FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

AUDITORS COPY

Med

SYCOH E/

PTSC THANH HOA TECHNICAL SERVICES COMPANY

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
Corporate information	1
Statement by the Board of Management	2
Independent auditor's report	3
Balance sheet (Form B 01 – DN)	5
Income statement (Form B 02 – DN)	7
Cash flow statement (Form B 03 – DN)	8
Notes to the financial statements (Form B 09 – DN)	9

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Enterprise registration certificate

No. 2801448559 dated 13 November 2009 was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Thanh Hoa Province and the latest 9th amendment dated 21 June 2024.

Board of Directors

Mr. Le Van Nga

Chairman

Mr. Pham Hung Phuong

Member Member

Mr. Tran Xuan Tai Mr. Nguyen Khac Dung

Member

(appointed on 14 June 2024)

Board of Supervision

Mr. Nguyen Minh Tuan

Chief Supervisor

Ms. Nguyen Thi Duyen Mr. Nguyen Thanh Thuan Member Member

Board of Management

Mr. Pham Hung Phuong

Director

Mr. Nguyen Huu Hoan Mr. Vu Van Vuong Deputy Director Deputy Director

(appointed on 6 Sep 2024)

Legal representative

Mr. Pham Hung Phuong

Director

Registered office

Nam Son Village, Nghi Son Commune, Nghi Son Town, Thanh Hoa Province, Vietnam (to 21 June 2024)

No. 268 Tran Nhat Duat, Truc Lam ward, Nghi Son Town,

Thanh Hoa Province, Vietnam (from 21 June 2024)

Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Statement of Responsibility of the Board of Management of the Company in respect of the Financial Statements

The Board of Management of PTSC Thanh Hoa Technical Services Company ("the Company") is responsible for preparing financial statements of the Company which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended. In preparing these financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- · make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and which enable financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the financial statements. The Board of Management is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of frauds or errors.

Approval of the Financial Statements

We hereby, approve the accompanying financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 51 which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Management

CỘNG TY CỔ PHẨN DỊCH VỤ KỸ THUẬT PTSC THANH HÓA

448550

Pham Hung Phuong

Director

Thanh Hoa Province, SR Vietnam 7 March 2025

2



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF PTSC THANH HOA TECHNICAL SERVICES COMPANY

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of PTSC Thanh Hoa Technical Services Company ("the Company") which were prepared on 31 December 2024 and approved by the Board of Management of the Company on 7 March 2025. The financial statements comprise the balance sheet as at 31 December 2024, the income statement and the cash flow statement for the year then ended, and explanatory notes to the financial statements including significant accounting policies, as set out on pages 5 to 51.

The Board of Management's Responsibility

The Board of Management is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these financial statements of the Company in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of financial statements and for such internal control which the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatements, whether due to fraud or errors.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on the financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical standards and requirements and plan and perform the audit in order to obtain reasonable assurance as to whether the financial statements of the Company are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including an assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and true and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the Board of Management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



Auditor's Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024, its financial performance and its cash flows of the Company for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

Other Matter

The independent auditor's report is prepared in Vietnamese and English. Should there be any conflict between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall take precedence.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

CÔNG TY

TNHH

PWC (VIỆT NAM)

T, P HỘ CHÍNH

Luong Thi Anh Tuyet
Audit Practising Licence No.
3048-2024-006-1
Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM16201 Ho Chi Minh City, 7 March 2025 Nguyen Duy Thinh Audit Practising Licence No. 4633-2023-006-1

1 Shows

Form B 01 – DN

BALANCE SHEET

		As at 31 December			
Code	ASSETS	Note	2024 VND	2023 VND	
100	CURRENT ASSETS		502,787,891,019	640,650,494,602	
110 111 112	Cash and cash equivalents Cash Cash equivalents	3	30,893,182,479 29,463,019,979 1,430,162,500	57,691,746,724 47,636,383,593 10,055,363,131	
120 123	Short-term investments Investments held to maturity	4	34,906,152,000 34,906,152,000	34,943,583,505 34,943,583,505	
130 131 132 136 137	Short-term receivables Short-term trade accounts receivable Short-term prepayments to suppliers Other short-term receivables Provision for doubtful debts – short-term		408,695,800,326 340,587,749,813 2,835,092,153 93,138,105,141 (27,865,146,781)	411,873,707,260 355,966,671,128 8,869,179,578 57,695,867,298 (10,658,010,744)	
140	Inventories	0	27,702,990,496	134,510,579,345	
141 150 151 152	Other current assets Short-term prepaid expenses Value added tax ("VAT") to be reclaimed	9 10(a) 16(a)	27,702,990,496 589,765,718 589,765,718	134,510,579,345 1,630,877,768 1,002,635,304 628,242,464	
200	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	10(4)	465,065,853,423	463,939,089,279	
210 216	Long-term receivables Other long-term receivables	7	3,367,245,000 3,367,245,000	:	
220 221 222 223	Fixed assets Tangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated depreciation	11(a)	410,418,031,307 409,760,272,534 929,730,518,339 (519,970,245,805)	388,820,972,872 388,501,838,639 851,969,947,918 (463,468,109,279)	
227 228 229	Intangible fixed assets Historical cost Accumulated amortisation	11(b)	657,758,773 2,822,841,714 (2,165,082,941)	319,134,233 2,220,281,714 (1,901,147,481)	
240 242	Long-term asset in progress Construction in progress	12	4,944,857,574 4,944,857,574	35,837,650,911 35,837,650,911	
260 261 262	Other long-term assets Long-term prepaid expenses Deferred income tax assets	10(b) 13	46,335,719,542 44,824,963,332 1,510,756,210	39,280,465,496 36,875,318,087 2,405,147,409	
270	TOTAL ASSETS		967,853,744,442	1,104,589,583,881	

BALANCE SHEET (continued)

		As at 31 December			
			2024	2023	
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND	
300	LIABILITIES		430,069,920,834	569,920,419,666	
310	Short-term liabilities		388,281,819,603	530,013,553,789	
311	Short-term trade accounts payable	14	211,511,445,929	279,356,651,396	
312	Short-term advances from customers	15	29,438,919,717	77,555,201,864	
313	Tax and other payables to the State	16(b)	10,958,243,262	1,328,543,345	
314	Payable to employees		8,458,896,694	21,134,307,424	
315	Short-term accrued expenses	17	83,972,001,204	94,545,393,923	
317	Construction contract-in-progress				
	payables	18	-	17,829,959,549	
319	Other short-term payables	19	29,481,907,327	25,849,946,233	
320	Short-term borrowings	21(a)	12,025,105,970	8,368,124,721	
321	Provision for short-term liabilities	22	180,800,000		
322	Bonus and welfare funds	20	2,254,499,500	4,045,425,334	
0		20	2,204,400,000	4,040,420,004	
330	Long-term liabilities		41,788,101,231	39,906,865,877	
338	Long-term borrowings	21(b)	37,081,267,982	31,380,467,707	
342	Provision for long-term liabilities	22	4,706,833,249	8,526,398,170	
	-				
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		537,783,823,608	534,669,164,215	
410	Capital		537,783,823,608	534,669,164,215	
411	Owners' capital	23, 24	400,000,000,000	400,000,000,000	
411a	- Ordinary shares with voting		,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	.00,000,000,000	
7774	rights		400,000,000,000	400,000,000,000	
418	Investment and development funds	24	100,248,085,424	88,206,218,692	
421	Undistributed earnings	24	37,535,738,184	46,462,945,523	
421a	- Undistributed profits of previous	2 '	01,000,100,104	10,102,010,020	
	years		400,145,425	6,323,389,749	
421b	- Profits of the current year		37,135,592,759	40,139,555,774	
,_,	. Tome of the darrone your				
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		967,853,744,442	1,104,589,583,881	

