CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN CHỨNG KHOÁN VIX VIX SECURITIES JOINT STOCK COMPANY

CỘNG HÒA XÃ HỘI CHỦ NGHĨA VIỆT NAM Độc lập - Tự do - Hạnh phúc THE SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAM Independence - Freedom - Happiness

Số/No.: 194/2025/VIX-CBTT

Hà Nội, ngày 21 tháng 03 năm 2025 Hanoi, March 21st, 2025

CÔNG BÓ THÔNG TIN TRÊN CỔNG THÔNG TIN ĐIỆN TỬ
CỦA ỦY BAN CHỨNG KHOÁN NHÀ NƯỚC VÀ SỞ GIAO DỊCH CHỨNG KHOÁN
DISCLOSURE OF INFORMATION ON THE ELECTRONIC INFORMATION PORTAL
OF THE STATE SECURITIES COMMISSION AND THE STOCK EXCHANGE

Kính gửi:

- Ủy Ban Chứng khoán Nhà nước The State Securities Commission
- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán Việt Nam Vietnam Stock Exchange
- Sở Giao dịch Chứng khoán thành phố Hồ Chí Minh Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange

Tên Công ty: CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN CHỨNG KHOÁN VIX Company Name: VIX SECURITIES JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Mã chứng khoán/Ticker: VIX

Địa chỉ trụ sở chính: Tầng 22, số 52 phố Lê Đại Hành, phường Lê Đại Hành, quận Hai Bà Trưng, TP Hà Nội.

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Người thực hiện công bố thông tin: Dư Văn Toàn Person authorized to disclose information: Du Van Toan

Email: info@vixs.vn

Loại thông tin công bố /Type of information disclosure:

24 giờ/	☐ 72 giờ/	🔲 07 ngày	bất thường/	theo yêu cầu/	
24 hours	72 hours	1 07 days	Irregular	upon request	periodic

Nội dung thông tin công bố/Information content disclosed:

Công ty cổ phần chứng khoán VIX ("VIX"), xin công bố thông tin định kỳ về: Báo cáo tỷ lệ an toàn chính tại ngày 31/12/2024 đã kiểm toán.

VIX Securities Joint Stock Company ("VIX") periodically discloses the following information: The audited Finacial safety ratio Report as at December 31, 2024.

Thông tin chi tiết đã được công bố trên trang thông tin điện tử của VIX vào ngày 21/03/2025 theo đường dẫn sau/Detailed information has been published on VIX's website on March 21st, 2025, at the following link:



https://vixs.vn/bao-cao

Chúng tôi cam kết các thông tin công bố trên đây là đúng sự thật và hoàn toàn chịu trách nhiệm trước pháp luật về nội dung các thông tin đã công bố.

We hereby declare to be responsible for the accuracy and completeness of the disclosed information.

Noi nhận/Recipients:

- Như trên/As above;
- Luru/Filed: VT/VIX.

NGƯỜI ĐƯỢC UỶ QUYỀN CÔNG BỐ THÔNG TIN

PERSON AUTHORIZED TO DISCLOSE

INFORMATION

Cổ PHẨN

DU VĂN TOÀN



Financial safety ratio report

As at 31 December 2024



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VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

GENERAL INFORMATION

THE COMPANY

VIX Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established under the Corporate Law of Vietnam, Operating License No. 70/UBCK-GP dated 10 December 2007 issued by the State Securities Committee with the original name of Vincom Securities Joint Stock Company. The Company was officially renamed VIX Securities Joint Stock Company pursuant to License No. 67/GPDC-UBCK issued by the State Securities Commission on 20 October 2020. The latest adjustment license of the license for establishment and operation of a securities company No.73/GPDC-UBCK issued by the State Securities Commission on 08 October 2024.

The Company's initial charter capital was VND 300,000,000,000 and has been supplemented from time to time in accordance with amended licenses. As at 31 December 2024, the Company's total charter capital was VND 14,585,131,730,000.

The Company's Head Office is located at 22nd floor, 52 Le Dai Hanh Street, Hai Ba Trung District, Hanoi, Vietnam.

The Company's primary activities are to provide brokerage service, securities trading, underwriting for securities issues and investment advisory service.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Members of the Board of Directors during the year and at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Title	Appointment/Resignation date
Ma Navian Tues Dung	Member	Reappointed on 25 June 2021
Mr. Nguyen Tuan Dung	Person in charge	Appointed on 27 September 2024
Mr. Thai Hoang Long	Member	Appointed on 15 April 2023
	Chairman	Appointed on 18 April 2023
		Resigned on 27 September 2024
Ms. Cao Thi Hong	Member	Reappointed on 25 June 2021
Ms. Tran Thi Hong Ha	Member	Reappointed on 25 June 2021
Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan	Member	Appointed on 15 April 2023

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

Members of Board of Supervisors during the year and at the date of this report are as follows:

Name	Title	Appointment
Ms. Trinh Thi My Le	Head of the Board of Supervisors	Reappointed on 25 June 2021
Ms. Nguyen Thi Duyen	Member	Reappointed on 25 June 2021
Ms. Tran Hong Van	Member	Appointed on 15 April 2023

GENERAL INFORMATION (Continued)

MANAGEMENT AND CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

Members of the Management and Chief Accountant during the year and at the date of this report are:

Name	Title	Appointment
Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan	General Director	Appointed on 19 October 2022
Mr. Do Ngoc Dinh	Deputy General Director	Appointed on 17 July 2017
Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Hang	Chief Accountant	Appointed on 19 May 2017

LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the year and at the date of this report is Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan, General Director.

AUDITORS

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of VIX Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is pleased to present its report and the financial safety ratio report of the Company as at 31 December 2024.

MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT

Management of the Company confirmed that it has complied with the requirements of Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratio and remedies applicable to securities companies that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratio ("Circular 91) and *Note 2.1* to the financial safety ratio report in the preparation and presentation of the financial safety ratio report as at 31 December 2024.

STATEMENT BY THE MANAGEMENT

Management of the Company does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying financial safety ratio report is prepared in accordance with the requirements of Circular 91 and *Note 2.1* to the financial safety ratio report.

