Separate financial statements

For the year ended 31 December 2024



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### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

### THE COMPANY

Codupha Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in Vietnam in accordance with Enterprise Registration Certificate ("ERC") No. 0300483319 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") of Ho Chi Minh City on 18 August 2010, and as subsequently amended.

On 11 June 2015, the Company was equitized as a joint stock company in accordance with the Decision No. 2254/QD-BYT issued by the Ministry of Health. This equitization was formalized by the DPI of Ho Chi Minh City through the issuance of the 9<sup>th</sup> amended ERC on 4 January 2016.

On 6 July 2018, the Company's shares were officially traded on Unlisted Public Company Market with code CDP.

The principal activities of the Company are the wholesale and retail of medicines, medical equipment, cosmetics, and sanitary items.

The Company's registered head office is located at 262L Le Van Sy Street, Ward 14, District 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. In addition, the Company also has six (6) branches located at other provinces/cities within Vietnam.

### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Members of the Board of Directors during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr Le Van Son	Chairman
Mr Bui Huu Hien	Member
Mr Pham Thu Trieu	Member
Ms Lu Thi Khanh Tran	Member
Ms Ha Lan Anh	Member

### **BOARD OF SUPERVISORS**

Members of the Board of Supervisors during the year and at the date of this report are:

Ms Nguyen Thi Hang	Head	
Mr Truong Chi Thien	Member	
Ms Nguyen Thanh Thanh Binh	Member	appointed on 26 April 2024
Mr Nguyen Van Khai	Member	resigned on 26 April 2024

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### **MANAGEMENT**

Members of the Management during the year and at the date of this report are:

Mr Bui Huu Hien	General Director	
Ms Dinh Thi Khoi	Deputy General Director	resigned on 3 March 2025

### LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the year and at the date of this report is Mr Bui Huu Hien.

### **AUDITORS**

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

### REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of Codupha Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is pleased to present this report and the separate financial statements of the Company for the year ended 31 December 2024.

### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the separate financial statements of each financial year which give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the year. In preparing those separate financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the separate financial statements; and
- prepare the separate financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue its business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the separate financial position of the Company and ensuring that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. They are also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that they have complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying separate financial statements.

### STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in their opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024 and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements.

The Company has a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 13 of the separate financial statements. The Company prepared these separate financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specifically the Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC on disclosure of information on the securities market. Concurrently, the Company has also prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary for the year ended 31 December 2024 dated 24 March 2025.

Users of these separate financial statements should read them together with the said consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, the consolidated results of operations and the consolidated cash flows of the Company and its subsidiary.

For and on behalf of Management:

Bui Huu Hien

DUOC PHẨM TRUNG Ư

General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

24 March 2025



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 20th Floor, Bitexco Financial Tower 2 Hai Trieu Street, District 1 Ho Chi Minh City, S.R. of Vietnam Tel: +84 28 3824 5252 Fax: +84 28 3824 5250

ev.com

Reference: 12210159/67745218

### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

### To: The Shareholders of Codupha Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company

We have audited the accompanying separate financial statements of Codupha Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company ("the Company") as prepared on 24 March 2025 and set out on pages 5 to 38, which comprise the separate balance sheet as at 31 December 2024, the separate income statement and the separate cash flow statement for the year then ended and the notes thereto.

### Management's responsibility

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these separate financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these separate financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the separate financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the separate financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the separate financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the Company's preparation and fair presentation of the separate financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the separate financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.



### Opinion

In our opinion, the accompanying separate financial statements give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the separate financial position of the Company as at 31 December 2024, and of the separate results of its operations and its separate cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the separate financial statements.

Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited

CÔNG TY TRÁCH NHIỆM HỮU HẠN ERNST & XOÚNG

> Nguyen Ho Khanh Tan Deputy General Director Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 3458-2025-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

24 March 2025

Ngo Duc Nhat

**Auditor** 

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No. 5627-2025-004-1

### SEPARATE BALANCE SHEET as at 31 December 2024

VND

					VND
Code	AS	SETS	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
100	A.	CURRENT ASSETS		1,932,097,472,420	1,944,331,179,512
110	I.	Cash		20,839,104,211	50,273,990,216
111	1.	1. Cash	4	20,839,104,211	50,273,990,216
130	II.	Current accounts receivable		1,011,776,876,823	1,020,200,668,353
131		Short-term trade receivables	5.1	981,270,760,176	952,415,532,346
132		2. Short-term advances to suppliers	5.2	18,251,158,959	21,803,253,328
136		3. Other short-term receivables	6	48,007,819,080	70,943,454,859
137		4. Provision for short-term doubtful		, , ,	
		receivables	7	(35,752,861,392)	(24,961,572,180)
140	III	Inventories	8	885,384,170,267	860,259,783,505
141	****	Inventories	Ĭ	890,906,558,017	864,656,693,422
149		<ol> <li>Provision for obsolete inventories</li> </ol>		(5,522,387,750)	(4,396,909,917)
' '		Z. Tronson to execute miserial		(-,,,	(.,,
150	IV.	Other current assets		14,097,321,119	13,596,737,438
151	181	Short-term prepaid expenses	9	1,090,909,101	1,993,977,525
152		Deductible value-added tax		13,006,412,018	11,602,759,913
200	В.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS	e e	206,816,411,350	221,237,248,291
210	<i>I.</i>	Long-term receivables		650,000,000	1,662,000,000
216		Other long-term receivables	6	650,000,000	1,662,000,000
220	II.	Fixed assets		164,381,212,491	174,770,531,716
221	"	Tangible fixed assets	10	85,707,370,414	93,216,873,407
222		Cost	"	187,956,014,815	185,752,619,336
223		Accumulated depreciation		(102,248,644,401)	(92,535,745,929)
227		Intangible fixed assets	11	78,673,842,077	81,553,658,309
228		Cost		97,704,403,845	97,704,403,845
229		Accumulated amortization		(19,030,561,768)	(16,150,745,536)
220		7 todamatata amortization		(10,000,001,100)	(10,100,110,000)
240	III.	Long-term assets in progress		315,000,000	270,000,001
242		Construction in progress	12	315,000,000	270,000,001
					40.000.000
250	IV.	Long-term investments	13	39,712,893,387	43,822,322,086
251		<ol> <li>Investment in a subsidiary</li> </ol>		16,587,396,125	16,587,396,125
252		<ol><li>Investment in an associate</li></ol>		3,520,408,664	3,520,408,664
253		<ol><li>Investments in other entities</li></ol>		29,472,484,723	29,472,484,723
254		<ol><li>Provision for long-term</li></ol>			/
		investments		(9,867,396,125)	(5,757,967,426)
260	V.	Other long-term assets		1,757,305,472	712,394,488
261	٧.	Long-term prepaid expenses	9	1,757,305,472	712,394,488
201		Long term propaid expenses		1,7.57,000,172	, ,2,00 ,, ,00
270	то	TAL ASSETS		2,138,913,883,770	2,165,568,427,803