Le Ba Tung Preparer Nguyen Van Manh Chief Accountant Pham Hung Phuong Director 7 March 2025

CỔ PHẦN DỊCH VỤ KỲ THUẬT PTSC

Form B 02 - DN

INCOME STATEMENT

			Year ended 31 December		
Code		Note	2024 VND	2023 VND	
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		1,197,715,329,406	1,030,624,815,627	
02	Less deductions		(331,708,889)	-	
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	27	1,197,383,620,517	1,030,624,815,627	
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	28	(1,081,109,500,977)	(950,872,225,681)	
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		116,274,119,540	79,752,589,946	
21 22 23 26	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expenses General and administration expenses	29 30 <i>30</i> 31	2,299,487,557 (3,069,646,343) (2,959,785,037) (69,913,991,304)	7,531,242,306 (1,262,926,562) (1,142,471,378) (43,251,243,004)	
30	Net operating profit		45,589,969,450	42,769,662,686	
31 32 40	Other income Other expenses Net other expenses	32	2,954,309,736 (6,034,425,205) (3,080,115,469)	8,196,848 (307,255,310) (299,058,462)	
50	Accounting profit before tax		42,509,853,981	42,470,604,224	
51 52	Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current CIT - deferred	33 33	(4,479,870,023) (894,391,199)	(2,673,807,158) 342,758,708	
60	Profit after tax		37,135,592,759	40,139,555,774	
70 71	Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	25(a) 25(b)	789 789	853 853	

Le Ba Tung Preparer Nguyen Van Manh Chief Accountant Pham Hung Phuong

Director

CỘNG TY CỔ PHẨN DỊCH VỤ KỸ THUẬT PTSC

7 March 2025

Form B 03 - DN

CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

		Year ended 31 Decemb		1 December
			2024	2023
Code		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Accounting profit before tax Adjustments for:		42,509,853,981	42,470,604,224
02	Depreciation and amortisation		59,420,131,986	47,628,474,554
03	Provisions		24,015,387,355	5,051,993,085
04	Unrealised foreign exchange gains		(618, 331, 353)	(533,673,361)
05	Profits from investing activities		(2,879,387,619)	(6,941,848,509)
06	Interest expense		2,959,785,037	1,142,471,378
80	Operating profit before changes in working capital		125,407,439,387	88,818,021,371
09	Increase in receivables		(19,356,770,726)	(118,638,376,925)
10	Decrease/(increase) in inventories		106,807,588,849	(44,366,266,786)
11	(Decrease)/increase in payables		(166,731,793,309)	175,473,811,074
12	Increase in prepaid expenses		(7,536,775,659)	(16,417,189,961)
14	Interest paid		(2,974,887,399)	(1,089,545,855)
15	CIT paid		(2,539,428,730)	(2,478,507,985)
16	Other receipts from operating activities		-	120,000,000
17	Other payments on operating activities		(7,811,859,200)	(7,339,723,000)
20	Net cash inflows from operating activities		25,263,513,213	74,082,221,933
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
21	Purchases of fixed assets		(37,521,700,420)	(168,111,661,292)
23	Short-term investments held to maturity		(49,031,668,826)	(61,135,678,319)
24	Collections of short-term investment held to maturity		49,069,100,331	102,323,236,114
27	Interest received		3,547,308,637	7,067,032,568
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		(33,936,960,278)	(119,857,070,929)
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
33	Proceeds from short-term and long-term borrowings		18,284,906,244	52,043,244,108
34	Repayments of borrowings		(8,927,124,720)	(12,294,651,680)
36	Dividends paid		(28,134,881,000)	(27,844,352,446)
40	Net cash (outflows)/inflows from financing activities		(18,777,099,476)	11,904,239,982
50	Net decrease in cash		(27,450,546,541)	(33,870,609,014)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	3	57,691,746,724	91,137,689,125
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences		651,982,296	424,666,613
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	3	30,893,182,479	57,691,746,724

Le Ba Tung Preparer Nguyen Van Manh Chief Accountant Pham Hung Phuong

Director

CỘNG TY CỔ PHẨN DỊCH VỤ KỸ THUẬT PTSC

7 March 2025

Form B 09 - DN

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2024

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Structure of ownership

PTSC Thanh Hoa Port Joint Stock Company is a joint stock company established in accordance with the Enterprise registration certificate No. 2801449559 dated 13 November 2009 initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Thanh Hoa Province and the latest 9th amendment was issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 21 June 2024 changed its head office address.

The main shareholder is PetroVietnam Technical Service Corporation ("PTSC"). Details of capital contribution are presented in Note 23.

The shares of the Company have been officially listed in the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the share code of PSN.

Principal activities

The business sector of the Company is to supply oil and gas technical service; services of management, port management and logistics services; supplying human resources specializing in oil and gas; mechanical engineering, repair and maintenance; transporting, loading, unloading, preserving, handling of goods; domestic and foreign multimodal transport business; provision of materials, equipment, food for the oil and gas industry, shipping agents; load-testing service, non-destructive testing, pre- and post-weld heat treatment, launching service, lifting and weighing service; trading fuels, petrol, lubricating greases and petroleum products; trading nitrogen fertilizers and agricultural chemicals.

The principal activities of the Company in year are comprised of:

- Supplying port-based and logistics services;
- Management and operation vessels service;
- Mechanical services:
- Repair and maintenance services;
- Supply of petroleum specialized labour; and
- Sales of fuels and petroleum products.

The normal business cycles

The normal business cycle of the Company is within 12 months.

Number of employees

As at 31 December 2024, the Company has 537 employees (at 31 December 2023: 720 employees).

Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of financial statements

The financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of financial statements. The financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and results of operations and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The financial statement in the Vietnamese language are the official statutory financial statement of the Company. The financial statement in the English language has been translated from the Vietnamese version.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

2.3 Currency

The financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND"), which is the Company's accounting currency.

2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates ruling at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the balance sheet date of the commercial bank(s) where the Company regularly trades. Foreign currencies deposited in commercial bank(s) at the balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial bank(s) where the Company opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the income statement.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash at banks, and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.6 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties) or based on the estimated loss that may arise. Bad debts are written off when identified as uncollectible.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the balance sheet based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes direct materials, direct labour costs and those overhead expenses, purchase cost, conversion cost, and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Company applies the perpetual system for inventories.

Provision is made, when necessary, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this year and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the year.

