated selling price minus the estimated cost to complete the product and the estimated cost of sales. Inventory depreciation provisions are the difference between the original price of inventory and its net realizable value. Provisions for inventory price reduction shall be made for each inventory item whose original price is greater than the net realizable value.

7. Fixed assets and depreciation of fixed assets (fixed assets):

7.1. Principles for recording tangible fixed assets:

Tangible fixed assets are recorded at historical cost minus (-) the accumulated depreciation value. Historical cost is the total cost that an enterprise must incur to acquire a fixed asset when it is placed in a state of readiness for use as expected. Expenses incurred after initial recognition shall be recorded as an increase in the historical cost of a fixed asset only if these expenses are certain to enhance future economic benefits from the use of such assets. Expenses not satisfying the above conditions are recorded as expenses in the period.

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When a fixed asset is sold or liquidated, the historical cost and accumulated depreciation are wiped out, and any gains or losses arising from the liquidation are included in the year's income or expenses.

Determining the historical cost in each case

Tangible fixed assets

The historical cost of a fixed asset includes the purchase price (minus (-) commercially discounted or discounted amounts), taxes (excluding refundable taxes), and costs directly related to putting the asset ready for use, such as installation costs, test runs, expert services, and other directly related costs.

Fixed assets are formed as a result of construction investment through contracting; the historical cost includes the settlement price of the construction investment work, other directly related expenses, and any registration fees.

Fixed assets are houses and architectural objects associated with land use rights. The value of land use rights is determined separately and recorded as intangible fixed assets.

7.2. Principles for recording tangible fixed assets:

Intangible fixed assets are recorded at historical cost minus (-) the accumulated wear and tear value. The historical cost of intangible fixed assets is the total cost that an enterprise must incur to obtain intangible fixed assets until the time of putting such assets into use as expected.

Determining the historical cost in each case

Intangible fixed assets

The historical cost of a separately purchased intangible fixed asset includes the purchase price ((-) minus commercial discounts), taxes (excluding refundable taxes), and expenses directly related to preparing the asset for use. When the land use right is purchased together with houses and architectural objects on the land, the value of the land use right is determined separately and recorded as an intangible fixed asset.

Intangible fixed assets are land use rights.

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets that are land use rights is the amount of money paid when receiving the lawful transfer of land use rights from other persons, expenses for compensation, site clearance, ground leveling, registration fees, etc.

Computer software

Computer software means all costs incurred by the Company up to the time of putting the software into use.

Intangible fixed assets created from within the enterprise

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets generated from within the enterprise includes all costs incurred when the intangible asset meets the definition and standards for recording intangible fixed assets until the asset is used.

7.3. Principles for recording financial leased fixed assets:

Principles for recording financial leased fixed assets: Fixed assets leased through finance are stated at historical cost minus accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of a financial lease fixed asset is the lower amount between the fair value of the leased asset at the beginning of the lease contract and the present value of the minimum rent payment, plus the direct costs originally incurred in connection with the financial lease activity.

7.4. Depreciation Methods for Fixed Assets

Fixed assets are depreciated in a straight-line method based on their estimated useful life, which is the time during which the asset is promoted for production and business.

The estimated useful life of fixed assets is as follows:

- Factories and architectural objects	05 - 25 years
- Machinery and equipment	03 - 10 years
- Means of transport	05 - 09 years
- Management equipment and instruments	03 - 08 years
- Other tangible fixed assets	03 years
- Other intangible fixed assets	03 years
- Land use rights	50 years
- Computer software	03 years

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

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8. Construction in progress

The cost of construction in progress is recorded at the original price. This expense includes all expenses necessary for the procurement of new fixed assets, new construction or repair, renovation, expansion, or technical re-equipment of the work such as Construction costs; and land use rights.

This cost is carried forward to record an increase in assets when the work is completed, the overall acceptance test has been completed, and the assets are handed over and put into a state of readiness for use.

9. Investment properties

Principle of recognition of real investment estate: recorded at historical cost minus (-) the accumulated depreciation value.

The historical cost of investment real estate: the total cost in cash or cash equivalents that the enterprise must spend, or the reasonable value of the amounts given in exchange to obtain the investment real estate, up to the time of purchase or the complete construction of that property.

The historical cost of the purchased investment real estate includes the purchase price and directly related costs, such as fees for consulting services on related laws, registration taxes, and other associated expenses.

The historical cost of self-built investment real estate is the actual cost and directly related costs of the investment real estate as of the date of completion of the work.

Expenses related to investment real estate, incurred after initial recognition, are recorded as business expenses in the period unless these expenses are likely to enable the investment real estate to generate more economic benefits in the future than the activity level initially assessed. Then, an increase in the historical cost of investment real estate will be recorded.

When investment real estate is sold, the historical cost and accumulated depreciation are written off, and any profit or loss incurred is accounted for in income or expenses for the year.

Depreciation method of investment real estate: Depreciation is recorded using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the investment real estate on the estimated useful life of the investment real estate.

The estimated useful life of investment properties is as follows:

- Buildings, structures

10 years

The company does not deduct depreciation for investment real estate held pending a price increase. In case there is solid evidence that the investment real estate has the depreciated compared to the market value and the discount is reliably determined, the company shall assess the reduction in the historical cost of the investment real estate and record the loss in the cost of goods sold. When the investment in real estate increases again, the company will make a maximum return equal to the previously recorded decrease.

10. Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses at the company include actual expenses incurred that are related to the business results of many accounting periods. The company's prepaid expenses include the following: expenses for purchasing insurance (fire insurance, property insurance, etc.); tools; expenses for repairing fixed assets; prepaid land rent; warehouse rent; computer software costs; and other expenses.