For and on behalf of Management

CÓ PHẨN *
CHỨNG KHOÁN VIX

TRUNG

Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

21 March 2025



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 20th Floor, Bitexco Financial Tower 2 Hai Trieu Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, S.R. of Vietnam

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Reference No. 11542654/E-668422996/ATTC

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To: The Shareholders of

VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

We have audited the accompanying financial safety ratio report of VIX Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") as at 31 December 2024 as prepared on 21 March 2025 and set out on pages 6 to 32. The report has been prepared by the Company's Management in accordance with the regulations under Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratio and remedies applicable to securities companies that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratio ("Circular 91") and Note 2.1 to the financial safety ratio report.

Management's responsibility

The Company's Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the financial safety ratio report in accordance with the regulations of Circular 91 and Note 2.1 to the financial safety ratio report, and for such internal control as Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the financial safety ratio report that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on this financial safety ratio report based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. These standards require that we comply with ethical requirements, plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial safety ratio report is free from material misstatement.

An audit involves of performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial safety ratio report. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial safety ratio report, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the financial safety ratio report in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of reporting policies used as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial safety ratio report.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.





Opinion

In our opinion, the financial safety ratio report as at 31 December 2024 was prepared and presented, in all material aspects, in accordance with the regulations under Circular 91 and *Note 2.1* to the financial safety ratio report.

Basis of preparation and restriction on use of the report

Without modifying our opinion, we draw attention to *Note 2.1* and *Note 3* to the financial safety ratio report, which describes the applicable regulations and the summary of significant policies for the preparation of the financial safety ratio report. As also described in *Note 2.2*, the financial safety ratio report is prepared to comply with the regulations on preparation and disclosure of the financial safety ratio report of the Company. As a result, this report may not be suitable for other purposes.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

TRACH NHIENHOU HAN FERNST & YOUNG

Vu Tien Dung

Deputy General Director Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 3221-2025-004-1

Hanoi, Vietnam

21 March 2025

Nguyen Van Trung

Auditor

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 3847-2021-004-1

VIX SECURITIES JOINT STOCK COMPANY

_____o0o___ Re: Financial safety ratio report

REPORT

On financial safety ratio as at: 31 December 2024

To: The State Securities Commission

We hereby confirm that:

- (1) The report is prepared on the basis of updated data at the reporting date and in accordance with the regulations under Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratio and remedies applicable to securities companies that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratio;
- (2) Subsequent events after the date of this report that can have effects on the financial position of the Company will be updated in the next reporting period;

(3) We bear full legal responsibility for the accuracy and truthfulness of the contents of the report.

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Hang Chief Accountant

Ms. Duong Thi Kim Oanh Head of Internal Control Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan General Director

FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY TABLE ON EXPOSURES TO RISKS AND LIQUID CAPITAL

Currency:	VND
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No.	Items	Notes	Exposures to risk/ Liquid capital
1	Total exposures to market risk	4	2,192,873,752,566
2	Total exposures to settlement risk	5	60,584,990,673
3	Total exposures to operational risk	6	63,571,640,402
4	Total exposures to risks (4=1+2+3)		2,317,030,383,641
5	Liquid capital	7	16,005,304,689,982
6	Liquid capital ratio (6=5/4) (%)	70:	690.77
		0170	5.7

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Hang Chief Accountant Ms. Duong Thi Kim Oanh Head of Internal Control Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

21 March 2025

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT as at 31 December 2024

1. THE COMPANY

VIX Securities Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established under the Corporate Law of Vietnam, Operating License No. 70/UBCK-GP dated 10 December 2007 issued by the State Securities Committee with the original name of Vincom Securities Joint Stock Company. The company officially changed its name to VIX Securities Joint Stock Company under License No. 67/GPDC-UBCK issued by the State Securities Commission on 20 October 2020.

The latest adjustment to the establishment and operation license of a securities company No.73/GPDC-UBCK issued by the State Securities Commission on 08 October 2024.

The Company's initial charter capital was VND 300,000,000,000 and has been increased periodically in accordance with amended licenses. As at 31 December 2024, the Company's total charter capital was VND 14,585,131,730,000.

The Company's primary activities are to provide brokerage service, securities trading, underwriting for securities issues and investment advisory service according to the business license.

The Company's Head Office is located at 22nd floor, 52 Le Dai Hanh Street, Hai Ba Trung District, Hanoi, Vietnam.

The number of the Company's employees as at 31 December 2024 was: 78 persons (31 December 2023: 63 persons).

2. BASIS OF PRESENTATION

2.1 The applicable regulations

The financial safety ratio report of the Company is prepared and presented in accordance with the regulations under Circular No. 91/2020/TT-BTC dated 13 November 2020 issued by the Ministry of Finance on financial safety ratio and remedies applicable to securities companies that fail to meet the stipulated financial safety ratio ('Circular 91"). This financial safety ratio report is prepared on the basis of the audited financial statements of the Company at the reporting date.

2.2 Purpose of preparation

The financial safety ratio report is prepared to comply with the regulations on preparation and disclosure of the financial safety ratio report and may not be suitable for other purposes.

2.3 Reporting currency

The Company prepares this report in Vietnam dong ("VND").

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VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT

3.1 Liquid capital ratio

Liquid capital ratio of the Company is determined using the formula specified in accordance with Circular 91 as follows:

In which, total exposures to risks are the sum of exposures to market risk, liquidity risk, and operational risk.

3.2 Liquid capital

In accordance with Circular No. 91, the Company's liquid capital is the total equity that can be converted into cash within ninety (90) days, details as follows:

- Owners' equity, excluded redeemable preferred share (if any);
- Share premium, excluded redeemable preferred share (if any);
- Convertible bonds Equity component (applicable to securities company that is convertible bonds issuer)
- Other owners' equity;
- Differences from revaluation of assets at fair value;
- Foreign exchange rate differences;
- Charter capital supplementary reserve;
- Operational risk and financial reserve;
- Other reserves in accordance with prevailing regulations;
- Undistributed retained earnings;
- Balance of provision for impairment of assets;
- Fifty percent (50%) of fixed assets' increased value revaluated in accordance with prevailing regulations (in case of positive revaluation), or minus the total decreased value (in case of negative revaluation);
- Decreases to liquid capital (Note 3.2.1);
- Increases to liquid capital (Note 3.2.2); and
- ▶ Other capital (if any).