2.8 Investments held-to-maturity

Investments held-to-maturity are investments which the Company has a positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held to maturity include term deposits and other investments held to maturity. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the year end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held-to-maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held-to-maturity on the balance sheet based on remaining year from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.9 Construction contracts

A construction contract is a contract specifically negotiated for the construction of an asset or a combination of assets that are closely interrelated or interdependent in terms of design, technology and functions or ultimate purpose of use.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be reliably estimated, contract revenue is recognised to the extent of contract costs incurred where it is probable those costs will be recoverable. Contract costs are only recognised when incurred during the year.

When the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably, and the contractor is paid in accordance with the planned schedule, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised over the period of the contract as revenue and expenses, respectively. The Company uses the percentage of completion method to determine the appropriate amount of revenue and costs to be recognised in the fiscal year. The percentage of completion is measured by reference to the proportion of actual completed work incurred to date to the estimated total work of each contract. Where it is probable that total contract costs will exceed total contract revenue, the expected loss is recognised as an expense immediately.

The aggregate of the costs incurred and the profit or loss recognised on each contract is compared against the progress billings up to the year end. Where costs incurred and profits recognised (less recognised losses) exceed progress billings, the balance is presented as receivables for construction contracts-in-progress. Where progress billings exceed costs incurred plus recognised profits (less recognised losses), the balance is presented as payables for construction contracts-in-progress.

When the outcome of a contract can be estimated reliably and the contractor is paid for the works performed and certified by the customer, contract revenue and contract costs are recognised in the period for the works performed and certified by customer.

2.10 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation. Historical cost includes any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the income statement when incurred in the year.

O'S·W * The

Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.10 Fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line method so as to write off the depreciable amount of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount equals to the historical cost of fixed assets recorded in the financial statements minus (-) the estimated disposal value of such assets. The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Plant and buildings	5 – 35 years
Machinery and equipment	3 – 15 years
Motor vehicles	6 – 10 years
Office equipment	3 – 10 years
Others	4 – 14 years
Software	3 – 8 years

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the income statement.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as construction costs; costs of tools and equipment; construction consulting expenditure. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

2.11 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.12 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term and long-term prepayments on the balance sheet. Short-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools that do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for not exceeding 12 months or a business cycle from the date of prepayment. Long-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools, which do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets for exceeding 12 months or more than one business cycle from the date of prepayment. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated on a straight-line basis over their estimated useful lives.



Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.13 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchase of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables, and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into short-term and long-term payables on the balance sheet based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.14 Borrowings

Borrowings include borrowings from banks.

Borrowings are classified into short-term and long-term on the balance sheet based on the remaining period from the balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs that are directly attributable to the construction or production of any qualifying assets are capitalised during the period of time that is required to complete and prepare the asset for its intended use. In respect of general-purpose borrowings, a portion of which is used for the purpose of construction or production of any qualifying assets, the Company determines the amount of borrowing costs eligible for capitalisation by applying a capitalisation rate to the weighted average expenditure on the assets. The capitalisation rate is the weighted average of the interest rates applicable to the Company's borrowings that are outstanding during the year, other than borrowings made specifically for the purpose of obtaining a qualifying asset. Other borrowing costs are recognised in the income statement when incurred.

2.15 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the year but not yet paid due to pending invoice or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting year.

2.16 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.17 Capital

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the shares.

Undistributed earnings record the Company's results after CIT at the reporting date.

2.18 Appropriation of profit

The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the financial statements in the year in which the shareholder list for dividend payment is finalised according to Resolution of Board of Directors after the dividends are approved by shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval a Annual General Meeting of Shareholders, and after appropriation to other funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Company's funds are as below:

(a) Investment and development fund

Investment and development fund is appropriated from net profit after CIT of the Company and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting. This fund is used for expanding and developing the business of the Company.

(b) Bonus and welfare fund

Bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Company's net profit after CIT and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting. This fund is presented as a liability on the balance sheet. This fund is used for rewarding and encouraging, enhancing the physical and mental well-being of the employees.

2.19 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the income statement when all five (5) following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sale obligation.

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.19 Revenue recognition (continued)

(b) Revenue from construction contracts

Revenues from construction contracts are comprised of the revenue initially set out in contracts; increases and/or decreases during the term of the contract; bonuses; and other payments to be received from customers or other parties to compensate for the costs not included in the contractual price; other payments that customers agreed to compensate, and other payments provided that these amounts can change the revenue and can be reliably determined. Revenue from construction contracts is recognised in accordance with the guidance presented in Note 2.9.

(c) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from rendering of services is only recognised when all four (4) following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(d) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the income statement on the basis of the actual time and interest rates for each period when both (2) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- Income can be measured reliably.

2.20 Sales deductions

Sales deductions include trade discounts. Sales deductions incurred in the same period of the related revenue from sales of products, goods and rendering of services are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of that period.

Sales deductions for sales of products, goods or rendering of services which are sold in the period but are incurred after the balance sheet date but before the issuance of the financial statements are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of the period.

Mark

<u> </u>47

Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.21 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold, and services rendered are cost of merchandises sold or services rendered during the year and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudence basis.

2.22 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the year for financial activities including expenses of borrowing; and losses from foreign exchange differences.

2.23 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

2.24 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income taxes which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current income tax expense and deferred income tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income tax payable or recoverable in respect of the current year taxable profits at the current year tax rates. Current and deferred tax are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the year, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the financial year when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.25 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with, the Company, including holding companies and fellow companies in group are related parties of the Company. Associates, joint ventures and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, including Chairman and members of the Board of Director, Director and members of the Board of Management, close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationship with each related party, the Company considers the substance of the relationships, not merely the legal form.



Form B 09 - DN

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

2.26 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Company engaged in sales of goods or rendering of services ("business segment"), or sales of goods or rendering of services within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. A reportable segment is the Company's business segment or the Company's geographical segment.

2.27 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the financial year.

The areas involving significant estimates and assumptions in the financial statements are as follows:

- Estimation of provision (Notes 2.16);
- The tax rate used for recognition of deferred tax assets (Note 2.24);
- Accrued expenses (Notes 2.15);

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are assessed by the Board of Management to be reasonable under the circumstances by the Board of Management.

3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Cash on hand Cash at bank Cash equivalents (*)	518,024,508 28,944,995,471 1,430,162,500	73,986,778 47,562,396,815 10,055,363,131
	30,893,182,479	57,691,746,724

(*) Cash equivalents include term deposits in VND with the original maturity of three months or less at commercial banks, and earn interest at the rate 4.2% per annum (as at 31 December 2023: 2.3% per annum).

Form B 09 - DN

4 INVESTMENTS HELD TO MATURITY

	2024		20	23
	Cost VND	Book value VND	Cost VND	Book value VND
Term deposits	34,906,152,000	34,906,152,000	34,943,583,505	34,943,583,505

Term deposits include bank deposits in VND with the remaining maturity of less than 12 months and more than 3 months and earn interest at the rate ranging from 4.2% to 4.6% per annum (as at 31 December 2023: from 6.2% to 8.5% per annum).

As at 31 December 2024 and as at 31 December 2023, the held-to-maturity investments include the term deposits amounted to VND13,3 bil with an original term of not more than 12 months and earned interest 4,4%/annum at Modern Bank of Vietnam Limited ("Modern Bank") - former Ocean Commercial One Member Limited Liability Bank ("Oceanbank"). This deposit is suspended from principal payment because the payment was subjected into the Modern Bank's restructuring project. From 18 December 2024, Modern Bank has become subsidiary of Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank. So the Board of Managements assessed that the payment for above deposits will be issued soon.