					VND
Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	Ending balance	Beginning balance
300	c.	LIABILITIES		1,917,466,114,237	1,954,645,902,800
310 311 312 313 314 315 318 319 320 322	I.	<ol> <li>Current liabilities</li> <li>Short-term trade payables</li> <li>Short-term advances from customers</li> <li>Statutory obligations</li> <li>Payables to employees</li> <li>Short-term accrued expenses</li> <li>Short-term unearned revenue</li> <li>Other short-term payables</li> <li>Short-term loans</li> <li>Bonus and welfare fund</li> </ol>	14.1 14.2 15 16 17 18 19	1,888,267,538,425 996,223,876,429 14,815,414,612 1,924,084,965 9,109,888,013 3,596,580,335 49,643,929 8,980,244,178 851,919,198,962	1,895,397,683,108 1,075,393,567,677 27,944,900,536 1,515,282,113 6,629,222,766 2,094,054,880 49,643,929 19,045,230,493 762,725,780,714
330 331 336 338 400	<i>п.</i>	Non-current liabilities  1. Long-term trade payables 2. Long-term unearned revenue 3. Long-term loans  OWNERS' EQUITY	14.1	1,648,607,002 <b>29,198,575,812</b> 198,575,812 29,000,000,000	59,248,219,692 30,000,000,000 248,219,692 29,000,000,000
410 411 411a 415 418 421 421a 421b	I.	Owners' equity  1. Share capital  - Ordinary shares with voting rights  2. Treasury shares  3. Investment and development fund  4. Undistributed earnings  - Undistributed earnings by the end of prior year  - Undistributed earnings of current year	20.1	221,447,769,533 182,700,000,000 (586,200,000) 9,071,115,794 30,262,853,739 10,633,209,209 19,629,644,530	210,922,525,003 182,700,000,000 (586,200,000) 9,071,115,794 19,737,609,209 11,059,833,290 8,677,775,919
440		TAL LIABILITIES AND NERS' EQUITY		2,138,913,883,770	2,165,568,427,803

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

24 March 2025

Chu Thi Bich Hong

Preparer

Nguyen Trieu Ngoc Thuan Chief Accountant

Bui Huu Hien **General Director** 

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SEPARATE INCOME STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2024

VND

					VND
Code	ITE	EMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
01	1.	Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	21.1	3,215,977,580,908	3,052,919,375,941
02	2.	Deductions	21.1	(7,297,762,661)	(22,818,103,573)
10	3.	Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services	21.1	3,208,679,818,247	3,030,101,272,368
11	4.	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	22	(2,972,775,353,254)	(2,821,451,528,685)
20	5.	Gross profits from sale of goods and rendering of services		235,904,464,993	208,649,743,683
21	6.	Finance income	21.2	27,093,233,957	37,436,756,804
<b>22</b> 23	7.	Finance expenses In which: Interest expenses	24	<b>(53,025,407,341)</b> <i>(39,107,005,426)</i>	( <b>64,526,999,999</b> ) (53,113,210,262)
25	8.	Selling expenses	23	(126,149,961,420)	(115,876,140,533)
26	9.	General and administrative expenses	23	(50,435,067,152)	(47,950,658,845)
30	10.	Operating profit		33,387,263,037	17,732,701,110
31	11.	Other income	25	622,692,967	508,561,286
32	12.	Other expenses	25	(1,259,919,904)	(2,551,607,132)
40	13.	Other loss	25	(637,226,937)	(2,043,045,846)
50	14.	Accounting profit before tax		32,750,036,100	15,689,655,264
51	15.	Current corporate income tax expense	27.1	(8,120,391,570)	(4,703,182,370)
60	16.	Net profit after tax		24,629,644,530	10,986,472,894

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

24 March 2025

Chu Thi Bich Hong Preparer Nguyen Trieu Ngoc Thuan Chief Accountant

Bul Huu Hien General Director

CỔ PHẨN DƯỢC PHẨM TRUNG UC SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the year ended 31 December 2024

VND ·

				VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
01	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Total accounting profit before tax		32,750,036,100	15,689,655,264
02 03 04	Adjustments for: Depreciation and amortization Provisions Foreign exchange losses arisen from revaluation of monetary	10, 11	14,529,146,019 16,381,189,426	14,411,638,582 20,020,283,139
05 06	accounts denominated in foreign currencies Net profits from investing activities Interest expenses	24	2,966,519,100 (405,247,005) 39,107,005,426	1,788,542,492 (247,226,285) 53,113,210,262
08	Operating profit before changes in	27	33,107,003,420	00,110,210,202
09 10 11 12 14 15 17	working capital (Increase) decrease in receivables Increase in inventories Decrease in payables Increase in prepaid expenses Interest paid Corporate income tax paid Other cash outflows from operating	15	105,328,649,066 (2,724,781,605) (26,604,858,277) (130,228,453,324) (141,842,560) (39,973,726,309) (7,872,965,726)	104,776,103,454 75,930,132,835 (140,297,802,647) (22,421,874,461) (1,039,703,295) (52,590,363,175) (4,826,665,069)
20	activities  Net cash flows used in operating activities		(3,351,392,998) (105,569,371,733)	(3,681,790,001) (44,151,962,359)
21	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchases and construction of			
22	fixed assets Proceeds from disposals of fixed		(4,579,614,786)	(3,402,794,347)
27	assets Interest received		770,229,674 29,805,324	505,414,768 48,152,210
30	Net cash flows used in investing activities		(3,779,579,788)	(2,849,227,369)
33 34 36	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES Drawdown of borrowings Repayment of borrowings Dividends paid	18 18 20.2	2,612,693,397,228 (2,523,499,978,980) (9,021,075,311)	2,403,455,189,446 (2,324,336,822,001) (12,742,265,000)
40	Net cash flows from financing activities		80,172,342,937	66,376,102,445

SEPARATE CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the year ended 31 December 2024

VND

Code	ITEMS	Notes	Current year	Previous year
50	Net (decrease) increase in cash for the year		(29,176,608,584)	19,374,912,717
60	Cash at beginning of year	4	50,273,990,216	30,556,323,557
61	Impact of foreign exchange rate fluctuation		(258,277,421)	342,753,942
70	Cash at end of year	4	20,839,104,211	50,273,990,216

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

24 March 2025

Chu Thi Bich Hong

Preparer

Nguyen Trieu Ngoc Thuan Chief Accountant

Bui Huu Hien General Director

CÔNG TY CÔ PHÂN DUỢC PHẨM TRUNG ƯƠ

### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

Codupha Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in Vietnam in accordance with Enterprise Registration Certificate ("ERC") No. 0300483319 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment ("DPI") of Ho Chi Minh City on 18 August 2010, and as subsequently amended.