3.2.1 Decreases to liquid capital

The Company's liquid capital is decreased due to the following items:

- Repurchased shares (if any);
- Total decreases in value of financial assets recognised at cost equivalent to the difference between market value and carrying value of the assets, excluding the securities issued by the Company's related parties as well as the securities restricted to transfer with the remaining restriction period of more than ninety (90) days as from the date of financial safety ratio report;
- ▶ The escrow value, in case the Company places collateral assets to the banks for banks' guarantee upon the Company's issuance of cover warrant, is determined as the minimal value of the followings: the value of banks' guarantee and the value of collateral assets (equivalent to volume of assets * asset price * (1 Market risk coefficient));

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.2 Liquid capital (continued)

3.2.1 Decreases to liquid capital (continued)

- The value of the Company's assets used as collaterals for the Company's liabilities with other institutions and individuals, of which the remaining terms are of more than ninety (90) days, (equivalent to volume of assets * asset price * (1 – Market risk coefficient));
- Short-term assets include prepaid items, receivables and advances of which the remaining recovery period or settlement period is of more than ninety (90) days, and other short-term assets;
- Non-current assets;
- The qualified, adversed or disclaimed items on the audited, reviewed financial statements (if any);
- Securities issued by the Company's related parties being:
 - The parent company, subsidiaries of the Company;
 - · Subsidiaries of the Company's parent company.
- Restricted securities with the remaining restriction period of more than ninety (90) days from the date of the financial safety ratio report;
- ▶ Irrecoverable items from other counter parties which are assessed as completely insolvent, are determined at the contract value.

When determining the decreases to liquid capital, the Company makes the following adjustment to the decrease value:

- ► For assets used to secure the Company's obligations with other entities and individuals, the decrease value shall be deducted by the minimal value of the followings: market value of the assets, book value, residual value of the obligation;
- ► For assets secured by other entities and individuals' assets, the decrease value shall be deducted by the minimal value of the followings: value of the collaterals, book value.

Accordingly, the value of collateral used in calculating the decreases in liquid capital is determined as: quantity of assets * asset price * (1 – Market risk coefficient), in accordance with Circular 91.

The decrease in liquid capital of the items in current and non-current assets does not include the following items:

- Assets exposed to market risk in accordance with Circular 91, except for securities issued by a subsidiary, parent company or subsidiary of the Company's parent company or securities with the remaining restricted transfer period of more than ninety (90) days from the date of calculation;
- Contracts and transactions exposed to liquidity risk in accordance with Circular 91;
- Provisions for impairment of assets;
- Provisions for impairment of receivables.

The Company does not calculate exposures to risk for items deducted from liquid capital .

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.2 Liquid capital (continued)

3.2.2 Increases to liquid capital

The Company's liquid capital is increased due to the following items:

- ► Total increases in value of financial assets recognized at cost equivalent to the difference between market value and carrying value of the assets, excluding the securities issued by the Company's related parties as well as the restricted securities with the remaining restriction period of more than ninety (90) days from the date of the financial safety ratio report; and
- ▶ Debts that are convertible to equity, including: convertible bonds, preference shares and other debt instruments registered to supplement liquid capital with the State Securities Commission and satisfying all requirements under Clause 2, Article 7, Circular 91.

The maximum value of total debt items used to increase liquid capital is 50% of the Company's owners' equity. Regarding convertible debts and debts registered to supplement the Company's liquid capital with the State Securities Commission, the Company deducts 20% of their original value each year during the last five (05) years prior to maturity/conversion into common shares and deducts 25% of residual value quarterly during the last four (04) quarters prior to maturity/conversion into common shares.

3.3 Exposures to market risk

Exposures to market risk are the potential losses which may occur when the market value of the Company's assets or assets expected to own from underwriting contracts fluctuates in a negative trend. Exposures to market risk include: cash and cash equivalent, money market instruments, bonds, shares, funds/shares of securities investment companies; that are determined by the Company at the end of the transaction day using the following formula:

Exposures to market risk = Net position x Asset price x Market risk coefficient

In which, net position is the net quantity of securities held by the Company at the reporting date, after being deducted by the number of securities lent and increased by the number of securities borrowed in accordance with prevailing regulations.

Exposures to market risk of securities not yet fully distributed from underwriting contracts in the form of a firm commitment, covered warrant issued by the Company and future contracts are determined using the formula presented in *Note* 3.3.2.

Assets which are excluded when determining exposures to market risk include:

- Treasury shares;
- Securities issued by related parties of the Company being:
 - The parent company, subsidiaries of the Company;
 - Subsidiaries of the Company's parent company.
- Securities restricted to transfer with the remaining restricted period of more than ninety (90) days as from the calculation date;
- Bonds, debt instruments and valuable papers in the money market which have been matured.
- Securities which have been hedged by sell warrants or futures contracts; sell warrants and sell options which have been used to hedge for underlying securities.

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VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.1 Market risk coefficient

Market risk coefficient is determined for each account of assets as specified in Appendix I, Circular 91.

3.3.2 Asset price

a. Cash and cash equivalents, money market instruments

Value of cash in VND is the cash balance at the calculation date.

Value of cash in foreign currencies is the equivalent in VND using the exchange rate published by credit institutions which are allowed to conduct foreign currencies trading at the calculation date.

Value of cash equivalent and money market instruments is the amount deposited or acquisition cost plus accrued interest using the effective interest rate which has not been settled as at the calculation date.

b. Bonds

Value of listed bonds is the average price quoted on the trading system of Stock Exchange on the latest trading day plus accrued interest. In case there is no transaction for such bonds during more than two (02) weeks prior to the date of calculation, the value of bonds is the highest of the following values included accrued interest: Acquisition cost; Face value and Price determined by the Company's internal valuation methods.