5 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Third parties Nam Song Hau Trading Investing Petroleum Joint Stock Company Tatsumi Vietnam Limited Company Others Related parties (Note 37(b))	35,121,129,014 28,687,750,602 38,191,268,241 238,587,601,956	35,121,129,014 12,343,649,415 83,163,109,418 225,338,783,281
	340,587,749,813	355,966,671,128

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, the balances of short-term trade accounts receivable which were past due, amounting to VND38,608,320,204 and VND18,755,135,095 respectively, and presented in Note 8.

6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Third parties GPM Hai Phong New Solutions Limited	004 070 000	
Company Kirby South East Asia Limited Company Ha Thanh Construction and Trading	601,876,000	2,616,670,000
Limited Company Viet An Technology Development Joint	-	1,644,292,845
Stock Company Others	2,233,216,153	1,166,780,940 3,441,435,793
	2,835,092,153	8,869,179,578

7 OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

(a) Short-term

	2024	2024 20		
	Book value	Provision	Book value	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Third parties				
Accrued revenue (*)	6,812,613,579	-	1,923,371,863	_
Deposits	2,000,000,000	-	5,367,245,000	
Interest income	706,762,731	:=	2,658,940,277	-
Others	8,335,459,590		4,092,438,452	_
Related parties (Note 37(b))			
Accrued revenue (*)	73,918,862,841	-	43,653,871,706	_
Others	1,364,406,400	-	-	_
		_		_
	93,138,105,141	-	57,695,867,298	-
		=	SS SS SS	=

^(*) Accrued revenue represents the value of receivables corresponding to the volume of work that the Company has completed and has been confirmed by the investor but not yet issued an invoiced.

(b) Long-term

	2024		2023	
	Book value	Provision VND	Book value	Provision VND
Third parties Deposits	3,367,245,000	_		
Deposits	=======================================	_	=	_

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, there was no balance of other short-term receivables that was past due or not past due but doubtful.

Form B 09 - DN

9 INVENTORIES

	2024		2023	
_	Cost VND	Provision VND	Cost VND	Provision VND
Raw materials	7,036,009,620	_	9,132,851,933	_
Tools and supplies	1,561,969,246	-	1,610,196,702	-
Work in progress (*)	19,105,011,630	-	123,767,530,710	-
	27,702,990,496	_	134,510,579,345	-
		=		

(*) Work in progress represents the cost incurred from construction contracts of the following projects:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
PVOil New Pump 2	6,300,448,607	1,378,157,865
Package Service Ship project	3,748,305,418	2,810,159,464
Long Phu Thermal Power Plant Package	2,740,748,584	2,612,868,877
STG3 project	2,483,246,060	-
Suction Bucket project	780,000,000	50,878,688,504
TA23 project		15,593,898,464
Long Son project		42,421,225,185
Others	3,052,262,961	8,072,532,351
	19,105,011,630	123,767,530,710

10 PREPAID EXPENSES

(a) Short-term

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Insurance fees Tools and supplies Others	424,065,968 71,778,416 93,921,334	541,754,122 355,979,914 104,901,268
	589,765,718	1,002,635,304



PTSC THANH HOA	TECHNICAL	CEDVICES	COMPANY
FISC IDAND DUA	I E C. FIIVICAL	SERVILIES	CUMPAINT

Form **B** 09 - **DN**

10 PREPAID EXPENSES (continued)

(b) Long-term

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Tools and supplies Repair costs	10,989,582,326 13,196,160,328	18,468,472,926 15,666,708,502
Leveling costs Site clearance costs	7,184,304,773 5,591,351,000	-
Others	7,863,564,905	2,740,136,659
	44,824,963,332	36,875,318,087

Movement of long-term prepaid expenses during the year is as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year New purchases of year	37,877,953,391 24,087,327,092	21,460,763,430 40,257,939,683
Transfer from construction in progress (Note 12) Allocation of year	7,321,584,482 (23,872,135,915)	9,615,385 (23,850,365,107)
End of year	45,414,729,050	37,877,953,391

Form B 09 - DN

11 FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

	Plant and buildings VND	Machinery VND	Motor vehicles VND	Office equipment VND	Others VND	Total VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2024 New purchases Transfer from construction in	582,825,119,701 830,152,413	216,972,143,345 5,166,770,362	33,816,332,999 1,031,290,909	9,699,433,920 2,422,127,208	8,656,917,953 185,000,000	851,969,947,918 9,635,340,892
progress (Note 12) Disposal	70,779,289,529	-	(2,654,060,000)	-	-	70,779,289,529 (2,654,060,000)
As at 31 December 2024	654,434,561,643	222,138,913,707	32,193,563,908	12,121,561,128	8,841,917,953	929,730,518,339
Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2024 Charge for the year Disposal	339,564,638,737 33,806,447,243	84,986,410,582 21,050,411,469	24,356,434,115 2,332,225,846 (2,654,060,000)	8,076,594,099 1,010,939,947	6,484,031,746 956,172,021	463,468,109,279 59,156,196,526 (2,654,060,000)
As at 31 December 2024	373,371,085,980	106,036,822,051	24,034,599,961	9,087,534,046	7,440,203,767	519,970,245,805
Net book value As at 1 January 2024	243,260,480,964	131,985,732,763	9,459,898,884	1,622,839,821	2,172,886,207	388,501,838,639
As at 31 December 2024	281,063,475,663	116,102,091,656	8,158,963,947	3,034,027,082	1,401,714,186	409,760,272,534

As at 31 December 2024, tangible fixed assets with a carrying value of VND68.628 billion (as at 31 December 2023: approximately VND74.335 billion) were pledged with banks as collateral or mortgaged assets for long-term borrowings granted to the Company (Note 21).

The historical cost of fully depreciated tangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2024 was VND170 billion (as at 31 December 2023: VND100.2 billion).

Form B 09 - DN

11 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

	Software VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2024 New purchases	2,220,281,714 602,560,000
As at 31 December 2024	2,822,841,714
Accumulated amortisation As at 1 January 2024 Charge for the year	1,901,147,481 263,935,460
As at 31 December 2024	2,165,082,941
Net book value As at 1 January 2024	319,134,233
As at 31 December 2024	657,758,773

The historical cost of fully amortised intangible fixed assets but still in use as at 31 December 2024 was VND1.9 billion (as at 31 December 2023: VND1.6 billion).