Prepaid cost allocation method: The calculation and allocation of prepaid costs to business operating expenses for each period is done according to the straight-line method. Based on the nature and extent of each type of expense, the allocation time is as follows: short-term prepaid expenses are allocated within 12 months; long-term prepaid expenses are allocated from 12 to 36 months. In particular, the prepaid land rent is allocated to the cost according to the straight-line method corresponding to the lease period (44 years).

11. Payables

The payables shall be recorded in detail in terms of due date, entities payable, types of currency, and other factors according to the requirements for management of the Company. The payables shall be classified into short-term payables or long-term payables on the interim separate financial statements according to their remaining terms at the reporting date.

12. Borrowings and finance lease liabilities

The value of finance lease liabilities is recognized at the payable amount equal to the present value of minimum lease payments or the fair value of leased assets.

Borrowings and finance lease liabilities shall be recorded in details in terms of lending entities, loan agreement and terms of borrowings and finance lease liabilities. In case of borrowings or liabilities denominated in foreign currency, they shall be recorded in details in terms of types of currency.

13. Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs are recognized as operating expenses in the period, in which it is incurred excepting those which are directly attributable to the construction or production of a qualifying asset are capitalized as part of the cost of that asset in accordance with VAS No. 16 "Borrowing costs". Besides, regarding borrowings serving the construction of fixed assets and investment properties, the interests shall be capitalized even when the construction duration is under 12 months.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

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14. Accrued expenses

Expenses to be paid include interest expenses and promotional discount expenses incurred in the reporting period that have not yet been paid. These costs are recorded based on reasonable estimates of the amounts to be paid under the company's contracts, agreements, and promotional notices.

15. Provision for payables

Provision for payables is only recognized when meeting all of the following conditions:

- The Company has a present debt obligation (legal obligation or joint obligation) as a result of past events;
- The decrease in economic benefits may probably lead to the requirement for debt settlement;
- Debt obligation can be estimated reliably

The value recorded as a provision for payables is the most reasonably estimated amount required to settle the current debt obligation at the end of the accounting period.

Only expenses related to the previously recorded provision for payables shall be offset by that provision for payables.

Provisions for payables are recorded as operating expenses of the accounting period. In case a provision made for the previous accounting period but not used up exceeds the one made for the current accounting period, the difference is recorded as a decrease in operating expenses. The excess of the provision for payables relating to construction warranty is recorded as other income in the period.

The Company's payable provisions include provisions for the treatment of expired pesticide chemicals.

16. Owner's equity

Owner's equity is stated at actually contributed capital of owners.

Share premium is recorded at the difference between the par value with costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares and issue price of shares (including the case of reissuing treasury shares) and can be a positive premium (if the issue price is higher than par value and costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares) or negative premium (if the issue price is lower than par value and costs directly attributable to the issuance of shares).

Retained earnings are used to present the Company's operating results (profit, loss) after corporate income tax and profits appropriation or loss handling of the Company.

Dividends to be paid to shareholders are recognised as a payable in Statement of Financial position after the announcement of dividend payment from the Board of Management and announcement of cut-off date for dividend payment of Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation.

Owner's equity is stated at actually contributed capital of owners.

Net profit is the profit from the Company's business activities after deducting (-) adjusted items due to applying a change in accounting policy retrospectively or making a retrospective restatement to correct material misstatements in previous periods. Net profit is distributed in accordance with regulations of competent authorities.

17. Revenue

Principles and methods of recording sales revenue

Sales revenue is recorded when the following five conditions are satisfied simultaneously: 1. The enterprise has transferred most of the risks and benefits associated with the ownership of the product or goods to the buyer; 2. The enterprise no longer holds the right to manage the goods as the owner or the right to control them; 3. Revenue is determined with reasonable certainty. When the contract stipulates that the buyer is entitled to return the purchased products and goods under specific conditions, the enterprise may only record revenue when such specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer is not entitled to return the product or goods (except in the case of a return in the form of an exchange for other goods or services); 4. The enterprise has obtained or will obtain economic benefits from the sale transaction; 5. Identifies expenses related to sales transactions.

Principles of revenue recognition for the sale of goods and the provision of services under the program for traditional customers

Revenue is the total amount of money receivable or collected minus the fair value of goods and services that must be provided free of charge or the amount that must be discounted to buyers. The value of goods and services that must be provided free of charge or the amount that must be discounted to buyers is recorded as unrealized revenue.

Upon the program's term expiration, if the buyer fails to meet the prescribed conditions and is not entitled to free goods, services, or discounts, the unrealized revenue shall be recorded as revenue from sales and the provision of services.

When the buyer meets the conditions prescribed by the program, the unrealized revenue is recorded as revenue from sales and the provision of services when the buyer has received free goods, services, or discounts according to the program's provisions.

Principles and methods of recording revenue from financial activities

Financial incomes, including income from assets yielding interest, royalties, dividends, and other financial gains by the company, shall be recognized when the two conditions are satisfied: (1) It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the company; (2) The amount of the revenue can be measured reliably.

- Interest is recorded based on the time and the actual interest rate for each period.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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- Dividends and profits are recorded when shareholders are entitled to receive dividends or when capital contributors are entitled to receive profits from capital contributions.

Principles for recording revenue deductions

Deductions from sales and service provision arising in the period include: discounts on goods sold and returned goods.

Discounts on sold goods and returned goods arising in the same period of consumption of products and services shall be adjusted to reduce the revenue of the current period. In cases where products, goods, and services have been consumed from previous periods or the next period before revenue deductions arise, the revenue reduction shall be recorded according to the principle: if they arise before the issuance of the separate financial statements, the decrease in revenue shall be recorded in the separate financial statements of the reporting period (previous period). If incurred after the issuance of the separate financial statements, the decrease in revenue of the current period (next period) shall be recorded.