On 11 June 2015, the Company was equitized as a joint stock company in accordance with the Decision No. 2254/QD-BYT issued by the Ministry of Health. This equitization was formalized by the DPI of Ho Chi Minh City through the issuance of the 9<sup>th</sup> amended ERC on 4 January 2016.

On 6 July 2018, the Company's shares were officially traded on Unlisted Public Company Market with code CDP.

The principal activities of the Company are the wholesale and retail of medicines, medical equipment, cosmetics, and sanitary items.

The Company's registered head office is located at 262L Le Van Sy Street, Ward 14, District 3, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam. In addition, the Company also has six (6) branches located at other provinces/cities within Vietnam.

The number of the Company's employees as at 31 December 2024 was 400 (31 December 2023: 446).

### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

### 2.1 Purpose of preparing the separate financial statements

The Company has a subsidiary as disclosed in Note 13. The Company prepared these separate financial statements to meet the prevailing requirements in relation to disclosure of information, specifically the Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC on disclosure of information on the securities market. In addition, as required by these regulations, the Company has also prepared the consolidated financial statements of the Company and its subsidiary ("the Group") for the year ended 31 December 2024 dated 24 March 2025.

Users of these separate financial statements should read them together with the said consolidated financial statements in order to obtain full information on the consolidated financial position, the consolidated results of operations and the consolidated cash flows of the Group.

### 2.2 Applied accounting standards and system

The separate financial statements of the Company, expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- ▶ Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- ▶ Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- ▶ Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- ▶ Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- ▶ Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying separate financial statements, including their utilization are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the separate financial position and the separate results of operations and the separate cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.



### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

### 2.3 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal system.

### 2.4 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its separate financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

### 2.5 Accounting currency

The separate financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

### 3.1 Cash

Cash comprises cash on hand and cash at banks.

### 3.2 Inventories

Inventories are measured at their historical costs. The cost of inventories comprises costs of purchase and directly attributable costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In case the net realizable value is lower than the original price, it must be calculated according to the net realizable value.

Net realisable value ("NRV") represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The perpetual method is used to record inventories, which are valued as cost of purchase on specific identification method.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is made for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of merchandise owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the separate income statement. When inventories are expired, obsolescence, damage or become useless, the difference between the provision previously made and the historical cost of inventories are included in the separate income statement.

### 3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the separate financial statements at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after the provision for doubtful receivables.

The provision for doubtful receivables represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expenses in the separate income statement. When bad debts are determined as unrecoverable and accountant writes off those bad debts, the differences between the provision for doubtful receivables previously made and historical cost of receivables are included in the separate income statement.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the separate income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the separate income statement.

### 3.5 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortization.

The cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible fixed asset for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets and other expenditures are charged to the separate income statement as incurred.

When intangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the separate income statement.

### Land use rights

Land use rights are recorded as intangible fixed assets representing the value of the rights to use the lands acquired by the Company. The advance payment for land rental, of which the land lease contracts and Land use rights certificate being issued, are recorded as intangible fixed asset according to Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC issued by the Ministry of Finance on 25 April 2013 guiding the management, use and depreciation of fixed assets ("Circular 45").

The useful life of land use rights are assessed as either definite or indefinite. Accordingly, the land use rights with definite useful life representing the land lease are amortized over the lease term while the land use rights with indefinite useful lives is not amortized.

### 3.6 Depreciation and amortization

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortization of intangible fixed assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

6 - 40 years
5 - 12 years
10 years
4 - 12 years
30 - 50 years
10 years

### 3.7 Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs of acquiring new assets that have not yet been fully installed or the costs of construction that have not yet been fully completed. Construction in progress is stated at cost, which includes all necessary costs to construct, repair, renovate, expand, or re-equip the projects with technologies, such as construction costs, tools and equipment costs, project management costs, construction consulting costs, and borrowing costs that are eligible for capitalization.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.7 Construction in progress (continued)

Construction in progress will be transferred to the appropriate fixed asset account when these assets are fully installed or the construction project is fully completed, and depreciation of these assets will commence when they are ready for their intended use.

Construction costs are recognized as expenses when such costs do not meet the conditions to be recognized as fixed assets.

### 3.8 Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs consist of interest and other costs that the Company incurs in connection with the borrowing of funds and are recorded as expense during the year in which they are incurred.

### 3.9 Leased assets

The determination of whether an arrangement is, or contains a lease is based on the substance of the arrangement at inception date and requires an assessment of whether the fulfilment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of a specific asset and the arrangement conveys a right to use the asset.

A lease is classified as a finance lease whenever the terms of the lease transfer substantially all the risks and rewards of ownership of the asset to the lessee. All other leases are classified as operating leases.

Where the Company is the lessee

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

Where the Company is the lessor

Rentals under operating leases are charged to the separate income statement on a straightline basis over the term of the lease.

### 3.10 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses are reported as short-term or long-term prepaid expenses on the separate balance sheet and amortized over the period for which the amounts are paid or the period in which economic benefits are generated in relation to these expenses.

### 3.11 Investments

Investment in a subsidiary

Investment in a subsidiary over which the Company has control is carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the subsidiary arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognized in the separate income statement. Distributions from sources which are attributable to period before obtaining controls are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

Investment in an associate

Investments in an associate over which the Company has significant influence are carried at cost.