PTSC	THANH HOA TECHNICAL SERVICES COMI	PANY	
12	CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS		Form B 09 – DN
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Project Official residence Wharf extension No.1,2 Others	3,078,907,915 874,344,473 991,605,186	34,271,779,681 874,344,473 691,526,757
		4,944,857,574	35,837,650,911
	Movements in the construction in progress du	uring the year were as f	ollows:
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Beginning of year Increase Transfers to tangible fixed assets (Note 11)	35,837,650,911 47,208,080,674 (70,779,289,529)	17,960,971,850 85,950,386,844 (68,064,092,398)
	Transfers to long-term prepaid expense		
	(Note 10(b))	(7,321,584,482)	(9,615,385)

Form B 09 - DN

13 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same taxation authority. The details were as follows:

Deferred tax assets:	2024 VND	2023 VND
Deferred tax assets to be recovered within 12 months	1,510,756,210	2,405,147,409

The movement in the deferred income tax during the year are as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Income statement credit (Note 32)	2,405,147,409 (894,391,199)	2,062,388,701 342,758,708
End of year	1,510,756,210	2,405,147,409

In which, deferred income tax mainly arises from the temporary differences of the following items:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Accrued Depreciation expense Provision for AR	273,141,285 1,237,614,925	2,250,000,000 155,147,409
	1,510,756,210	2,405,147,409

The Company used a tax rate of 10% as at 31 December 2024 and 5% as at 31 December 2023 to determine deferred income tax assets and deferred income tax liabilities.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.



Form **B** 09 – **DN**

14 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

2024	4	2023	3
Value VND	Able-to-pay amount VND	Value VND	Able-to-pay amount VND
14,718,919,290	14,718,919,290	8,846,239,850	8,846,239,850
13,024,529,359	13,024,529,359	4,059,739,210	4,059,739,210
12,653,207,267	12,653,207,267	3,652,161,358	3,652,161,358
10,601,268,845	10,601,268,845	15,274,582,100	15,274,582,100
121,196,974,492	121,196,974,492	211,858,261,271	211,858,261,271
39,316,546,676	39,316,546,676	35,665,667,607	35,665,667,607
211,511,445,929	211,511,445,929	279,356,651,396	279,356,651,396
	Value VND 14,718,919,290 13,024,529,359 12,653,207,267 10,601,268,845 121,196,974,492 39,316,546,676	Value VND 14,718,919,290 13,024,529,359 12,653,207,267 10,601,268,845 121,196,974,492 39,316,546,676 amount VND 14,718,919,290 13,024,529,359 12,653,207,267 10,601,268,845 121,196,974,492 39,316,546,676 39,316,546,676	Value VND Able-to-pay amount VND Value VND 14,718,919,290 13,024,529,359 12,653,207,267 12,653,207,267 10,601,268,845 10,601,268,845 10,601,268,845 121,196,974,492 121,196,974,4







Form B 09 - DN

15 SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Third parties Related parties (Note 37(b))	6,335,462,322 23,103,457,395	9,199,603,123 68,355,598,741
	29,438,919,717	77,555,201,864

Form B 09 - DN

16 TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and other receivables from/payables to the State during the year were as follows:

		As at 1.1.2024 VND	Receivables/Payables during the year VND	Payment during the year VND	Netted-off during the year VND	As at 31.12.2024 VND
(a)	Tax receivables					
	VAT to be reclaimed	628,242,464	74,716,754,979		(75,344,997,443)	-
				=		=
(b)	Tax payables					
	VAT	-	99,513,681,512	(16,408,807,063)	(75,344,997,443)	7,759,877,006
	PIT	563,523,084	3,080,178,730	(3,150,797,112)	-	492,904,702
	CIT	765,020,261	4,479,870,023	(2,539,428,730)	-	2,705,461,554
	Import tax	-	305,382,823	(305,382,823)	-	-
	Others	8	688,810,820	(688,810,820)	, -	-
		1,328,543,345	108,067,923,908	(23,093,226,548)	(75,344,997,443)	10,958,243,262

12/ 5-12/

PTSC THANH HOA TECHNICAL SERVICES COMPANY

Form B 09 - DN

17 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Cost of asset rental (Note 37(b)) (*) Cost of DMS package Cost of PVOil 2 project	55,000,000,000 12,978,526,143 5,243,368,176	50,000,000,000 2,324,720,221
Cost of SPM project Cost of LPG Thi Vai project Cost of Dieu Hoa Lake project	3,539,231,542 1,574,902,121	4,850,293,840 4,432,140,236 5,434,306,591
Cost of Nam Song Hau project Cost of Suction Bucket project Cost of STG4#2 project	-	5,096,778,675 12,769,606,437 5,276,585,000
Others	5,635,973,222	4,360,962,923 94,545,393,923
		=======================================

(*) This is the estimation of accrued expense payable the Vietnam Oil and Gas Group ("PVN") for the the assets on land located in the area that PVN receives from Vietnam Shipbuilding Industry Group – Vinashin according to Decision No. 926QD-TTG dated 18 June 2010 of the Prime Minister on the restructuring of Vietnam Shipbuilding Industry Group and Decision No. 7090/QD-DKVN dated 12 August 2010 on the transfer of the assets on land to PTSC Thanh Hoa. As at 31 December 2024, the Company is still in the progress of signing a contract with PVN.

18 CONSTRUCTION CONTRACT-IN-PROGRESS PAYABLES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Accumulated contract costs incurred plus recognized profits less recognized losses Amount of progress billings	156,072,901,064 (156,072,901,064)	25,106,595,256 (42,936,554,805)
		(17,829,959,549)

Details of construction contracts-in-progress payables by projects are as follows:

LPG Thi Vai Project (SMP&Tanks) Hai Phong 2 Project	-	14,126,166,532 3,703,793,017
		17,829,959,549

PTSC THA	NH HOA	TECHNICAL	SERVICES	COMPANY

Form B 09 - DN

19 OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Third parties Social insurance and health insurance Union fees Dividend payables	1,223,878,274 577,680,037	1,658,791,011 689,544,888 155,647,554
Other Related parties (Note 37(b))	6,250,438,810 21,429,910,206 29,481,907,327	4,829,939,009 18,516,023,771 25,849,946,233

20 BONUS AND WELFARE FUND

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Beginning of year Appropriation (Note 24) Utilisation	4,045,425,334 6,020,933,366 (7,811,859,200)	3,877,954,826 4,118,948,508 (3,951,478,000)
End of year	2,254,499,500	4,045,425,334



Form B 09 - DN

21 **BORROWINGS**

Short-term (a)

(b)

	As at 1.1.2024 VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Current portion VND	As at 31.12.2024 VND
Current portion of long-term bank loans	8,368,124,721	-	(8,927,124,720)	12,584,105,969	12,025,105,970
Long-term					
	As at 1.1.2024 VND	Increase VND	Decrease VND	Current portion VND	As at 31.12.2024 VND
Bank loans	31,380,467,707	18,284,906,244	L	(12,584,105,969)	37,081,267,982

The borrowing is drawdown in accordance with the loan contract with the total credit amounting to VND76,5 billion with Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam. This borrowing has collateral assets that are all assets formed from equity capital and loan for the purpose of implementing the Company's projects, bears an interest rate from 6.0% per annum to 7.4% per annum and borrowing term is 60 months from the date of first drawdown date, with quarterly principal payments and monthly interest payments.

As at 31 December 2024, tangible fixed assets with a carrying value of VND68.628 billion (as at 31 December 2023: approximately VND74.335 billion) (Note 11) were pledged with banks as collateral or mortgaged assets for the long-term borrowing granted to the Company.