18. Cost of goods sold

The cost of goods sold is the total cost incurred for finished products, goods, and supplies sold to customers, recorded by the revenue generated in the period while ensuring compliance with the prudential principle. Cases of loss of materials and goods above norms, expenses exceeding normal standards, and lost inventories after deducting the responsibilities of relevant collectives and individuals,... are fully and promptly recorded in the cost of goods sold for the period.

19. Financial expenses

Items recorded into financial expenses comprise:

- Expenses or losses relating to financial investment activities;
- Borrowing costs;
- Losses from the disposal and transfer of short-term securities, transaction cost of selling securities;
- Provision for diminution in value of trading securities price; provision for losses from investment in other entities, losses from sale of foreign currency, exchange losses.

The above items are recorded by the total amount arising in the period without offsetting against financial income.

20. Corporate income tax

a) Deferred income tax asset and Deferred income tax liability

Deferred income tax asset is recognized for deductible temporary differences and the carrying forward of unused tax losses and unused tax credits. Deferred income tax liability is recognized for taxable temporary differences.

Deferred income tax asset and Deferred income tax liability are determined based on prevailing corporate income tax rate /or corporate income tax rate which is estimated to change in the future (due to the deferred income tax asset or deferred income tax liability being reversed when the new tax rates have been enacted), tax rates and tax laws enacted at the end of accounting period.

Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit in future will be available against which the deductible temporary difference can be utilised. Deferred tax assets are recorded a decrease to the extent that it is not sure taxable economic benefits will be usable.

Deferred income tax asset and Deferred income tax liability shall be offset against each other when preparing the Statement of Financial position.

b) Current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses

Current corporate income tax expenses are determined based on taxable income during the period and current corporate income tax rate.

Deferred corporate income tax expenses are determined based on deductible temporary differences, the taxable temporary differences and corporate income tax rate.

Current corporate income tax expenses and deferred corporate income tax expenses are not offset against each other.

c) Current corporate income tax rate:

The company is subject to a corporate income tax rate of 20% for production and business activities with income subject to corporate income tax for the fiscal year ending December 31, 2024.

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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

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21. Earning per share

Earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the common shareholders of the Company, after deducting the allocated bonus and welfare fund for the period, by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the year.

Diluted earnings per share are calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to the common shareholders of the Company (after adjusting for dividends on convertible preferred shares) by the weighted average number of common shares outstanding during the period and the weighted average number of common shares that would be issued if all potentially dilutive common shares were converted into common shares.

22. Financial Instruments:

Initial Recognition:

Financial Assets

According to Circular No. 210/2009/TT-BTC dated November 6, 2009, ("Circular 210"), financial assets are appropriately classified, for financial statement disclosure, into financial assets at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables, held-to-maturity investments, and available-for-sale financial assets. The Company decides on the classification of these financial assets at the time of initial recognition.

At the time of initial recognition, financial assets are measured at cost, plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial assets include cash and short-term deposits, receivables from customers and other receivables, and listed financial instruments.

Financial Liabilities

Financial liabilities, within the scope of Circular 210, for financial statement disclosure, are classified appropriately into financial liabilities at fair value through profit or loss, and financial liabilities at amortized cost. The Company determines the classification of financial liabilities at the time of initial recognition.

All financial liabilities are initially recognized at cost, plus any directly attributable transaction costs.

The Company's financial liabilities include payables to suppliers, other payables, debts, and loans.

Subsequent Measurement

Currently, there is no requirement to remeasure financial instruments after initial recognition.

Offsetting Financial Instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is presented in the financial statements if, and only if, the entity has a legally enforceable right to offset the recognized amounts and intends to settle them on a net basis or to realize the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

23. Related Parties

Related parties are businesses or individuals, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, who have control or are controlled by the Company. Affiliates, individuals who directly or indirectly hold voting rights and have significant influence over the Company, key management personnel such as the Board of Directors, their close family members, or companies affiliated with these individuals are also considered related parties. In considering each relationship between related parties, the substance of the relationship, rather than its legal form, is emphasized.

24. Assets, Revenues, and Consolidated Results

Business segments include segments by business activities and segments by geographical areas.

A business segment is a distinguishable component of the Company engaged in producing or providing products or services, or a group of related products or services that are subject to risks and rewards that are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment is a distinguishable component of the Company engaged in producing or providing products or services within a specific economic environment, and whose risks and rewards are different from those of business segments operating in other economic environments.

V. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

1. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
Cash on hand	6,752,934,467	24,814,475,638
Cash	1,382,507,427	4,046,937,642
Demand deposits	5,370,427,040	20,567,537,996
Cash in transit		200,000,000
Cash equivalents	5,250,000,000	-
Time deposits	5,250,000,000	
Total	12,002,934,467	24,814,475,638

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For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