Distributions from accumulated net profits of the associate arising subsequent to the date of acquisition are recognized in the separate income statement. Distributions from sources which are attributable to period before having significant influence are considered a recovery of investment and are deducted to the cost of the investment.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.11 Investments (continued)

Investments in other entities

Investments in other entities are stated at their acquisition costs.

Provision for diminution in value of the investments

Provision for diminution in value of the investment is made when there are reliable evidences of the diminution in value of those investments at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as finance expense in the separate income statement.

### 3.12 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

### 3.13 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions in currencies other than the Company's reporting currency of VND are recorded at the actual transaction exchange rates at transaction dates which are determined as follows:

- Transactions resulting in receivables are recorded at the buying exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for collection; and
- Transactions resulting in liabilities are recorded at the selling exchange rates of the commercial banks designated for payment.

At the end of the year, monetary balances denominated in foreign currencies are translated at the actual exchange rates at the balance sheet dates which are determined as follows:

- Monetary assets are translated at buying exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly; and
- Monetary liabilities are translated at selling exchange rate of the commercial bank where the Company conducts transactions regularly.

All foreign exchange differences incurred are taken to the separate income statement.

### 3.14 Contributed capital

### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at issuance price less incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of shares, net of tax effects. Such costs are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

### Treasury shares

Own equity instruments which are reacquired (treasury shares) are recognised at cost and deducted from equity. No gain or loss is recognised in the income statement upon purchase, sale, issue or cancellation of the Company's own equity instruments.

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.15 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax (excluding negative goodwill arising from a bargain purchase) is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements.

The Company maintains the following reserve funds which are appropriated from the Company's net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting.

Investment and development fund

This fund is set aside for use in the Company's expansion of its operation or of in-depth investments.

Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the separate balance sheet.

Dividends

Dividends are recognised as a liability in the separate balance sheet upon approval by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting and subsequent declaration by the Company's Board of Directors.

### 3.16 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognized to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount, rebate and sales return. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognized:

Sale of goods

Revenue is recognized when the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods have passed to the buyer, usually upon the delivery of the goods.

Rendering of services

Revenue is recognized when the services have been performed and completed.

Rental income

Rental income arising from operating leases is accounted for in separate income statement on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

Interest income

Interest income is recognized as the interest accrues (taking into account the effective yield on the asset) unless collectability is in doubt.

Dividend income

Dividend income is recognized when the Company's entitlement as an investor to receive the dividend is established.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.17 Taxation

### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior years are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except:

- where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- in respect of taxable temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries and associates, and interests in joint ventures where timing of the reversal of the temporary difference can be controlled and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except:

- where the deferred tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.
- in respect of deductible temporarily differences associated with investments in subsidiaries, associates, and interests in joint ventures, deferred tax assets are recognised only to the extent that it is probable that the temporary differences will reverse in the foreseeable future and taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

### 3.17 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the separate income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on:

- either the same taxable entity; or
- when the Company intends either to settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and to settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

### 3.18 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company if one party has the ability to, directly or indirectly, control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprises or individuals, including close members of their families.

### 4. CASH

TOTAL	20,839,104,211	50,273,990,216
Cash on hand Cash in banks	350,014,410 20,489,089,801	776,151,536 49,497,838,680
	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance

### 5. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES AND SHORT-TERM ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS

### 5.1 Short-term trade receivables

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Trade receivables from customers An Vuong Medicine Company Limited Khun Thang Pharmaceutical Company	981,270,760,176 177,271,677,134	952,415,532,346 28,879,989,375
Limited Others Provision for short-term doubtful receivables	102,299,153,275 701,699,929,767	89,747,415,885 833,788,127,086
(Note 7)	(31,616,948,811)	(20,744,680,332)
NET VALUE	949,653,811,365	931,670,852,014

As disclosed in *Note 18*, the Company has pledged certain of its short-term trade receivables to secure the bank loan facilities.

### 5. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES AND SHORT-TERM ADVANCES TO SUPPLIERS (continued)

### 5.2 Short-term advances to suppliers

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Tasly Pharmaceutical Group Co., Ltd Prime Pharmaceuticals Ltd - India VMED Trading and Service Company Limited Brawn Laboratories Ltd Piramal Pharma Ltd Others	5,633,250,000 4,425,294,690 3,257,163,000 - - 4,935,451,269	1,818,575,291 - 6,550,781,250 3,243,555,176 10,190,341,611
TOTAL	18,251,158,959	21,803,253,328
,	10,201,100,000	1,000,200,020
Provision for short-term doubtful advances to suppliers (Note 7)	(278,011,205)	(508,336,405)
NET	17,973,147,754	21,294,916,923

### 6. OTHER RECEIVABLES

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Short-term Receivables from sales support Receivables from entrusted import Advances to employees Deposits Interest for late payment Others	<b>48,007,819,080</b> 29,164,537,400 5,301,389,853 3,730,080,545 2,021,096,333 1,372,947,026 6,417,767,923	<b>70,943,454,859</b> 27,797,482,028 18,152,997,664 1,325,660,262 1,779,218,047 16,235,169,910 5,652,926,948
In which: Receivables from other parties Receivables from a related party (Note 28)	48,007,819,080	70,642,051,127 301,403,732
Long-term Deposits	<b>650,000,000</b> 650,000,000	<b>1,662,000,000</b> 1,662,000,000
TOTAL	48,657,819,080	72,605,454,859
Provision for other short-term doubtful receivables (Note 7)	(3,857,901,376)	(3,708,555,443)
NET	44,799,917,704	68,896,899,416