Form B 09 - DN

22 PROVISIONS FOR OTHER LIABILITIES

(a) Short-term

,			
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Provision for HP2 Project	180,800,000	-
(b)	Long-term		
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Repair and maintenance of vessels (*) Warranty of LPG Thi Vai project Warranty of Tango project	4,306,833,249 400,000,000	8,249,316,427 - 277,081,743
		4,706,833,249	8,526,398,170

^(*) This is the provision for maintenance and repair costs for 8 vessels that PTSC assigned the Company to manage and operate according to the contract No. 314-2019/PTSC-TM/HĐ dated 18 November 2019.

Form **B** 09 - **DN**

23 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of shares

	20	24	20	23	
	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	Ordinary shares	Preference shares	
Number of shares registered	40,000,000	-	40,000,000	_	
Number of shares issued Number of existing shares	40,000,000	_	40,000,000	_	
in circulation	40,000,000		40,000,000		

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

	2024		2023	
	Ordinary shares	%	Ordinary shares	%
PTSC PVCombank Fund Management	21,877,300	54.69	21,877,300	54.69
JSC	17,500,000	43.75	17,500,000	43.75
Others	622,700	1.56	622,700	1.56
		-		-
Number of shares	40,000,000	100	40,000,000	100

(c) Movement of share capital

	Number of shares	Ordinary shares VND	Total VND
As at 1 January 2023	40,000,000	400,000,000,000	400,000,000,000
As at 31 December 2023	40,000,000	400,000,000,000	400,000,000,000
As at 31 December 2024	40,000,000	400,000,000,000	400,000,000,000

Par value per share: VND10,000/share,.

Form B 09 - DN

24 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

	Owners capital VND	Development investment funds VND	Undistributed earnings VND	Total VND
As at 1 January 2023	400,000,000,000	79,968,321,676	46,680,235,273	526,648,556,949
Net profit for the year	_	-	40,139,555,774	40,139,555,774
Dividends	-	-	(28,000,000,000)	(28,000,000,000)
Appropriation to investment and development fund	-	8,237,897,016	(8,237,897,016)	-
Appropriation to bonus and welfare funds (Note 20)			(4,118,948,508)	(4,118,948,508)
As at 31 December 2023	400,000,000,000	88,206,218,692	46,462,945,523	534,669,164,215
Net profit for the year	-	-	37,135,592,759	37,135,592,759
Dividends (*)	-	-	(28,000,000,000)	(28,000,000,000)
Appropriation to investment and development fund (*)	-	12,041,866,732	(12,041,866,732)	-
Appropriation to bonus and welfare funds (Note 20) (*)			(6,020,933,366)	(6,020,933,366)
As at 31 December 2024	400,000,000,000	100,248,085,424	37,535,738,184	537,783,823,608

^(*) In accordance with the Resolution No. 1481/NQ-TH-DHCD dated 14 June 2024 of the General Meeting of Shareholders, the Shareholders approved the appropriation of net profit for the year 2023 with the dividend payment at the rate of 7% equivalent to VND28,000,000,000, appropriation of the bonus and welfare funds; and appropriation investment fund amounting to VND6,020,933,366 and VND12,041,866,366, respectively.

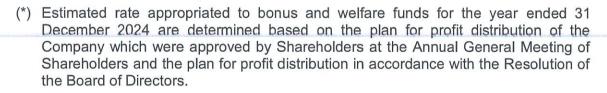
Form B 09a - DN

25 EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare funds by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the year, excluding ordinary shares repurchased by the Company and held as treasury shares. The details were as follows:

	For the year ended		
	31.12.2024	31.12.2023	
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND) Less amount allocated to bonus and	37,135,592,759	40,139,555,774	
welfare funds (VND) (*)	(5,570,338,914)	(6,020,933,366)	
	31,565,253,845	34,118,622,408	
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares) Basic earnings per share (VND)	40,000,000 789	40,000,000 853	
	Water and the second of the se		



(b) Diluted earnings per share

The Company did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted during the year and up to the date of this financial statements. Therefore, diluted earnings per share is equal to basic earnings per share.



Form B 09a - DN

26 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

(a) Goods held for third parties

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, The Company is holding materials, goods for project implementation as follows:

Type of inventories	Condition	Unit	2024	2023
Primary Steel	Usable	ton	8,17	6.910,836
Secondary Steel	Usable	ton	0,65	120,159

(b) Foreign currencies

As at 31 December 2024 and 31 December 2023, included in cash are balances held in foreign currencies of US\$180,689.90 and US\$198,679.63 respectively.

(c) Bad debts written off

The Company has written off bad debts that could not be recovered from customers as follows:

Thion Toi Trading and Impart Evport	31.12.2024 VND	31.12.2023 VND
Thien Tai Trading and Import-Export Joint Stock Company Others	927,659,546 992,958,523	
	1,920,618,069	, ····

Form B 09a - DN

27 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS AND RENDERING OF SERVICES

		For the year ended		
		2024 VND	2023 VND	
	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services			
	Net revenue from rendering of services Net revenue from construction contracts (*) Net revenue from sales of spare parts	761,321,317,103 431,235,852,742 4,826,450,672	765,934,851,526 217,317,236,125 47,372,727,976	
		1,197,383,620,517	1,030,624,815,627	
	(*) Accumulated revenue from construction co	ontracts is as follows:		
		2024 VND	2023 VND	
	Accumulated revenue from in-progress construction contract	828,505,093,385	641,158,425,853	
	Accumulated revenue from completed construction contract	243,889,185,210	34,875,979,812	
		1,072,394,278,595	676,034,405,665	
28	COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES F	RENDERED		
		2024 VND	2023 VND	
	Cost of services rendered Cost of construction contracts Cost of spare parts sold	630,059,427,252 440,696,745,055 10,353,328,670	666,339,333,632 244,657,583,127 39,875,308,922	
		1,081,109,500,977	950,872,225,681	
29	FINANCIAL INCOME			
		2024 VND	2023 VND	
	Interest income Realised foreign exchange gains	1,595,131,091 86,025,113	6,941,848,509 55,720,436	
	Net gain from foreign currency translation at year-end	618,331,353	533,673,361	
	ř S	2,299,487,557	7,531,242,306	



Form B 09a - DN

30	FINANCIAL EXPENSES		
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Interest expense Realised foreign exchange losses	2,959,785,037 109,861,306	1,142,471,378 120,455,184
		3,069,646,343	1,262,926,562
31	GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSE	S	
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Outside services Staff costs Provision for doubtful debts Depreciation Tools and supplies Audit fee Others	23,010,822,151 16,441,217,407 19,127,754,106 3,135,334,327 2,991,980,143 380,600,000 4,826,283,170	12,489,646,855 14,256,146,340 3,504,011,790 1,173,906,390 1,657,051,683 325,000,000 9,845,479,946
		69,913,991,304	43,251,243,004
32	OTHER INCOME AND OTHER EXPENSES		
		2024 VND	2023 VND
	Other income Gains on liquidation of materials (Note 37) Gains on disposal of fixed assets Others	1,364,406,400 1,284,256,528 305,646,808 	8,196,848 8,196,848
			* g :
	Other expenses		
	Compensation for project (*) (Note 37(a)) Administrative fine Others	5,350,436,840 302,620,635 381,367,730	226,111,376 81,143,934
		6,034,425,205	307,255,310

^(*) This is the compensation cost for materials to the Corporation after offsetting the income received from insurance.