Value of unlisted bonds is the highest of the following included accrued interest values: quoted price on the quotation system selected by the Company (if any); Acquisition cost; Face value; Price determined by the Company's internal valuation methods.

c. Shares

Value of listed shares are determined based on the quoted closing prices of the latest trading day prior to the date of calculation on the Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange and the Hanoi Stock Exchange.

Value of unlisted shares which have been registered on the unlisted public companies market (UPCoM) is the quoted closing prices of the latest trading day prior to the date of calculation.

In case there is no transaction of the shares listed or registered on UPCoM during more than two (02) weeks prior to the date of calculation, value of these shares is the highest of the following values: Book value; Acquisition cost and Price determined by the Company's internal valuation methods.

Value of shares which are suspended from trading, delisted or cancelled is the highest of the following values: Book value, Par value, Price determined by the Company's internal valuation methods.

Value of shares which are registered or deposited but has not been listed or registered for trading is the average price of quotations from at least three (03) securities companies which are not related to the Company on the latest trading day prior to the date of calculation. If there are no sufficient quotation from at least three (03) securities companies, the value of shares is the highest of the following values: Quoted prices; Value determined in the latest reporting period; Book value; Acquisition cost; Price determined by the Company's internal valuation methods.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price (continued)

c. Shares (continued)

Value of shares of organizations in term of dissolution, or of bankruptcy is 80% of the liquidated value of such shares at the date of preparation of the latest balance sheet, or price determined by the Company's internal methods.

The value of other shares or capital contributions is the highest of book value; acquisition cost/value of capital contribution; price determined by the Company's internal methods.

d. Funds/Shares of securities investment companies

Value of public close-end fund is the closing price of the latest trade date prior to the calculation date. In case public close-end fund has no transactions in more than two (02) weeks prior to the date of calculation, the value is calculated by net asset value ("NAV") per fund certificate at the latest reporting period prior to the calculation date.

Value of member fund/open-end fund/shares of securities investment companies in private issues is the NAV per unit of contributed capital/fund certificate unit/shares at the latest reporting period prior to the date of calculation.

Value of other funds/shares is price determined by the Company's internal methods.

- e. Undistributed securities from underwriting contracts in form of firm commitment
- Exposures to market risk of these securities are determined as the following formula:

Exposures to market risk

- = {Quantity of undistributed securities, or distributed but not yet paid
- x Issuance underwriting price Value of collaterals (if any)} x Issuance risk coefficient
- In case of Initial Public Offering (IPO), including initial equitization auction, bonds auction, trading price is equal to book value per share of issuer at the latest period, or initial price (if unable to determine book value), or par value (in case of bonds).
- Market risk coefficient is determined in Note 3.3.1
- Issuance risk coefficient is determined based on remaining duration to the ending date of the distribution period according to the contract, but not exceed the allowed distribution period in accordance with prevailing regulations, as follows:
 - Until the last day of the distribution period, if the remaining time is more than sixty (60) days: the issuance risk coefficient is 20%;
 - Until the last day of the distribution period, if the remaining time is from thirty (30) days to sixty (60) days: the issuance risk coefficient is 40%;
 - Until the last day of the distribution period, if the remaining time is less than thirty (30) days: the issuance risk coefficient is 60%;
 - In the period from the last day of the distribution period to the settlement day: the issuance risk coefficient is 80%.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price (continued)

- e. Undistributed securities from underwriting contracts in form of firm commitment (continued)
- ▶ After the last settlement day, the Company has to determine the exposures to market risk of securities that have not been distributed using the formula in *Note 3.3* in accordance with regulations stated in Clause 4, Article 9, Circular 91;
- Value of customers' collaterals is determined as follows:
 Value of collaterals = Volume of assets x Asset price x (1 Market risk coefficient).
- f. Covered warrants issued by the Company

Exposures to market risk of covered warrants issued by the Company, in case of gain, is determined by the following formula:

Exposures to market risk = $Max \{((P_0 \times Q_0/k - P_1 \times Q_1) \times r - MD), 0\}$

Where:

P₀: Average closing price of underlying securities in 05 trading days preceding before the calculation date;

Q₀: the number of outstanding covered warrants of a securities-trading organization;

k: conversion ratio;

P₁: price of the underlying securities determined as prescribed in the Appendix II of Circular 91;

Q₁: the number of the underlying securities used by a securities-trading organization as guarantee of the obligation settlement for the covered warrant issued by itself;

r: the market risk coefficient of the covered warrant, which is determined according to Appendix I of Circular 91;

MD: the margin value in case the securities company issues the covered warrant.

- The underlying securities in the above formula shall satisfy the following conditions: being included in the issuance plan or registered with the State Securities Commission on the use of these securities to hedge against the risks of the covered warrants; and being the underlying securities of the covered warrants.
- In case the cover warrant issued by a securities company is unprofitable, the Company shall calculate exposures to market risk of underlying securities from the hedging activities instead of calculating exposures to market risk of the covered warrants.
- ▶ The Company also calculates the market risk of the positive the difference between the value of the underlying securities used to hedge against the risk of the covered warrants and the value of the underlying securities necessary to hedge for the covered warrants (corresponding to hedging value).



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.3 Exposures to market risk (continued)

3.3.2 Asset price (continued)

g. Futures contract

Exposures to market risk of futures contracts are determined by the following formula:

Exposures to market risk = Max {((Value of payment at the end of the day x Open interest - value of purchased securities) x Market risk coefficient of futures contract - Margin value), 0}

The value of purchased securities in the above formula is the value of underlying securities purchased by the Company to cover for future contractual obligations.

Margin value in the above formula is the value of assets that the Company deposits for trading, dealing and creating a market related to future contracts.