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 7. OVERDUE DEBTS

		Ending balance	¥		Beginning balance	NND
	Cost	Provision	Net amount	Cost	Provision	Net amount
Short-term trade receivables	41,863,155,512	(31,616,948,811)	10,246,206,701	43,582,330,998	(20,744,680,332)	22,837,650,666
Company Limited Hien Rach Nien Dharmaceutical Joint	19,954,092,956	(14,675,102,753)	5,278,990,203	20,385,362,610	(10,438,087,684)	9,947,274,926
Stock Company Kim Chair Dharmaceurical Source	5,183,291,111	(2,436,511,787)	2,746,779,324	8,909,397,760	1	8,909,397,760
Kini Cilau Filainiaceutical Company Limited Hoang An Medical Equipment	4,086,849,776	(4,086,849,776)	1	4,086,849,776	(4,086,849,776)	1
Joint Stock Company District 10 - Health Center	2,908,892,308	(2,908,892,308)	r	2,908,892,308	(2,908,892,308)	100000
Other customers	8,683,189,817	(6,462,752,643)	2,220,437,174	6,219,141,449	(3,310,850,564)	1,072,001,035 2,908,290,885
Other short-term receivables	3,914,610,839	(3,857,901,376)	56,709,463	3,914,610,839	(3,708,555,443)	206,055,396
Equipment Joint Stock Company Hai Dang Koko Construction Material	2,610,867,617	(2,610,867,617)	ī	2,610,867,617	(2,610,867,617)	ť
Import Export Company Limited Mi Natives Desires and Trading	816,000,000	(816,000,000)	1	816,000,000	(816,000,000)	1
Company Limited	487,743,222	(431,033,759)	56,709,463	487,743,222	(281,687,826)	206,055,396
Short-term advances to suppliers	278,011,205	(278,011,205)	1	508,336,405	(508,336,405)	•
Joint Stock Company	278,011,205	(278,011,205)	1	508,336,405	(508,336,405)	1
TOTAL	46,055,777,556	(35,752,861,392)	10,302,916,164	48,005,278,242	(24,961,572,180)	23,043,706,062

### 7. **OVERDUE DEBTS** (continued)

Detail of movement of provision for short-term doubtful receivables, short-term doubtful advances to suppliers and other short-term doubtful receivables are as follows:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Beginning balance	24,961,572,180	13,016,519,327
Add: Provision made during the year	11,595,002,339	12,983,335,475
Less: Reversal of provision during the year	(803,713,127)	(1,038,282,622)
Ending balance	35,752,861,392	24,961,572,180

### 8. INVENTORIES

		VND
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Merchandise goods Goods in transit	855,487,896,708 35,418,661,309	719,678,325,209 144,978,368,213
TOTAL	890,906,558,017	864,656,693,422
Provision for obsolete inventories	(5,522,387,750)	(4,396,909,917)
NET	885,384,170,267	860,259,783,505

As disclosed in *Note 18*, the Company has pledged certain of its inventories to secure the bank loan facilities.

Detail of movement of provision for obsolete inventories is as follows:

VND
t year Previous year
9,917 8,548,617,873
3,105 4,372,372,021
3,682) (6,468,970,816)
1,590) (2,055,109,161)
7,750 4,396,909,917
1

### 9. PREPAID EXPENSES

THE THE ENGLE		
	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
	_mamg salamee	20giiiiiig balanee
Short term Rental expenses Others	<b>1,090,909,101</b> 1,090,909,101	<b>1,993,977,525</b> 1,454,312,450 539,665,075
Long term Repair and maintenance costs	<b>1,757,305,472</b> 1,757,305,472	<b>712,394,488</b> 712,394,488
TOTAL	2,848,214,573	2,706,372,013

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

	Ruildings	Machanidae	Money	Ci#C		QNN
	structures	equipment	transportation	equipment	Others	Total
Cost:						
Beginning balance New purchases Disposal	95,966,408,877	48,069,341,668 1,374,539,976	38,557,681,347 2,836,686,667 (2,331,219,308)	3,101,379,981 323,388,144	57,807,463 -	185,752,619,336 4,534,614,787 (2,331,219,308)
Ending balance	95,966,408,877	49,443,881,644	39,063,148,706	3,424,768,125	57,807,463	187,956,014,815
In which: Fully depreciated	7,163,447,078	1,314,900,090	15,023,695,220	2,317,678,073	57,807,463	25,877,527,924
Accumulated depreciation:						
Beginning balance Depreciation for the year Disposal Others	32,759,779,772 4,367,050,200	30,794,915,475 4,978,468,346 -	25,960,729,021 2,222,458,061 (1,936,431,315)	2,962,514,198 81,353,180	57,807,463	92,535,745,929 11,649,329,787 (1,936,431,315)
Ending balance	37,126,829,972	35,886,559,029	26,237,956,809	2,939,491,128	57,807,463	102,248,644,401
Net carrying amount:						
Beginning balance	63,206,629,105	17,274,426,193	12,596,952,326	138,865,783	'	93,216,873,407
Ending balance	58,839,578,905	13,557,322,615	12,825,191,897	485,276,997	1	85,707,370,414

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### 11. INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

12.

13.

**NET** 

	Land use rights	Computer software	VND Total	
Cost:				
Beginning balance and ending balance	95,082,437,845	2,621,966,000	97,704,403,845	
In which: Fully amortized	558,677,536	-	558,677,536	
Accumulated amortization:				
Beginning balance Amortization for the year	15,059,255,874 2,539,673,028	1,091,489,662 340,143,204	16,150,745,536 2,879,816,232	
Ending balance	17,598,928,902	1,431,632,866	19,030,561,768	
Net carrying amount:				
Beginning balance	80,023,181,971	1,530,476,338	81,553,658,309	
Ending balance	77,483,508,943	1,190,333,134	78,673,842,077	
As disclosed in <i>Note 18</i> , the Company has pledged its land use rights located at 132A, Nguyen Van Cu, An Khanh Ward, Ninh Kieu District, Can Tho City to secure its bank loan facilities.  CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS				
TONO THOU THE TROOKES				
		Ending balance	VND Beginning balance	
Inventory and sales management Others	software	165,000,000 150,000,000	99,000,001 171,000,000	
TOTAL		315,000,000	270,000,001	
LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS				
		Ending balance	VND Beginning balance	
Investment in a subsidiary (Note 1 Investment in an associate (Note Investments in other entities (Note	13.2)	16,587,396,125 3,520,408,664 29,472,484,723	16,587,396,125 3,520,408,664 29,472,484,723	
TOTAL		49,580,289,512	49,580,289,512	
Provision for long-term investment	ts	(9,867,396,125)	(5,757,967,426)	

39,712,893,387

43,822,322,086

### 13. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

### 13.1 Investment in a subsidiary

Details of investment in a subsidiary is as follows:

Name	Business	Enc	ding balance	Begi	nning balance
		% of interest	Cost of investment	% of interest	Cost of investment
		(%)	VND	(%)	VND
Codupha-Lao Pharmaceutical Company Limited	Manufacturing and trading medicines	93.7	16,587,396,125	93.7	16,587,396,125

Details of a net value of investment in a subsidiary is as follows:

				VND
	Ending b	alance	Beginning	g balance
	Cost	Net value (*)	Cost	Net value
Codupha-Lao Pharmaceutical Company Limited	16,587,396,125	6,720,000,000	16,587,396,125	10,829,428,699

(\*) The Company is in the process of transferring its capital contribution in Codupha-Lao Pharmaceutical Company Limited through a public auction. The net value of the investment in the subsidiary is determined by the Company based on the bidding results on 22 January 2025, and the Share Transfer Agreement dated 6 February 2025.