Form B 09a - DN

33 CORPORATE INCOME TAX

According to Decision No.3124/CT-THDT dated 12 September 2012 of Thanh Hoa Province Department of Taxation, the Company inherits the CIT incentives of PTSC Thanh Hoa Port One member LLC., with the preferential tax rate of 10% for a year of 15 years from the first year the Company has revenue from its operations (2009). The Company is exempt from CIT for 4 years from the first year the Company has taxable income from activities entitled to tax incentives (2011) and is entitled to a 50% reduction of payable tax amount for the next 9 years (2015).

The CIT tax on the Company's accounting profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate of 20% as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Accounting profit before tax	42,509,853,981	42,470,604,224
Tax calculated at a rate of 5% Tax calculated at a rate of 10% Tax calculated at a rate of 20%	4,250,985,398	2,085,063,786
Effect of: Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Impact of changes in tax rate Under-provision in previous years	35,362,064 396,644,000 691,269,760	116,477,534 (213,072,537) 188,713,967
CIT charge (*)	5,374,261,222	2,331,048,450
Charged/(credited) to the income statement:		
CIT – current CIT – deferred (Note 13)	4,479,870,023 894,391,199	2,673,807,158 (342,758,708)
CIT charge	5,374,261,222	2,331,048,450

^(*) The CIT charge for year is based on the estimated taxable income and is subject to the review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

Form B 09a - DN

34 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

Costs of operation by factor represent all costs incurred during the year of the Company's operating activities, excluding cost of merchandise for trading activities. The details are as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Outside services Raw materials Staff costs Depreciation Provisions Others	500,269,855,528 277,359,099,584 162,686,167,173 59,420,131,986 24,015,387,355 22,610,331,575	562,868,392,500 251,475,229,005 141,411,744,059 47,628,474,554 3,504,011,790 28,715,189,864 1,035,603,041,772



35 SEGMENT REPORTING

Geographical segment

The Company does not have any operation outside the territory of Vietnam. Therefore, no geographical business segment has been presented.

Business activity segment

Information of revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services and cost of goods sold and services rendered by main business activity segment of the Company are as follows:

			As at 31	.12.2024		
	Supply base services and logistics VND	NSRP services VND	Mechanical and construction VND	Repair and maintenance services VND	Others VND	Total VND
Net revenue from external sales Net cost from external sales	300,387,411,841 (218,088,136,958)	202,798,606,012 (197,740,855,128)	431,235,852,742 (440,696,745,055)	223,990,802,117 (190,783,024,650)	38,970,947,805 (33,800,739,186)	1,197,383,620,517 (1,081,109,500,977)
Gross/(loss) segment profit	82,299,274,883	5,057,750,884	(9,460,892,313)	33,207,777,467	5,170,208,619	116,274,119,540
Selling and administration expenses	(*)	1				(69,913,991,304)
Net expense from financing activities	(*)					(770,158,786)
Profit from operating service						45,589,969,450
Net expenses from other activities (*))					(3,080,115,469)
Net accounting profit before tax						42,509,853,981
CIT - current (*)						(4,479,870,023)
CIT - deferred (*)						(894,391,199)
Net profit after tax						37,135,592,759

^(*) These are unallocated income and expenses for the year.

Form B 09a - DN

35 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

Business activity segment (continued)

			As at 31.	12.2023		
•	Supply base services and		Mechanical and	Repair and maintenance		
	logistics	NSRP services	construction	services	Others	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Net revenue from external sales	252,399,206,869	186,067,568,290	217,317,236,125	320,820,065,860	54,020,738,483	1,030,624,815,627
Net cost from external sales	(192,431,526,240)	(174,489,443,548)	(244,657,583,127)	(293,263,606,623)	(46,030,066,143)	(950,872,225,681)
Gross/(loss) segment profit	59,967,680,629	11,578,124,742	(27,340,347,002)	27,556,459,237	7,990,672,340	79,752,589,946
Selling and administration expense	es (*)					(43,251,243,004)
Net income from financing activities	s (*)					6,268,315,744
Profit from operating service						42,769,662,686
Net income from other activities (*)						(299,058,462)
Net accounting profit before tax						42,470,604,224
CIT - current (*)						(2,673,807,158)
CIT - deferred (*)						342,758,708
Net profit after tax						40,139,555,774

^(*) These are unallocated income and expenses for the year.

Form B 09a - DN

35 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

Business activity segment (continued)

Assets and liabilities based on the main business activities segment of the Company:

			As at 31.	12.2024		
	Supply base services and logistics VND	NSRP services VND	Mechanical and construction VND	Repair and maintenance services VND	Others VND	Total VND
Segment assets	555,431,666,272	54,925,665,063	255,835,691,938	66,763,720,316	34,897,000,853	967,853,744,442
Total assets						967,853,744,442
Segment liabilities	246,808,419,262	24,406,452,484	113,681,675,987	29,666,742,600	15,506,630,501	430,069,920,834
Total liabilities						430,069,920,834

Form B 09a - DN

35 SEGMENT REPORTING (continued)

Business activity segment (continued)

			As at 31	.12.2023		
	Supply base services and logistics VND	NSRP services VND	Mechanical and construction VND	Repair and maintenance services VND	Others VND	Total VND
Segment assets	801,491,648,971	3,066,665,181	249,809,753,756	23,448,468,969	26,773,047,004	1,104,589,583,881
Total assets						1,104,589,583,881
Segment liabilities	413,535,003,051	1,582,266,511	128,891,021,403	12,098,395,160	13,813,733,541	569,920,419,666
Total liabilities						569,920,419,666

^(*) Certain segment reporting figures as at 31 December 2023 have been reclassified to conform to the presentation of the financial statements for the year ended 31 December 2024.

Form B 09 - DN

36 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CERTAIN ITEMS OF THE CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Non-cash transactions affecting the cash flow statement:

Year ended 31 December 2024 2023 VND VND

Purchase of fixed assets, construction in progress that have not yet been settled

23,793,351,690

3,869,070,544

37 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The controlling shareholder of the Company is PTSC which owns 54.69% of the Company's share capital (Note 23). The ultimate parent of the Company is Vietnam Oil and Gas Group ("PVN").