	2.	FINANCIAL	INVEST	CMENTS
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3	TD	DE	REC	CTX7 A	DI	TOC

31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
Value	Provision	Value	Provision
151,946,255,819	(17,703,610,757)	228,935,264,772	(16,969,519,283)
2,099,745,887		6,828,134,917	
1,007,781,518			
5,254,398,014		Eliza Marchael Caraca	
2,465,485,498			
405,119,015			
-			
3,088,789,200			
5,719,415,906			
3,406,780,174	(395,246,803)		(335,387,536)
1,102,264,991	(729,065,480)	-10-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-1-5-	(530,028,097)
2,613,130,000	(1,713,130,000)	NUMBER OF STREET STREET, STREE	(1,713,130,000)
3,275,568,294	(3,275,568,294)	THE PROPERTY SHAPE TO SEE THE PROPERTY OF THE	(3,275,568,294)
3,386,983,683	(3,386,983,683)		(3,389,393,558)
118,120,793,639	(8,203,616,497)		(7,726,011,798)
151,946,255,819	(17,703,610,757)	228,935,264,772	(16,969,519,283)
	Value 151,946,255,819 2,099,745,887 1,007,781,518 5,254,398,014 2,465,485,498 405,119,015 3,088,789,200 5,719,415,906 3,406,780,174 1,102,264,991 2,613,130,000 3,275,568,294 3,386,983,683 118,120,793,639	Value Provision 151,946,255,819 (17,703,610,757) 2,099,745,887 (1,007,781,518) 5,254,398,014 (2,465,485,498) 405,119,015 (395,246,803) 3,406,780,174 (395,246,803) 1,102,264,991 (729,065,480) 2,613,130,000 (1,713,130,000) 3,275,568,294 (3,275,568,294) 3,386,983,683 (3,386,983,683) 118,120,793,639 (8,203,616,497)	Value Provision Value 151,946,255,819 (17,703,610,757) 228,935,264,772 2,099,745,887 6,828,134,917 1,007,781,518 6,853,277,308 5,254,398,014 8,466,831,177 2,723,429,433 1,134,284,540 2,465,485,498 416,360,000 405,119,015 5,514,961,500 3,088,789,200 11,373,969,810 5,719,415,906 17,314,589,632 3,406,780,174 (395,246,803) 5,147,849,881 1,102,264,991 (729,065,480) 1,090,857,812 2,613,130,000 (1,713,130,000) 2,613,130,000 3,275,568,294 3,275,568,294 3,275,568,294 3,386,983,683 (3,386,983,683) 3,389,393,558 118,120,793,639 (8,203,616,497) 139,462,480,088

4. PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

_	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision (AN
a) Short-term	2,609,314,558	(627,748,100)	1,771,874,191	(580,160,000 V
Center for research - Consultation for Pesticide and Fertilizer				
Development	118,000,000		191,500,000	FON
Close Friend Co., Ltd	419,760,000	(419,760,000)	419,760,000	(419,760,00 0) CV
Cong Liem Construction Trading Co., Ltd	136,400,000	(136,400,000)	136,400,000	(136,400,000)
ERP Viet Joint Stock Company			267,775,000	(,,
Tan Toan Thang Business and Construction Joint Stock Company	24,000,000	(24,000,000)	24,000,000	(24,000,000)
Other suppliers	1,911,154,558	(47,588,100)	732,439,191	
Total =	2,609,314,558	(627,748,100)	1,771,874,191	(580,160,000)

5. OTHER RECEIVABLES

7	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Value	Provision	Value	Provision
a) Short-term	2,885,395,518	(225,053,526)	6,037,641,322	(278,490,597)
Receivables from social insurance	49,245,833		48,460,776	,,
Payment discounts	161,230,428			
Office and warehouse rental expenses				
Advances	488,862,117		1,344,805,704	
Deposit money, margin	1,000,000		187,511,914	
Receivables and expenses from the reward and welfare fund			816,679,675	
Binh Duong Nutifood Nutrition Food Joint Stock Company			515,835,922	
Masan Consumer Corporation	365,443,628		220,473,580	
Other Receivables	1,819,613,512	(225,053,526)	2,903,873,751	(278,490,597)
b) Long-term	869,886,914		1,453,750,000	_
Deposit money, margin	869,886,914		1,453,750,000	
Total	3,755,282,432	(225,053,526)	7,491,391,322	(278,490,597)
The state of the s				

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

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6. DOUBTFUL DEBTS	(attach note)
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7		TEN PAIN	FOR	TEC
1.	1177		UK	

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original cost	Provision	Original cost	Provision
Raw materials	69,410,981,445		58,502,393,810	
Tools, supplies	61,851,945		138,445,629	
Work in progress	138,636,148,450			
Finished goods	138,030,148,430		82,900,829	
180	4,894,081,947	(10,747,832,812)	102,445,746,357	(7,358,903,893)
Goods	44,932,925,177	(1,077,530,322)	51,584,796,664	(677,012,600)
- Consignments		-	1,585,842,367	-
Total	257,935,988,964	(11,825,363,134)	214,340,125,656	(8,035,916,493)

8. LONG-TERM ASSET IN PROGRESS

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Original cost	Recoverable value	Original cost	Recoverable value
Construction in progress	4,873,604,417		4,873,604,417	
Long An warehouse project	311,866,029		311,866,029	//
State-serving project with a 7.3 ha area in Kien Tuong	3,931,258,900		3,931,258,900	
Can Tho expansion warehouse project	158,386,306		158,386,306	(=
Major repairs of fixed assets	181,818,182		181,818,182	-
Procurement of fixed assets	290,275,000		290,275,000	
Total	4,873,604,417	-	4,873,604,417	_

9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS (attach note)

10. FINANCE LEASE FIXED ASSETS

	venicles, transportation equipment	Total
Historical cost		*
Beginning balance	2,974,198,190	2,974,198,190
 Purchase of finance lease fixed assets 		2,571,150,150
Ending balance of the period	2,974,198,190	2,974,198,190
Accumulated depreciation		
Beginning balance	1,495,360,740	1,495,360,740
- Depreciation in the period	297,419,808	297,419,808
Ending balance of the period	1,792,780,548	1,792,780,548
Net carrying amount		
Beginning balance	1,478,837,450	1,478,837,450
Ending balance of the period	1,181,417,642	1,181,417,642

11. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Land use rights	Softwar computer	Copyrights and patents	Total
Historical cost		THE PARTY OF THE P		
Beginning balance	7,999,969,934	728,278,868	533,175,000	9,261,423,802
Ending balance of the period	7,999,969,934	728,278,868	533,175,000	9,261,423,802
Accumulated amortization				
Beginning balance	3,252,181,130	696,195,551	533,175,000	4,481,551,681
Amortization in the period	140,712,372	32,083,317		172,795,689
Ending balance of the period	3,392,893,502	728,278,868	533,175,000	4,654,347,370