Detailed movements of provision for diminution in value of investment in a subsidiary:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Beginning balance	5,757,967,426	-
Add: Provision made during the year	4,109,428,699	5,757,967,426
Ending balance	9,867,396,125	5,757,967,426

### 13.2 Investment in an associate

Details of investment in an associate is as follows:

Name	Business	End	ing balance	Begi	nning balance
		% of interest	Cost of investment	% of interest	Cost of investment
		(%)	VND	(%)	VND
Alfresa Codupha Vietnam Medical Co., Ltd.	Trading medicines	30	3,520,408,664	30	3,520,408,664

### 13. LONG-TERM INVESTMENTS (continued)

### 13.3 Investments in other entities

Detail of investments in other entities as at the balance sheet date is presented as follows:

Name	Business	Ena	ling balance	Begi	inning balance
		% of interest	Cost of investment		Cost of investment
		(%)	VND	(%)	VND
Kingdom Dong Duong Joint Stock Company <i>(*)</i>	Real estate	3.68	22,983,000,000	3.68	22,983,000,000
Indochina Urban Development Joint Stock Company <i>(*)</i>	Real estate	3.82	6,017,000,000	3.82	6,017,000,000
Tuyen Quang Pharmaceutical and Service Trading Joint Stock Company	Trading medicines	0.86	472,484,723	0.86	472,484,723
TOTAL			29,472,484,723	,	29,472,484,723

<sup>(\*)</sup> As disclosed in *Note 18*, the Company has pledged its shares in Indochina Urban Development Joint Stock Company and Kingdom Indochina Joint Stock Company to secure the loan facilities.

Fair values of these investments in a subsidiary, an associate and other entities were not determined as at 31 December 2024 due to unavailability of market information. However, based on the current financial positions of these companies, the management believed that the fair values of these investments were higher than their book values.

### 14. TRADE PAYABLES AND ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

### 14.1 Trade payables

		VND
	Ending balance/	Beginning balance/
	Payable amount	Payable amount
Short-term	996,223,876,429	1,075,393,567,677
Due to other parties	994,921,054,894	1,074,208,305,965
Hisamitsu Vietnam Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd	228,034,625,325	289,484,276,110
Others	766,886,429,569	784,724,029,855
Due to related parties (Note 28)	1,302,821,535	1,185,261,712
Long-term	_	30,000,000,000
Hisamitsu Vietnam Pharmaceutical Co., Ltd	_	30,000,000,000
TOTAL	996,223,876,429	1,105,393,567,677



NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

# 14. TRADE PAYABLES AND ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS (continued)

## 14.2 Short-term advances from customers

	Ending balance	VND Ending balance Beginning balance
An Duoc Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company Truong Ton Pharmaceutical Trading Company Limited	3,456,503,079	566,103,600
A My Pharmaceutical Company Limited Construction Investment Project Management Board of Civil and Industrial Works of Tra Vinh Province	2,072,402,180	15,968,616,932
Saigon Ophthalmology Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company	1,090,991,078	1,726,264,499
	ı	3,479,000,000
An Giang Management Board of Investment Construction Projects and Urban Development Areas	•	2,261,533,002
Others	2,944,441,352	3,943,382,503
TOTAL	14,815,414,612	27,944,900,536

### 15. TAX

VND Ending balance	oles Payables		1	- (5,386,196)	- (3.137.587)	- (1,548,860,088)	- (366,701,094)		1	- (1,924,084,965)	
	Receivat										
	during the year Receivables		747,608,615	53,082,680,708	3,845,764,615	7,872,965,726	1,078,473,224	20,492,039	35,867,000	66,683,851,927	
Leader to the desired on A	rayable Amount deducted the year during the year		169,912,169,236	•	•	•	•	ſ	1	169,912,169,236	
	rayable for the year		(170,659,777,851)	(53,088,066,904)	(3,845,764,615)	(8,120,391,570)	(1,234,464,036)	(20,492,039)	(35,867,000)	(1,515,282,113) (237,004,824,015)	
Beginning balance	Payables		T		(3,137,587)	(1,301,434,244)	(210,710,282)	1	1	(1,515,282,113)	
Beginnir	Receivables		1		•	,	1	•	1	1	
		Value added tax -	domestic goods Value added tax -	imported goods	Export and import tax	Corporate income tax	Personal income tax	Real estate tax, land rent	Others	TOTAL	

### 16. SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

17.

	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
External service fees Interest expenses Labour cost Others  TOTAL	1,621,250,000 608,478,997 487,464,000 879,387,338 3,596,580,335	1,475,199,880 618,855,000 2,094,054,880
OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES		
	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Trusted import received Deposits received Dividend payables Others	6,578,410,880 479,001,586 123,735,165 1,799,096,547	11,590,768,871 1,037,156,772 40,410,476 6,376,894,374
TOTAL	8,980,244,178	19,045,230,493

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 18. LOANS

880,919,198,962	(2,523,499,978,980)	2,612,693,397,228	791,725,780,714	TOTAL
<b>29,000,000,000</b> 29,000,000,000		T 1	<b>29,000,000,000</b> 29,000,000,000	<b>Long-term loans</b> Loans from a third party ( <i>Note 18.2</i> )
	(4,627,176,000)	1	4,627,176,000	(Notes 18.2)
<b>851,919,198,962</b> 851,322,198,960 597,000,002	(2,517,697,802,980) (1,175,000,000)	<b>2,612,693,397,228</b> 2,612,693,397,228	<b>762,725,780,714</b> 756,326,604,712 1,772,000,002	Short-term loans  Loans from banks ( <i>Note 18.1</i> )  Loans from individuals
VND Ending balance/ Payable amount	Decrease	Increase	Beginning balance/ Payable amount	

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 18. LOANS (continued)

### 18.1 Short-term loans from banks

The Company obtained these loans to finance its working capital requirements. Details are as follows:

			851,322,198,960	TOTAL
and its customers with total value at VND 78,000,000,000				
Average rotated inventories at Lot 9 - Yen Nghia Industrial Park, Ha Dong District, Hanoi City of VND 62,000,000,000 and debt collection rights deriving from contracts signed between the Company	From 4.7 to 4.9	From 29 May 2025 to 25 June 2025	9,117,000,887	Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade – Chuong Duong Branch
rights deriving from contracts signed between the Company and its customers with minimum value at VND 150,000,000,000 and Land use right located at 132A, Nguyen Van Cu, An Khanh Ward, Ninh Kieu District, Can Tho City				
A part of the average rotated inventories of VND 150,000,000,000; and debt collection	From 5 to 6	18,126,777,131 From 12 June 2025 to 20 June 2025	18,126,777,131	Military Commercial Joint Stock Bank – North Sai Gon Branch
Unsecured	2	From 25 February 2025 to 31 May 2025	164,949,807,440	Maritime Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Ho Chi Minh City Branch
Rotating inventories without lock protection and circulating receivables with a minimum value of VND 300,000,000,000	Ŋ	From 27 February 2025 to 26 May 2025	182,969,838,424	Vietnam International Commercial Joint Stock Bank
Debt collection rights deriving from contracts signed between the Company and its customers valued at VND 275,000,000,000 and a part of the average rotated inventories of VND 210,000,000,000	From 4.9 to 5.2	From 28 February 2025 to 24 June 2025	476,158,775,078	Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade – Ho Chi Minh City Branch
Description of collateral (Notes 5.1, 8 and 11)	Interest rate % p.a.	Maturity date	Ending balance VND	Banks

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 18. LOANS (continued)

## 18.2 Long-term loan from a third party

The Company obtained this loan to finance the investment in Urban Development Joint Stock Company and Kingdom Indochina Joint Stock Company (Note 13.3). Details are as follows:

	Description of collateral (Note 13.3)	The whole shares owned by the Company in Indochina Urban Development Joint Stock Company and Kingdom Indochina Joint Stock Company	
	Interest rate % p.a.	1	
	Maturity date Interest rate % p.a.	31 December 2026	
	Ending balance VND	29,000,000,000	29,000,000,000
Company (vote 19.9). Details are as follows.	Party	Hoa Lam Investment Development Corporation	In which: Non-current portion

### BONUS AND WELFARE FUNDS

VND Previous year	1,373,093,026 2,308,696,975 (3,681,790,001)	
Current year	5,000,000,000 (3,351,392,998) 1,648,607,002	
	Beginning balance Appropriation from undistributed earnings Utilization of funds during the year Ending balance	

NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 20. OWNERS' EQUITY

20.1 Increase and decrease in owners' equity

	Share capital	Treasury share	Investment and	Undistributed	VND
				98	0(8)
Previous year					
Beginning balance	182,700,000,000	(586,200,000)	9,071,115,794	18,343,353,290	209,528,269,084
Net profit for the year	1	•	•	10,986,472,894	10,986,472,894
Dividends declared	•	•	i	(7,283,520,000)	(7,283,520,000)
Appropriation to bounds and welfare fund	1	1	1	(2,308,696,975)	(2,308,696,975)
Ending balance	182,700,000,000	(586,200,000)	9,071,115,794	19,737,609,209	210,922,525,003
Current year					
Beginning balance	182,700,000,000	(586,200,000)	9,071,115,794	19,737,609,209	210,922,525,003
Net profit for the year	•	ì	1	24,629,644,530	24,629,644,530
Dividends declared (*)	,		ì	(9,104,400,000)	(9,104,400,000)
Appropriation to bonus and welfare fund	•	•	ī	(5.000.000.000)	(5.000.000.000)
Ending balance	182,700,000,000	(586,200,000)	9,071,115,794	30,262,853,739	221,447,769,533

<sup>(\*)</sup> During the year, the Company announced to pay dividend from undistributed earnings for the year 2023 to its existing shareholders in accordance with the Shareholders' Resolution No. 01/2024/NQ-DHDCDTN dated 25 April 2024 and Board of Directors' Resolution No. 10/2024/NQ-HDQT dated 5 July 2024 amounting to VND 9,104,400,000.

\* : + 1 | . : :

### 20. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

20.3

### 20.2 Capital transactions with owners

VND Previous year	Current year	
		Contributed share capital
182,700,000,000	182,700,000,000	Beginning and ending balances
7,283,520,000 12,742,265,000	9,104,400,000 9,021,075,311	<b>Dividends</b> Dividends declared Dividends paid
		Ordinary shares
Shares Beginning balance	Ending balance	
18,270,000	18,270,000	Authorized shares
18,270,000	18,270,000	Shares issued and fully paid Ordinary shares
(61,200)	(61,200)	Treasury shares  Ordinary shares
18,208,800	18,208,800	Shares in circulation Ordinary shares

The Company's shares are issued with par value of VND 10,000 per share. The holders of the ordinary shares are entitled to receive dividends as and when declared by the Company. Each ordinary share carries one vote per share without restriction.

### 20.4 Contributed share capital

	Ending balance		Beginning balance	
	VND	%	VND	%
Vietnam Pharmaceutical				
Corporation - JSC Ben Tre Pharmaceutical	121,225,000,000	66	121,225,000,000	66
Joint Stock Company	34,700,000,000	19	34,700,000,000	19
Others	26,775,000,000	15	26,775,000,000	15
TOTAL	182,700,000,000	100	182,700,000,000	100

### 21. REVENUE

### 21.1 Revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Gross revenue	3,215,977,580,908	3,052,919,375,941
Of which: Revenue from sale of merchandise goods Revenue from rendering of service	3,175,304,428,785 40,673,152,123	3,020,950,134,382 31,969,241,559
Less Sale returns Trade discounts Sale allowances	(7,297,762,661) (5,446,131,851) (1,039,546,397) (812,084,413)	(22,818,103,573) (18,997,126,460) (2,637,024,811) (1,183,952,302)
NET REVENUE	3,208,679,818,247	3,030,101,272,368
In which: Sale of merchandise goods Rendering of services	3,168,006,666,124 40,673,152,123	2,998,132,030,809 31,969,241,559
21.2 Finance income		
		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Payment discounts Realized foreign exchange gain during the year Interest from customers' late payments Deposit interest income	13,786,794,501 9,879,399,083 3,397,235,049 29,805,324	11,431,208,624 8,844,013,366 17,113,382,604 48,152,210
TOTAL	27,093,233,957	37,436,756,804
22. COST OF GOODS SOLD AND SERVICES REN	DERED	
		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Cost of merchandise sold Cost of services rendered Provision for obsolete inventories	2,969,418,824,523 1,876,057,216 1,480,471,515	2,818,907,190,095 227,075,730 2,317,262,860
TOTAL	2,972,775,353,254	2,821,451,528,685