3.3.3 Increase of exposures to market risk

Exposures to market risk of assets are increasingly adjusted in case that the Company over invests in these assets, except for the securities issued under underwriting contract in form of firm commitment, Government bonds and bonds guaranteed by the Government. The exposures to market risk will be adjusted in accordance with following principles:

- ▶ An increase of 10% if the total value of investment in shares and bonds of a securities issuer for more than 10% to 15% of the owners' equity of the Company.
- ▶ An increase of 20% if the total value of investment in shares and bonds of a securities issuer for more than 15% to 25% of the owners' equity of the Company.
- ▶ An increase of 30% if the total value of investment in shares and bonds of a securities issuer for more than 25% of the owners' equity of the Company.

Dividends, coupons, preference right of shares (if any) or interest of deposits, cash equivalents, negotiable instruments and valuable papers shall be added to the value of asset for the purpose of determining the exposures to market risk.

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk

Exposures to settlement risk are the potential losses which may occur when a counter party fails to fulfil its settlement obligation or transfer assets on time as committed. Exposures to settlement risk are determined at the transaction date as follows:

▶ For term deposits at credit institutions; certificates of deposit issued by credit institutions; securities borrowing or loan contracts in accordance with legal regulations; repurchase agreements and reversed repurchase agreements in accordance with prevailing regulations; margin loans in accordance with prevailing regulations; receivables from customers in securities transactions, other receivables transactions and other capital use exposed to settlement risk. Exposures to settlement risk before the date of securities transfer, cash settlement, contract liquidation shall be determined using the following formula:

Exposures to settlement risk = Settlement risk coefficient of counter party x Value of assets exposed to settlement risk

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VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)

- ► For underwriting contracts in the form of firm commitment signed with other institutions in a syndicated underwriting contract in which the Company is the lead underwriter, the exposures to settlement risk value equals 30% of the remaining value of unpaid underwriting contracts.
- ► For overdue receivables, overdue other receivables and other overdue assets, securities have not been delivered on time including securities and cash which have not been received from term deposits at credit institutions; certificates of deposit issued by credit institutions; securities borrowing or loan contracts in accordance with prevailing regulations; repurchase and reversed repurchase agreements in accordance with prevailing regulations; matured margin loans in accordance with prevailing regulations, exposures to settlement risk is determined as follows:

Exposures to settlement risk = Settlement risk coefficient by time x Value of assets exposed to settlement risk

► For contracts, transactions, capital use in addition to the above transactions and contracts, receivables from debt trading with trading partners other than Vietnam Asset Management Company for credit institutions ("VAMC"), Vietnam Debt and Asset Trading Company Limited ("DATC"), exposures to settlement risk are determined as follows:

Exposures to settlement risk = Value of total assets exposed to settlement risk × 100%

► For advances which have recover time under ninety (90) days, exposures to settlement risk are determined as follows:

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk		Risk coefficient	Exposures to settlement risk
Value of	accounting for 0% to 5% of owners' equity at the date of calculation	8%	Exposures to settlement risk = Value of assets exposed to
total advances	accounting for over 5% of owners' equity at the date of calculation	100%	settlement risk x Settlement risk coefficient

3.4.1 Settlement risk coefficient

Settlement risk coefficient is determined based on the type of counterparties and the period as stipulated in Appendix III, Circular 91.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

- 3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)
- 3.4.2 Value of assets exposed to settlement risk
 - a. Securities lending, securities borrowing, margin contracts, repurchase and reversed repurchase agreements for customer or the Company

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk is the market value of the contract determined as follows:

No.	Type of transaction	Value of assets exposed to settlement risk		
1.	Term deposits, certificates of deposit, loans without collaterals; contracts, transactions, capital use under point k, Clause 1, Article 10 of Circular 91	Total balance of deposit account, certificate of deposit, loan value, contract value, transaction value plus dividends, dividends, preference value (for securities) or deposit interest, loan interest, other surcharges (for credit).		
2.	Securities lending	Max{(Market value of the contract - Collateral value (if any)),0}		
3.	Securities borrowing	Max{(Collateral value - Market value of the contract),0}		
4.	Reversed repurchase agreements	Max{(Contract value based on purchase price - Market value of the contract x (1 - Market risk coefficient)),0}		
5.	Repurchase agreements	Max{(Market value of the contract x (1 – Market risk coefficient) - Contract value based on selling price),0}		
6.	Margin contracts (loans to customers to purchase securities)/other economic agreements with the similar nature			

Margin balance includes outstanding loan principal, interest and other fees.

Customers' collateral value is determined in line with *Note 3.4.3*. In case the value of collaterals does not have any reference in the market, its value is determined by the Company's internal methods.

Asset price is determined in line with Note 3.3.2.





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)

3.4.2 Value of assets exposed to settlement risk (continued)

b. Securities trading

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk in securities trading as the following standard:

No.	Period	Value of assets exposed to settlement risk		
	or the selling transactions (seller is the age activities)	ne Company or its customers under the securities		
1.	Before the settlement date/period	0		
2.	After the settlement date/period	Market value of the contract (if market value is less than trading value)		
		0 (if market value is greater than trading value)		
B – F	or the buying transactions (buyer is	the Company or the Company's customer)		
1.	Before the securities transfer date/period	0		
2.	After the securities transfer	Market value of the contract (if market value is less than trading value)		
	date/period	0 (if market value is greater than trading value)		

Settlement/transfer period of securities is T+2 (for listed shares), T+1 (for listed bonds); T+n (for transactions outside the official trading system within n days under agreement of both parties), or in accordance with prevailing regulations (for derivatives).

c. Receivables, matured bonds, matured debt instruments

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk is the value of receivables calculated based on par value, plus accrued interest, related costs and less cash previously received (if any).