Accordingly, PVN, PTSC, branches and subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries of PVN and PTSC are considered the Company's related parties. During the year, the Company has balances and transactions with below parties:

Name	Relationship
Vietnam Oil and Gas Group PTSC PVCombank Fund Management JSC	Parent company Major shareholder Branch of PTSC
Branch of PTSC - PTSC Da Nang	Branch of PTSC
Branch of PTSC - Long Phu Thermal Power Project Board	Branch of PTSC
Branch of PTSC - PTSC Marine	Branch of PTSC
Branch of PTSC - PTSC Supply Base	Company in PTSC
Branch of PTSC - PTSC Quang Binh	Company in PTSC
PTSC Phu My Port Joint Stock Company	Company in PTSC
PTSC Offshore Services Joint Stock Company	Company in PTSC
PTSC Production Services Joint Stock Company	Company in PTSC
Petro Hotel Company Limited	Company in PTSC
PetroVietnam Security Service Joint Stock Company	Company in PTSC
PTSC Quang Ngai Joint Stock Company	Ultimate parent company
Dinh Vu Petroleum Services Port Joint Stock Company	Company in PVN Group
PVI Thanh Hoa Insurance Company	Company in PVN Group
Nghi Son Refining and Petrochemical Co., Ltd	Company in PVN Group
PetroVietnam Transports Corporation (PVTrans)	Company in PVN Group
Petroleum Maintenance Services Joint Stock Company	Company in PVN Group
PetroVietnam Oil Corporation (PVOil)	Company in PVN Group
PetroVietnam Oil Thanh Hoa - One - Member Limited Company	Company in PVN Group
Petrovietnam Petrochemical and Textile Fiber Joint Stock Company (PVTex)	Company in DVM Group
PVI Insurance Corporation	Company in PVN Group Company in PVN Group
Petrosetco Vung Tau General Services Joint Stock Company	Company in PVN Group

Form B 09 - DN

37 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions

The primary transactions with related parties incurred in the year are:

		2024 VND	2023 VND
i)	Sales of goods and services		
	PTSC Nghi Son Refining and Petrochemical Co., Ltd Others	498,828,140,685 196,572,030,911 41,228,932,721	403,720,351,256 226,334,650,539 8,954,370,670
		736,629,104,317	639,009,372,465
ii)	PetroVietnam Oil Thanh Hoa - One - Member Limited Company PetroVietnam Chemical and Services Corporation Petro Hotel Company Limited PVI Thanh Hoa Insurance Company Branch of PTSC - PTSC Marine Others	119,443,588,879 7,563,517,134 6,577,664,062 3,999,903,899 - 6,959,864,642 - 144,544,538,616	79,423,846,046 1,594,992,041 2,299,135,684 2,837,691,350 16,796,780,715 102,952,445,836

iii) Compensation of key management

Salary and other gross benefits:

Mr. Le Van Nga - Chairman	946,371,364	1,041,298,410
Mr. Pham Hung Phuong - Member	987,651,364	1,082,268,409
Mr. To Ngoc Thu - Member	-	394,035,394
Mr. Nguyen Khac Dung - Member	21,000,000	1,490,000
Mr. Nguyen Huu Hoan - Vice president	811,665,636	878,907,143
Mr. Vu Van Vuong - Vice president	699,669,287	-
Mr. Nguyen Van Manh - Chief Accountant	621,064,932	638,984,029
Mr. Vu Thanh Khiem - Member	Ψ.	27,000,000
Mr. Tran Xuan Tai - Member Mr. Nguyen Thanh Thuan	36,000,000	24,000,000
Member of supervision board Ms. Nguyen Thi Duyen	481,257,823	510,713,320
- Member of supervision board	383,925,654	389,836,193
	4,988,606,060	4,988,532,898

iv) Payable related to sinking event (Note 32)

PTSC	5,350,436,840	-

PTSC	THANH HOA TECHNICAL SERVICES COMPANY RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)		Form B 09 – DN
31	4		
(a)	Related party transactions		
		2024 VND	2023 VND
v)	Income from selling sunken goods (Note 32)		
	PVI Thanh Hoa Insurance Company	1,364,406,400	=
vi)	Dividend paid to shareholders		
	PTSC PetroVietnam Finance Fund Management Inc.	15,313,010,000 12,457,147,500	15,314,110,000 12,456,815,000
		27,770,157,500	27,770,925,000
(b)	Year end balances with related parties		
		2024 VND	2023 VND
i)	Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5)		
	PTSC Nghi Son Refining and Petrochemical Co., Ltd PetroVietnam Oil Corporation PetroVietnam Security Services Joint Stock Company Petroleum Maintenance Services Joint Stock Company Others	164,934,452,685 43,381,150,962 15,651,936,415 7,159,452,481 4,287,166,195 3,173,443,218 238,587,601,956	157,880,321,199 50,015,591,426 143,340,630 8,159,452,481 7,287,166,195 1,852,911,350 225,338,783,281
ii)	Other short-term receivables (Note 7)		
	PTSC Nghi Son Refining and Petrochemical Co., Ltd PetroVietnam Oil Corporation PVI Thanh Hoa Insurance Company	39,706,922,080 23,067,609,840 11,144,330,921 1,364,406,400	10,612,486,851 32,811,789,019 229,595,836



43,653,871,706

75,283,269,241

Form B 09 - DN

37 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(b)	Year end	balances	with	related	parties	(continued)	
-----	----------	----------	------	---------	---------	-------------	--

2024	2023
VND	VND

iii) Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 14)

PetroVietnam Oil Thanh Hoa - One - Member		
Limited Company	13,875,771,810	8,434,155,530
PetroVietnam Chemical and Services Corporation	8,168,598,505	-
Nghi Son Refining and Petrochemical Co., Ltd	8,711,553,693	14,834,843,567
PTSC Offshore Services Joint Stock Company	2,683,374,923	2,683,374,923
Others	5,877,247,745	9,713,293,587
	00 040 540 070	05 005 007 007
	39,316,546,676	35,665,667,607

iv) Short-term advances from customers (Note 15)

PTSC PetroVietnam Oil Corporation Others	13,028,035,152 5,396,352,061 4,679,070,182	51,307,118,523 12,460,724,934 4,587,755,284
Others	23,103,457,395	

v) Short-term accrued expenses

Vietnam Oil and Gas Group (Note 17)	55,000,000,000	50,000,000,000	
PTSC Offshore Service Joint Stock Company	451,053,040	-	
Petro Hotel Company Limited	244,511,388	-	
PTSC	56,858,000	56,858,000	
	55 752 422 428	50 056 858 000	

vi) Other short-term payables (Note 19)

PTSC (*) PVI Thanh Hoa Insurance Company	20,940,250,206 489,660,000	18,511,484,205
Nghi Son Refining and Petrochemical Co., Ltd		4,539,566
	21,429,910,206	18,516,023,771

(*) The payables mainly include:

- VND18,507,484,206 related to assets transferred to the Company at the stage before converting into a Joint Stock Company.
- VND2,424,450,000 related to the funds received to disburse on behalf of PTSC Corporation for the creation of fixed assets serving the welfare purposes for the company's employees.



Form B 09 - DN

38 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

The Corporation is the lessee

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Within one year Between one and five years	6,270,510,000 13,211,572,000	10,408,410,000 17,413,132,000
Total minimum payments	19,482,082,000	27,821,542,000

The Corporation is the lessor

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Within one year	216,888,334	72,296,111
Between one and five years	867,553,335	867,553,335
Over five years	14,962,985,579	15,424,248,635
Total minimum payments	16,047,427,248	16,364,098,081

39 CAPITAL COMMITMENTS

Capital expenditure contracted for at the balance sheet date but not recognised in the financial statements was as follows:

	2024 VND	2023 VND
Project Official residence	41,383,844,648	11,881,268,257

The financial statements were approved by the Board of Management on 7 March 2025.

Le Ba Tung Preparer Nguyen Van Manh Chief Accountant Pham Hung Phuong

Director

CỔ PHẦN DỊCH VỤ KỸ THU