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

			Uni	it: Viet Nam Dong
Net carrying amount				100
Beginning balance	4,747,788,804	32,083,317		4,779,872,121
Ending balance of the period	4,607,076,432			4,607,076,432
12. INVESTMENT PROPERTIES		199.00.16		
a) Investment properties held for lease (*)				
			Buildings and architectural structures	Total
Historical cost		_		
Beginning balance			1,838,356,870	1,838,356,870
Decrease due to exchange rate differences from financial	l statement conversion		141,668,480	141,668,480
Ending balance of the period		_	1,980,025,350	1,980,025,350
Accumulated depreciation				
Beginning balance		- I	1,549,761,109	1,549,761,109
Depreciation in the period			92,811,307	92,811,307
Exchange rate differences from financial statement conversion	on		158,618,939	158,618,939
Ending balance of the period		_	1,801,191,355	1,801,191,355
Net carrying amount Beginning balance				C
Ending balance of the period			288,595,761	288,595,761
(*) Investment properties held for lease is residential prop	porty leased in Rachiena District Ch	=	178,833,995	178,833,995
	Jerty leaded in Davinerig District, City	тразак г гочнее, 1403.		9
13. PREPAID EXPENSES				in
a) Short-term		_	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
Tool and equipment awaiting allocation			1,131,023,586	1,517,548,900
Fixed asset repair expense			238,768,749	341,229,376
Insurance premiums			122,477,297	
Warehouse rental costs			283,264,504	533,396,486
Others			183,900,789	348,884,602
Olicis			302,612,247	294,038,436
b) Long-term			14,249,580,397	13,583,757,547
Hiep Phuoc land rental cost (*)			12,081,908,711	12,546,597,503
Costs of tool and equipment awaiting allocation			117,562,130	46,374,962
Major repair costs of fixed assets awaiting allocation			1,438,156,258	419,242,846
Land improvement expenses for leased land in Laos			-	146,946,732
Others			611,953,298	424,595,504
Total		_	15,380,603,983	15,101,306,447

^(*) This is the prepaid land rental cost for an area of 42,123 m2 in Lot C1 - C2 in Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Nha Be District, Ho Chi Minh City, under the land use right lease contract No. 80/HDTD.05 dated 27/06/2015, and the Appendix to Contract No. 09 dated 28/07/2008 between Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company and Tan Industrial Development Joint Stock Company. The lease term is 44 years from June 27, 2005.

14. TRADE PAYABLES

	31/12/2024		01/01/2024	
	Outstanding balance	Amount can be paid	Outstanding balance	Amount can be paid
a) Short-term	200,004,754,974	200,004,754,974	186,585,958,947	186,585,958,947
Kolon Global Corporation	16,748,169,480	16,748,169,480	9,033,856,000	9,033,856,000
Eastchem Co., Ltd	25,617,304,845	25,617,304,845	28,959,286,400	28,959,286,400
Shandong Weifang Rainbow Chemical Co., Ltd	11,434,072,500	11,434,072,500	15,882,155,200	15,882,155,200
Jiangsu Sinamyang International Group Co.,Ltd	33,084,941,063	33,084,941,063	49,429,557,314	49,429,557,314
Zhejiang Chemicals Import&Export Corporation	-	-	14,498,489,700	14,498,489,700

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Heranba Industries Limited			Un	it: Viet Nam Dong
6 N (C) 4 X (C) (M) (M) (M) (M) (M) (M) (M) (M) (M) (M			6,043,392,000	6,043,392,000
Binh Duong Nutifood Nutrition Food Joint Stock Company	165,702,434	165,702,434	9,618,113,137	9,618,113,137
Nam Long Phat Production and Trading Company Limited	8,813,149,461	8,813,149,461		POSTANIA PROGRAMMA DE SANCIA DE CANCIA DE CANC
So Pha Packing Plastic Corporation	3,582,983,512	Total Harvara and Annual Control	7,795,741,939	7,795,741,939
Thanh Phat Plastic Packaging Joint Stock Company		3,582,983,512	3,385,263,232	3,385,263,232
Viet Nguyen Chemical Service Trading Company Limited	3,675,083,124	3,675,083,124	3,676,615,812	3,676,615,812
1000 0000000000000000000000000000000000	2,548,127,250	2,548,127,250	2,088,548,650	2,088,548,650
DVL Chemical Company Limited	3,744,180,000	3,744,180,000	7,959,496,600	7,959,496,600
Other payables	90,591,041,305	90,591,041,305	28,215,442,963	
Total	200,004,754,974	200,004,754,974	186,585,958,947	28,215,442,963 186,585,958,947

15. TAX AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE BUDGET (attach note)

16. OTHER PAYABLES

a) Short-term payables	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
a.1) Details by content		
Trade union fee	106,402,458	446,056,500
Social insurance, Health insurance	893,039,876	
Short-term deposits, collateral received	693,039,876	12,684,903 72,800,000
Sales programs	3,092,485,772	1,870,376,312
Payable margin interest	22,444,071	24,282,175
Shipping fee support	29,470,484	77,429,943
Payment discount	88,043,567	52,461,325
Receive exchange for customers	5,888,049,986	9,656,100,125
Dividends or profits payable	1,443,400,283	8,336,209,968
General Materials Biochemistry Fertilizer Joint Stock Company	425,000,000	425,000,000
Viet water production facility	100,642,175	627,044,114
Other payables	713,671,070	1,704,705,731
Total	12,802,649,742	
b) Long-term payables	1,316,854,000	23,305,151,096
Total	1,316,854,000	1,602,854,000

17. OFF STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION ITEMS AND OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENT (attach note)