3.4.3 Decreases to value of collaterals

The value of collaterals of counterparties, clients shall be deducted from the Company's value of assets exposed excepts transactions and contracts which were regulated in Point k Clause 1 and Point b Clause 10 Article 10 of Circular 91, when determine the value of collateral which has settlement risk if the related contracts and transactions satisfy the following conditions:

- Counter partners or customers provide secured assets to ensure the fulfilment of their obligations and these secured assets are cash, cash equivalents, valuable papers and negotiable instruments on the money market or securities listed or registered for trading on the Vietnam Exchange and its subsidiary companies ("VNX"), Government bonds and bonds guaranteed by the Ministry of Finance;
- ► The Company has rights to control, manage, use, and transfer collaterals if partners fail to make payment fully and timely as agreed in the contracts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT POLICIES FOR THE PREPARATION OF FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued)

3.4 Exposures to settlement risk (continued)

3.4.3 Decreases to value of collaterals (continued)

Value of asset subjected to deduction is determined as follows:

Collateral value = Volume of assets x Asset price x (1 – Market risk coefficient)

Assets price is determined in accordance with Note 3.3.2.

3.4.4 Increase in exposures to settlement risk

Exposures to settlement risk are adjusted to increase in the following cases:

- ▶ An increase of 10% if the value of deposits contracts, certificates of deposit, loans, undue receivables, repurchase agreements, reversed repurchase agreements, the total value of loans to an organization, an individual and a group of related organizations/ individuals (if any) account for more than 10% to 15% of the owners' equity of the Company;
- ▶ An increase of 20% if the value of deposits contracts, certificates of deposit, loans, undue receivables, repurchase agreements, reversed repurchase agreements, the total value of loan to an organization, an individual and a group of related organizations/ individuals (if any) account for more than 15% to 25% of the owners' equity of the Company;
- ▶ An increase of 30% if the value of deposits contracts, certificates of deposit, loans, undue receivables, repurchase agreements, reversed repurchase agreements, the total value of loan to an organization, an individual and a group of related organizations/ individuals (if any), or an individual and related parties of that individual (if any), account for more than 25% of the owners' equity of the Company.

3.4.5 Net bilateral clearing value of assets exposed to settlement risk

Value of assets exposed to settlement risk is subject to net bilateral clearing in cases:

- Settlement risk relating to the same partner;
- Settlement risk occurred to the same type of transaction;
- ▶ The net bilateral clearing is agreed upon in writing by the parties in advance.

3.5 Exposures to operational risk

Exposures to operational risk are the potential losses which may occur due to technical errors, system errors and business processes, human errors during task performing, or due to the lack of capital resulting from expenses, losses arising from investment activities, or other objective reasons.

Exposures to operational risk of the Company is determined at the higher of 25% of the Company's operational maintaining expenses within twelve (12) consecutive months up to reporting date or 20% of the Company's legal capital according to regulation.

The Company's operational maintaining expenses are determined from total expenses incurred in the period less: depreciation expense; utilization/reverse of provision for the impairment of short-term, long-term financial asset and mortgage assets; utilization/reverse of provision for the impairment of receivable; utilization/reverse of provision for the impairment of other short-term asset; and loss from revaluation of financial assets at fair value through profit or loss ("FVTPL"), interest expenses and loss from revaluation outstanding covered warrants payables which has been recognized as expense in the period.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

4. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK

Investment items		Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND
			(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$
I. C	ash and cash equivalents, money mar	ket instrume	nts	
1.	Cash (VND)	0	683,527,828,012	-
2.	Cash equivalents	0	10,506,739,725	Ξ.
3.	Valuable papers, transferable instruments in the money market, certificate of deposit	0	303,830,958,900	-
II. G	overnment bonds			
4.	Zero-coupon Government bonds	0	-	2
5.	Coupon Government bonds	3	-	-
5.1	Government bonds, Government bonds of OECD countries or guaranteed by the Government or the Central Bank of the OECD countries, bonds issued by international institutions such as IBRD, ADB, IADB, AFDB, EIB and EBRD, Local government bonds	3	289,457,500,000	8,683,725,000
III. C	Credit institution bonds			
6.	Credit institution bonds having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	3	-	_
	Credit institution bonds having remaining term of 1 to under 3 years, including convertible bonds	8	-	-
	Credit institution bonds having remaining term of 3 to under 5 years, including convertible bonds	10	-	-
	Credit institution bonds having remaining maturity of 5 years and above, including convertible bonds	15	-	
IV. C	Corporate bonds			
Listed	d corporate bonds			
7.	Listed bonds having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	8	-	-
	Listed bonds having remaining term of 1 to under 3 years, including convertible bonds	10	-	-
	Listed bonds having remaining term of 3 to under 5 years, including convertible bonds	15	-	
	Listed bonds having remaining term of 5 years and above, including convertible bonds	20	-	-

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VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

4. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK (continued)

Investment items		Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND
		(1)	(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$
IV. C	Corporate bonds (continued)			
Unlist	ted corporate bonds			
8.	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term of 1 year, including convertible bonds	15	(=	
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term of 1 to under 3 years, including convertible bonds	20	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term of 3 to under 5 years, including convertible bonds	25	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by listed entities having remaining term of 5 years and above, including convertible bonds	30	-	_
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term of less than 1 year, including convertible bonds	25	626,663,586,466	156,665,896,617
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term of from 1 to under 3 years, including convertible bonds	30	366,265,950,151	109,879,785,045
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term of 3 to under 5 years, including convertible bonds	35	-	-
	Unlisted bonds issued by other entities having remaining term of 5 years and above, including convertible bonds	40	<u>.</u>	_

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

4. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK (continued)

Investment items		Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VND
		(1)	(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$
V. SI	hares			
9.	Ordinary shares, preferred shares of entities listed in Ho Chi Minh Stock Exchange; open-ended fund certificates	10	7,145,910,280,300	714,591,028,030
10.	Ordinary shares, preferred shares of entities listed in Hanoi Stock Exchange	15	1,146,269,090,000	171,940,363,500
11.	Ordinary shares, preferred shares of unlisted public entities registered for trading through UPCoM system	20	1,682,782,240,000	336,556,448,000
12.	Ordinary shares, preferred shares of public entities registered for depository, but not yet listed or registered for trading; shares under IPO	30	_	_
13.	Shares of other public companies	50	622	-
VI. C	ertificates of investment securities f	und		
14.	Public funds, including public securities investment companies	10	:=	-
15.	Member funds, including private securities investment companies	30	74	-
VII. R	estricted securities trading			
16.	Securities of unlisted public companies are warned due to the delay in disclosing information on audited/reviewed financial statements according to regulations	30	_	-
17.	Listed securities being warned	20	186,060,000,000	37,212,000,000
18.	Listed securities being controlled	25	1,320,000	330,000
19.	Temporarily suspended, restricted securities	40	1,296,600	518,640
20.	Delisted, cancelled securities	80	3,553,797	2,843,038
VIII. [Derivative securities			
21.	Share index futures contracts	8		
22.	Government bond futures contracts	3		