18. OWNER'S EQUITY

a) Changes in owner's equity (attach note)

b) Details of Contributed capital

	Rate	31/12/2024	01/01/2024
Saigon Agriculture Incorporation	59.33%	62,470,200,000	62,470,200,000
Others	40.67%	42,829,800,000	42,829,800,000
Total	100.00%	105,300,000,000	105,300,000,000

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

	Un	it: Viet Nam Dong
c) Capital transactions with owners and distribution of dividends and profits	Year 2024	Year 2023
Owner's contributed capital	THE SECTION SE	
At the beginning of the period	105,300,000,000	105,300,000,000
Increase in the period	105,300,000,000	105,300,000,000
Decrease in the period		
At the end of the period	105 200 000 000	105 300 000 000
Distributed dividends and profit	105,300,000,000	105,300,000,000
	7,487,010,376	11,915,294,065
d) Share	24.42.224	
	31/12/2024	01/01/202
Quantity of Authorized issuing shares	10,530,000	10,530,00
Quantity of issued shares	10,530,000	10,530,000
Common shares	10,530,000	10,530,00
Quantity of shares repurchased		
Quantity of outstanding shares in circulation	10,530,000	10,530,00
Common shares	10,530,000	10,530,00
Par value per share (VND/share)	10,000	10,00
e) Company's reserves		
	31/12/2024	01/01/20
Development and investment funds (*)	62,595,463,630	62,487,685,78
(*) The development investment fund is set aside from profits after corporate income tax. It is used to	expand the scale of production and bus	62,487,685,78
enterprises in depth.	expand the scale of production and cas	inesses of to myose
D. EXCHANGE DIFFERENCE	V 2024	7/ 20/
Beginning balance	Year 2024 14,149,002,516	Year 202 22,210,648,004
Decreases during the year	(3,912,253,026)	(8,061,645,48
+ Due to the conversion of financial statements prepared in foreign currency to VND	(3,912,253,026)	(8,061,645,486
Total	10,236,749,490	14,149,002,51
D. PROCESSED DOUBTFUL DEBTS		
PROCESSED DOUBTFUL DEBTS	31/12/2024	01/01/20
Hai Anh - Phu Tho Co., Ltd.	5,336,218,777	5,336,218,77
Pham Thu Ha Agent		
	4,587,884,688	4,587,884,68
Phuong Dong's Store	2,316,145,180	2,316,145,18
Other entities	2,006,831,852	2,006,831,85
Total	14,247,080,497	14,247,080,49
I. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION FOR ITEMS PRESENTED IN THE INTERIM CONSOLII TOTAL REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES	DATED STATEMENT OF INCOME	
	Year 2024	Year 20
	885,526,761,432	1,062,361,690,24
		1,062,361,690,24
Revenue from sale of goods Total	885,526,761,432	-,00-,00-,00-,00
Total	Year 2024 31,265,196,294	Year 20

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024		it: Viet Nam Dong
7. SELLING EXPENSES		w. Fict Ham Dong
7. SELLING EAFENSES		
Raw materials	Year 2024	Year 202
Labour expenses	11,732,822,912	13,584,838,017
Depreciation expenses	57,447,971,574	56,741,234,946
Expenses from external services	1,669,368,948	2,355,502,763
Other expenses in cash	16,303,102,662	19,808,639,903
Total	40,068,354,646	37,776,090,192
8. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE	127,221,020,742	130,266,305,821
ADMINISTRATIVE EAPENSE		
Raw materials and Tool and equipment costs	Year 2024	Year 2023
Labour expenses	2,697,646,598	1,494,430,684
•	12,024,355,428	14,439,130,553
Depreciation expenses	409,523,971	452,895,676
Taxes, Fees	509,909,961	775,275,185
Expenses from external services	3,130,798,417	4,286,152,826
Other expenses in cash	5,203,568,461	5,356,270,032
Provision for receivable	2,351,184,048	2,256,360,231
Total	26,326,986,884	29,060,515,187
9. OTHER INCOME		23,000,013,207
	Year 2024	Year 2023
Income from the transfer and disposal of fixed assets	213,909,090	123,465,246
Disposal of surplus inventory from stocktaking		8,040,000
Income from sales discounts, promotions, and sales support	325,656,437	12,310,935
Income from scrap sales	71,932,944	47,897,324
Income from barrel sales	826,407,405	
Warehouse rental income		679,690,234
Sales support and promotional incentives	1,765,927,366	2,520,111,738
Others	613,421,442	389,882,922
Compensation received for damaged goods + inventory reconciliation + disposal of fixed assets	361,579,443	1,252,414,849
Total	957,794,764	
0. OTHER EXPENSES	5,136,628,891	5,033,813,248
	Year 2024	V 2002
Expenses for handling and destroying damaged and inferior products	316,837,028	Year 2023 1,651,610,319
Fines for late payment and administrative violations of taxes	50,562,317	
Loss from liquidation, disposal of fixed assets		5,619,157
Tax Arrears, Penalties, and Late Tax Payment Fees	372,315,113	
Depreciation of fixed assets not used in production	20.72====	900,000
Others	20,627,520	4,387,980
Total	117,109,534 877,451,512	159,446,228 1.821.963.684

877,451,512

1,821,963,684

11. BUSINESS AND PRODUCTIONS COST BY ITEMS

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

32,434,304,625

53,099,650,848

512,055,464,031

	Year 2024	Year 2023
Raw materials	343,425,769,293	333,817,810,066
Labour expenses	94,524,541,920	87,397,453,863
Depreciation expenses	4,553,854,857	5,306,244,629

Expenses from external services

Other expenses in cash

Total

VII. TRANSACTION AND BALANCES WITH RELATED PARTIES
List and relation between related parties and the Company are as follows:

Related parties

Name of organization/individual

Saigon Agriculture Incorporation

Saigon-Lao Plant Protection Sole Co.Ltd Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company (Cambodia)

Moc Hoa Joint Stock Trading Company

Nam Long Phat Co., Ltd

Relationship with the Company

Parent Company Subsidiary Subsidiary

Subsidiary

Member of BOD Huynh Chi Quyen - Mr Huynh Duc's son is Chairman/Director of Nam Long Phat

34,881,301,325

52,561,409,272

529,946,876,667

Nong Phu Co.,Ltd Independent Member of BOD Vo Van Nghi - Director of Nong Phu Co.,Ltd

In addition to the information with related parties presented in the above Notes, during the period, the Company has the transactions with related parties as follows:

Vear 2024	Year 20233001
733,894,483	632,989,585
733,894,483	632,989,585 CO
14,156,997,840	12,317,632,3060 VE
14,156,997,840	12,317,632,306 SÅ]
147,940,769	131,803,487
147,940,769	131,803,487
6,256,770,000	10,653,084,000
6,247,020,000	10,619,934,000
9,750,000	33,150,000
	Year 2024 733,894,483 733,894,483 14,156,997,840 14,156,997,840 147,940,769 147,940,769 6,256,770,000 6,247,020,000

Ho Chi Minh City, 25 January 2025

PREPARER

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Dinh Hoang Phat

Phung Thai Phuong Trang

CONC. THE CLOR

Cổ PHẨN BẢO VỆ THỰC VẬT SẢI GÒN

Hộch Vên Quốc Dũng

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Don

Form: B 09 - DN/HN

V.6. DOUBTFUL DEBTS	31/12	31/12/2024	01/0	01/01/2024
	Original cost	Recoverable value	Recoverable value Recoverable value Recoverable value	Recoverable value
- Total value of receivables and debts that are overdue or not due but difficult				
to be recovered + Long Huy Bao Service - Trading	23,729,682,549	5,173,270,166	23,001,440,046	5,173,270,166
Company Limited	3,275,568,294		3,275,568,294	
+ Nguyen I hanh Hung Agency	3,389,393,558		3,389,393,558	
+ Son United Am Plant Protection Co. Ltd.	1,310,622,033		1,310,622,033	
+ Others	2,613,130,000	900,000,000	2,613,130,000	900,000,000
Cuicis	13,140,968,664	4,273,270,166	12,412,726,161	4 273 270 166



Unit: Viet Nam Dong

Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company
Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

V.9. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

Items	Buildings, structures	Machinery, equipment	Vehicles, transportation	Management tools and	Others	Total
Historical cost			anamata ka	manudinha		
Beginning balance Purchase in the period	66,534,390,555	45,515,898,319	37,494,744,223	2,210,991,546	1,135,108,907	152,891,133,550
Liquidation, disposal Exchange rate diffence due to FS conversion Ending balance of the period	267,424,907 66,801,815,462	(589,006,891) 219,936,818 45,241,828,246	(467,633,745) 14,695,228 37,041,805,706	2.473.991.546	1.135.108.907	538,000,000 (1,056,640,636) 502,056,953
Accumulated depreciation Beginning balance	53.850.537.943	40 264 603 673	20.252.022.210		10/500/500/5	132,074,347,001
Depreciation in the period Liquidation, disposal	1,336,201,223	1,190,986,619	1,376,134,829	2,013,373,450 94,613,183	1,135,108,907	3,997,935,853
Exchange rate diffence due to FS conversion Ending balance of the period	55,186,739,166	121,790,557	52,195,953	2,107,986,633	1.135 108 907	173,986,511
Net carrying amount					10,500,500,50	130,763,240,600
Beginning balance Ending balance of the period	12,683,852,612	5,251,204,646 4,253,364,288	7,141,772,004 5,674,863,564	197,618,096		25,274,447,358



Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC Saigon Plant Protection Joint Stock Company

Form: B 09 - DN/HN

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

V.15. TAX AND OTHER PAYABLES TO THE STATE BUDGET

a. Tax and other payables to the state budget

	01/01/2024	Payables in the period	Actual payment in the	31/12/2024
Value added tox			horrod	
value-auded lay	1,159,099,076	16,601,390,164	17,539,664,408	220.824.832
Domestic Value-added tax	1,144,119,876	3,731,145,106	4,654,440,150	220.824.832
Import Value-added tax	14,979,200	12,870,245,058	12,885,224,258	-
Export, import duties		1,843,198,743	1,843,198,743	
Corporate income tax	1,808,621,559	4,106,114,473	5,463,442,627	451,293,405
Personal income tax	367,007,346	2,736,004,252	2,723,679,957	379 331 641
Land tax and land rental	4,849,542,586	7,162,868,117	5,786,771,379	6.225.639.324
License tax		16,000,000	16,000,000	
Omer taxes	25,428,142	889,762,512	845,060,974	70 129 680
	8,209,698,709	33,355,338,261	34,217,818,088	7.347.218.882

b Tax and other receivables to the state budget

	01/01/2023	Pavables in the	A	
		period	Actual payment in the period	31/12/2023
Value-added tax			116 734 772	CFF 1 CF 311
Corporate income tax	051 120		711,121,011	110,/34,//2
	022,401,130	1		652,461,130
rersonal income tax	7,168,382		2 084 409	0.757.701
	CEO COO E10		2,001,100	161,757,191
	715,670,650		118,819,181	778 448 603
			1016-1-6-	CC0°01100/





Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

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NGS AND FINANCE LEASE LIABILITIES
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7. BORROWINGS A
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	01/01	01/01/2024	During the period	e period	31/12/2024	2024
	Outstanding	Amount can be paid	Increase	Decrease	Outstanding balance	Amount can be paid
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Short-term borrowings						
Short-term debts	113,590,371,026	113,590,371,026	473,454,383,025	463,936,588,217	123,108,165,834	123,108,165,834
- Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural	30,959,705,345	30,959,705,345	115,695,940,993	95,957,410,590	50,698,235,748	50,698,235,748
Development - HCMC Branch						
- Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank For Industry	39,676,011,607	39,676,011,607	110,011,175,830	94,647,935,118	55,039,252,319	55,039,252,319
And Trade - HCMC 1 Branch					300 200	101 170 170 170
- Joint Stock Commerial Bank for Investment and	22,026,384,818	22,026,384,818	38,157,542,881	47,117,462,513	13,066,465,186	13,066,465,186
Development of Vietnam - Sai Gon Branch						
- Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of	•	•	1,734,212,581		1,734,212,581	1,734,212,581
Vietnam - Sai Gon Branch						
- The Siam Commercial Bank Public Company	7,874,453,190	7,874,453,190	25,845,213,966	33,719,667,156	•	
Limited - HCMC Branch			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	100 100 100	000 000 000	1 200 000 000 000
 Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank For Industry 	8,429,858,105	8,429,858,105	147,371,567,656	154,501,425,761	1,300,000,000	1,300,000,000
And Trade - Long An Branch				100	000 000 000	000 000 000 1
- Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of	4,553,957,961	4,553,957,961	34,638,729,118	37,992,687,079	1,200,000,000	1,200,000,000
Vietnam - Long An Branch					000	000 000 01
- Personal Loan	70,000,000	70,000,000			70,000,000	/0,000,000
Current portion of long-term debts	2,619,691,408	2,619,691,408	832,644,948	2,802,391,408	649,944,948	649,944,948
- Vietnam Bank for Agriculture and Rural	1,417,200,000	1,417,200,000	•	1,417,200,000	•	
Development - HCMC Branch						
- Shinhan Bank Vietnam Limited	365,400,000	365,400,000	182,700,000	548,100,000	•	
- Joint Stock Commerial Bank for Investment and	387,940,000	387,940,000	387,940,000	387,940,000	387,940,000	387,940,000
Development of Vietnam - Sai Gon Branch						
- Vietnam International Leasing Co. Ltd.	449,151,408	449,151,408	262,004,948	449,151,408	262,004,948	262,004,948
Total	116,210,062,434	116,210,062,434	474,287,027,973	466,738,979,625	123,758,110,782	123,758,110,782

Quarter 1, Nguyen Van Quy Street, Tan Thuan Dong Ward, District 7, HCMC

NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

		01/01	01/01/2024	During the period	period	31/12/2024	/2024
		Outstanding balance	Amount can be paid	Increase	Decrease	Outstanding balance	Amount can be paid
		VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
	Long-term borrowings						
	Long-term debts	1,436,575,000	1,436,575,000		1,088,290,000	348,285,000	348,285,000
	 Joint Stock Commerial Bank for Investment and Development of Vietnam - Sai Gon Branch (5) 	736,225,000	736,225,000	ı	387,940,000	348,285,000	348,285,000
	Shinhan Bank Vietnam Limited	700,350,000	700,350,000	1	700,350,000		•
I	Long-term finance lease liabilities	262,004,948	262,004,948		262,004,948		
•	· Vietnam International Leasing Co. Ltd. (9)	262,004,948	262,004,948	•	262,004,948		•
	Total	1,698,579,948	1,698,579,948		1,350,294,948	348,285,000	348,285,000



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NOTES TO THE INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the period from 1/1/2024 to 31/12/2024

Unit: Viet Nam Dong

V.18. OWNER'S EQUITY

a. Changes in owner's equity

Items	Contributed capital	Share Premium	Exchange rate diffence	Development and investment funds	Retained Earnings	Non - Controlling Interest	Total
Beginning balance of previous period	105,300,000,000	782,715,818	22,210,648,004	60,123,450,469	41,434,356,894	10,684,188,041	240,535,359,226
- Profit/(loss) for previous period					(33,481,640,682)	346,593,997	(33,135,046,685)
- Dividend payment					(17,901,000,000)	(366,564,000)	(18,267,564,000)
- Remuneration of BoD & BoS					(515,379,512)	(49,820,488)	(565,200,000)
- Advance Remuneration of BoD & BoS							
- Bonus for the Board of Directors							
- Development and investment funds 2023				2,364,235,316	(2,337,847,866)	(26,387,450)	
- Bonus and welfare fund 2023					(6,005,166,869)	(47,128,564)	(6,052,295,433)
- Exchange rate diffence due to FS conversion			(8,061,645,488)				(8,061,645,488)
- Collect taxes arrears					(3,490,391,337)		(3,490,391,337)
- Foreign Dividend Tax							
Ending balance of previous period	105,300,000,000	782,715,818	14,149,002,516	62,487,685,785	(22,297,069,372)	10,540,881,536	170,963,216,283
Beginning balance of current period	105,300,000,000	782,715,818	14,149,002,516	62,487,685,785	(22,297,069,372)	10,540,881,536	170,963,216,283
- Profit/(loss) for previous period					(48,049,474,136)	353,838,518	(47,695,635,618)
- Dividend payment 2023					(226,316,614)	(140,247,386)	(366,564,000)
- Remuneration of BoD & BoS 2023					(83,401,840)	(42,698,160)	(126,100,000)
- Remuneration of BoD & BoS 2024					(0,000,000)		(0,000,000)
- Other reserves					(66,542,042)	(41,235,803)	(107,777,845)
- Bonus and welfare fund				107,777,845	(66,542,042)	(41,235,803)	
- Exchange rate diffence due to FS conversion			(3,912,253,026)				(3,912,253,026)
Ending balance of this period	105,300,000,000	782,715,818	10,236,749,490	62,595,463,630	(70,798,346,046)	10,629,302,902	118,745,885,794