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

4. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO MARKET RISK (continued)

Invest	Investment items		Risk coefficient %	Scale of risk VND	Exposure to risk VND
			(1)	(2)	$(3) = (1) \times (2)$
IX. Ot	her securities				
23.	Shares listed in foreign included in the benchmark	markets	25	-	
24.	Shares listed in foreign man included in the benchmark	kets not	100	-	
25.	Covered warrants listed on Minh Stock Exchange	Ho Chi	8	-	y
26.	Covered warrants listed o Stock Exchange	n Hanoi	10	- "	
27.	Shares and bonds of companies with no latest financial statements up to the reporting or have audited statements with adverse, disc qualified opinion	e time of financial	100	_	
28.	Shares, capital contribution a securities	and other	80	801,239,810,000	640,991,848,000
29.	Covered warrants issued Company	by the			
30.	Securities formed from activities for the issued warrants (in case covered with interest)	hedging covered warrants			
31.	The positive difference between value of the underlying securiby the Company to hedge agrisks of covered warrants and of the underlying securities not bedge for covered warranti	ties used painst the the value ecessary		-	
X. In	creases risk				
No.	Stock code A	dditional risk (%)	Risk coefficient (%)	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to risk VNE
1.	EIB	10	10	163,489,666,960	16,348,966,696

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

5. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK

Exposures to settlement risk VND

44,688,489,831

15,896,500,842

Risk of undue items (*Note 5.1*) Risk of overdue items (*Note 5.2*) Supplemental exposures to settlement risk (*Note 5.3*)

Total exposures to settlement risk

60,584,990,673

5.1 Risks of undue items

Risk coefficient (%)		Exposures to settlement risk (VND)					Total exposures to	
Typ	pe of transactions	0%	0.8%	3.2%	4.8%	6.0%	8.0%	settlement risk
	The or transactions		(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	VND
1.	Term deposits, certificates of deposits, unsecured loans, receivables from securities trading activities and operations and other items exposed to settlement risk (*)	-	-	-	-	44,459,501,589	228,988,242	44,688,489,831
2.	Securities lending/Agreements with similar nature	:=	-	-	-			=
3.	Securities borrowing/Agreements with similar nature	10 -		-	-	*		-
4.	Reversed repurchase agreements/ Agreements with similar nature	-	-	-		-		
5.	Repurchase agreements/Agreements with similar nature	t e			₽.	1-	-	-
6.	Margin contract (loans to customers to purchase securities)/ other economic agreements with similar nature	~	-	-	-	-		
TO	TOTAL EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK OF UNDUE ITEMS						44,688,489,831	





NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

5. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK (continued)

5.1 Risks of undue items (continued)

The details of settlement risk coefficient by counterparties are determined as follows:

No.	Counterparties of the Company	Settlement risk coefficient
(1) Government, issuers guaranteed by the Government, Government and Central Banks of OECD countries; People's committees of provinces and centrally controlled municipalities		0.0%
(2)	Stock Exchanges, Vietnam Securities Depository	0.8%
(3)	Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities trading institutions which are established in OECD countries and have credit ratings in accordance with the internal policies of securities trading institutions	3.2%
(4)	Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities trading institutions which are established in OECD countries and do not meet the requirements specified in the internal policies of securities trading institutions or which are not established in OECD countries	
(5)	(5) Credit institutions, financial institutions, and securities trading institutions, securities investment fund, securities investment company being established and operating in Vietnam	
(6)	Other entities and individuals	8.0%

(*) Details:

	Carrying value VND	Collateral value VND	Carrying amount without collaterals VND	Settlement risk coefficient by counterpartie s %	Exposures to settlement risk VND
The term deposits and certificates					
of deposit Other	740,991,693,142	墨纹	740,991,693,142	6,0%	44,459,501,589
receivables _	2,862,353,024	-	2,862,353,024	8,0%	228,988,242
Total	743,854,046,166		743,854,046,166		44,688,489,831

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

5. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMENT RISK (continued)

5.2 Risks of overdue items

No.	Overdue period	Settlement risk coefficient (%)	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to settlement risk VND
1.	0 – 15 days after payment due date or date of transferring securities	16	- 0	-
2.	16 – 30 days after payment due date or date of transferring securities	32		-
3.	31 – 60 days after payment due date or date of transferring securities	48	_	-
4.	From 60 days after payment due date or date of transferring securities	100	15,896,500,842	15,896,500,842
тот	AL EXPOSURES TO SETTLEMEN	NT RISK OF OVE	RDUE PAYMENTS	15,896,500,842

5.3 Supplemental exposures to settlement risk

No.	Detail	Settlement risk coefficient (%)	Scale of risk VND	Exposures to settlement risk VND
тот	AL SUPPLEMENTAL E	EXPOSURES TO SETTLE	MENT RISK	-

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

6. CALCULATION SHEET ON EXPOSURES TO OPERATIONAL RISK

	Items	Amount VND
I.	Total operating expenses incurred during the 12-month period up to December 2024	1,032,674,696,522
11.	Deductions from total expenses (*)	778,388,134,915
III.	Total expenses after deductions (III = I – II)	254,286,561,607
IV.	25% of total expense after deductions (IV = 25% III)	63,571,640,402
V.	20% of the minimum charter capital for business operations of VIX Securities Joint Stock Company	50,000,000,000
тот	AL EXPOSURES TO OPERATIONAL RISK (Max {IV, V})	63,571,640,402

(*) Deductions from total expenses

	Amount VND
Depreciation expenses	6,766,884,936
Reversal of provision expense for impairment of receivables Loss from revaluation of financial assets recognized through profit or	(29,006,657)
loss (FVTPL)	690,816,457,182
Borrowing cost	80,833,799,454
Total	778,388,134,915

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

7. CALCULATION SHEET ON LIQUID CAPITAL

			Liquid capital	
NO.	CONTENTS	Liquid capital VND	Deductions VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
Α	Owners' Equity			
1.	Owners' equity, excluding redeemable preferred shares (if any)	14,585,131,730,000		
2.	Share premium, excluding redeemable preferred shares (if any)	121,524,825,000		
3.	Treasury shares	-		
4.	The convertible bonds - equity component	-		
5.	Other owners' equity	-		
6.	Differences from revaluation of financial assets at fair value	_		
7.	Charter capital supplementary reserve	84,018,478,276		
8.	Operational risk and financial reserve	86,480,740,231		
9.	Other funds belonging to the owner's equity	2,462,261,955		
10.	Undistributed profit after tax	1,165,122,863,976		
11.	Balance of provision for impairment of assets	15,896,500,842		
12.	Difference from revaluation of fixed assets			1
13.	Foreign exchange rate differences	-		
14.	Convertible debts			
15.	Total decrease or increase in securities investment value		-	
16.	Other capital (if any)	-		
1A	Total		16,	060,637,400,280

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VIX Securities Joint Stock Company

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

7. CALCULATION SHEET ON LIQUID CAPITAL (continued)

	-		Liquid capital	
NO.	CONTENTS	Liquid capital VND	Deductions VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
В	Short-term assets			
I	Financial assets	de samente de como		
1.	Cash and cash equivalents			
2.	Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss (FVTPL)		The second secon	
	Securities exposed to market risk			
	Securities deducted from liquid capital		-	
3.	Held-to-maturity (HTM) investments			
	Securities exposed to market risk			
	Securities are deducted from liquid capital		1986	
4.	Loans			
5.	Available-for-sale (AFS) financial assets			
	Securities exposed to market risk			
	Securities deducted from liquid capital		-	
6.	Provision for impairment of financial assets and mortgage assets			
7.	Receivables (Receivables from disposal of financial assets, Receivables and accruals from dividend and interest income from financial assets)			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		- 0	
8.	Covered warrant not yet been issued			
9.	The underlying securities for the purpose of hedging when issuing covered warrants		-	
10.	Receivables from services provided by the Company			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		-	
11.	Internal receivables			
	Internal receivables due in 90 days or less			#0 (2) 24 1
	Internal receivables due in more than 90 days		-	
12.	Receivables due to error in securities transaction			
	Receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Receivables due in more than 90 days		in the last	
13.	Other receivables			
	Other receivables due in 90 days or less			
	Other receivables due in more than 90 days	Western State of the State of t	6,410,515,074	
14.	Provision for impairment of receivables			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

7. CALCULATION SHEET ON LIQUID CAPITAL (continued)

				46,670,088,62	
	Assets qualified, adversed or disclaimed of opinion in audited or reviewed financial statements that are not deducted under Article 5, Circular 91				
VI	Provision for impairment of non- current assets				
5.	Other long-term assets		-		
4.	Payment for Settlement Assistance Fund		20,000,000,000		
3.	Deferred income tax assets		-		
2.	Long-term prepaid expenses		883,749,352		
1.	Long-term deposits, collaterals, and pledges		1,142,646,164		
V	Other long-term assets				
IV	Construction in progress		-		
III	Investment properties		-		
11	Fixed assets		24,643,693,104		
2.3	Other long-term investments		-		
2.2	Investments in subsidiaries		-		
	Securities are deducted from liquid capital		_		
2.1	HTM investments Securities exposed to market risk				
2.	Investments				
1.	Long-term receivables		-		
	Long-term financial assets				
С	Long-term assets				
1B	Total	ESSENTIAN INC. STORES IN THE	TATLESCOPING NOMING PLANTS	8,662,621,67	
8.	Provision for impairment of other current assets				
7.	Other current assets		330,125,000		
6.	Tax and other receivables from the State		54,777,804		
5.	Deductible value added tax		- FA 777 004		
1.0-2V	pledges		_		
3. 4.	Short-term prepaid expenses Short-term deposits, collaterals, and		1,835,556,715		
2.	Office supplies, tools and materials		31,647,085		
	- Advances with the remaining repayment term of more than 90 days		-		
	- Advances with the remaining repayment term of 90 days or less				
1.	Advances				
11	Other Short-term assets				
В	Short-term assets				
Mac III Se		(1)	(2)	(3)	
VO.	CONTENTS	Liquid capital VND	Deductions VND	Increase: VNI	
	I I	Liquid capital			

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

7. CALCULATION SHEET ON LIQUID CAPITAL (continued)

NO.	CONTENTS	Liquid capital		
		Liquid capital VND	Deductions VND	Increases VND
		(1)	(2)	(3)
D	Escrow, collateral items			
1	The value of the escrow			
1.1	The value of contribution to Vietnam Securities Depository and Clearing Corporation		-	
1.2	The value of contribution to the clearing fund of the central settlement counterparty for the open position of the clearing member		_	
1.3	The value of cash escrow and banks' guarantee for issuing covered warrants		-	
2	The value of collaterals for obligations due in more than ninety (90) days			
1D	Total			
	LIQUID CAPITAL = 1A-1B-1C-1D	16,005,304,689,982		

Notes:		
	Non-applicable for the preparation of the financial safety	ratio report

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL SAFETY RATIO REPORT (continued) as at 31 December 2024

8. EVENTS AFTER REPORTING DATE

There has been no matter or circumstance that has arisen after the reporting date which is required to be disclosed in the financial safety ratio report of the Company

Ms. Nguyen Thi Thu Hang Chief Accountant

Ms. Duong Thi Kim Oanh Head of Internal Control Mr. Truong Ngoc Lan General Director

Hanoi, Vietnam

21 March 2025