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### 23. SELLING EXPENSES AND GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

	Current year	VND Previous year
Selling expenses Labor costs External services expenses Depreciation Materials Others	126,149,961,420 70,064,271,881 18,450,137,191 12,687,712,994 2,054,471,333 22,893,368,021	115,876,140,533 67,566,170,915 15,962,986,121 12,616,526,298 2,402,923,878 17,327,533,321
General and administrative expenses External services expenses Provision for short-term doubtful receivables Labor costs Depreciation Administrative tools costs Taxes, charges and fees Others	50,435,067,152 15,703,340,340 10,791,289,212 3,500,765,000 1,725,427,309 1,534,417,011 64,593,009 17,115,235,271	47,950,658,845 19,660,540,499 11,945,052,853 3,648,978,355 1,679,106,568 441,185,500 133,417,301 10,442,377,769
TOTAL	176,585,028,572	163,826,799,378
FINANCE EXPENSES		
	•	VND
	Current year	Previous year
Interest expenses Realized foreign exchange loss during the year	39,107,005,426	53,113,210,262
Provision for long-term investments Unrealized foreign exchange loss due to	6,842,454,116 4,109,428,699	3,867,279,819 5,757,967,426
year-end revaluation	2,966,519,100	1,788,542,492
TOTAL	53,025,407,341	64,526,999,999
OTHER INCOME AND OTHER EXPENSES		
	Current year	VND Previous year
Other income	622,692,967	508,561,286
Gains from disposal of fixed assets Others	375,441,681 247,251,286	199,074,075 309,487,211
Other expense	1,259,919,904	2,551,607,132
Penalties Others	339,644,364 920,275,540	387,912,856 2,163,694,276
NET OTHER LOSS	(637,226,937)	(2,043,045,846)

### 26. OPERATING COSTS BY ELEMENTS

TOTAL	3,149,360,381,826	2,985,278,328,063
Other expenses	43,662,084,645	30,747,437,769
Provisions	12,271,760,727	14,262,315,713
Depreciation and amortization	14,413,140,303	14,295,632,866
External services expenses	36,029,534,747	35,850,602,350
Labor costs	73,565,036,881	71,215,149,270
Cost of merchandises	2,969,418,824,523	2,818,907,190,095
	Current year	Previous year
		VND

### 27. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The Company has the obligation to pay corporate income tax ("CIT") at the rate of 20% of taxable profits.

The Company's tax returns are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations are susceptible to varying interpretations, amounts reported in the separate financial statements could be changed at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

### 27.1 CIT expenses

TOTAL	8,120,391,570	4,703,182,370
prior years	1,291,623,414	
Current tax expense Adjustment for under accrual of tax from	6,828,768,156	4,703,182,370
	Current year	Previous year
		VND

Reconciliation between CIT expenses and the accounting profit before tax multiplied by CIT rate is presented below:

		VND
	Current year	Previous year
Accounting profit before tax	32,750,036,100	15,689,655,264
Adjustments to increase:  Provision for diminution in value of investments	<i>5,828,184,258</i> 4,109,428,699	7,826,256,581 5,757,967,426
Non-deductible expenses Remuneration for non-executive members of the	1,282,755,559	1,924,289,155
Board of Directors and Board of Supervisors	436,000,000	144,000,000
Adjustments to decrease:  Reversal of provision for obsolete inventories Others	(4,434,379,581) (1,643,404,974) (2,790,974,607)	-
Estimated profit before tax for the year	34,143,840,777	23,515,911,845
In which: Taxable income at 20% Tax-deductible losses	34,143,840,777	23,515,911,845
Current corporate income tax	6,828,768,156	4,703,182,370
Adjustments to corporate income tax of previous years Adjustments according to the 2023 State Audit	149,290,152	-
Report	1,142,333,262	
CIT expenses	8,120,391,570	4,703,182,370

### 27. CORPORATE INCOME TAX (continued)

### 27.2 Current tax

The current tax payable is based on taxable income for the year. The taxable income of the Company for the year differs from profit as reported in the separate income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years and it further excludes items that are not taxable or deductible. The Company's current tax liability is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

### 28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

List of related parties that have a controlling relationship with the Company and other related parties that have transactions with the Company during the year and as at 31 December 2024 is as follows:

Related parties Relationship

Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation - Joint Stock Company Ben Tre Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company Codupha – Lao Pharmaceutical Company Limited 3 Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company

Alfresa Codupha Medical Co., Ltd. Mekophar Chemical Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company

Sanofi-Aventis Vietnam Joint Stock Company

Parent company
Major shareholder
Subsidiary
Affiliate/ Other related party
with the same member of
the Board of Directors
Associate
Other related party with the
same member of the Board
of Directors
Other related party with the
same member of the Board

of Directors

Significant transactions between the Company with its related parties by transactions during the year were as follows:

			VND
Related party	Transactions	Current year	Previous year
Vietnam Pharmaceutical	Dividend declared	6,061,250,000	4,849,000,000
Corporation – Joint Stock	Dividend paid	6,061,250,000	8,485,750,000
Company	Reversal warehouse rental		50,000,000
	Tentai	-	30,000,000
Ben Tre Pharmaceutical	Dividend declared	1,735,000,000	1,388,000,000
Joint Stock Company	Dividend paid	1,735,000,000	2,656,085,000
	Purchase of goods	207,966,171	376,769,637
3 Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company	Purchase of goods	305,174,992	389,683,517

Amounts due to and due from related parties at the balance sheet date were as follows:

			VND
Related party	Transaction	Ending balance	Beginning balance
Other short-term receivables			
Vietnam Pharmaceutical Corporation - Joint Stock Company	Warehouse rental		301,403,732

### 28. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due to and due from related parties at the balance sheet date were as follows: (continued)

TOTAL	_	1,302,821,535	1,185,261,712
Ben Tre Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company	Purchase of goods	6,471,014	63,389,430
3 Central Pharmaceutical Joint Stock Company	Purchase of goods	310,250,799	135,772,560
Alfresa Codupha Medical Co., Ltd.	Purchase of goods	986,099,722	986,099,722
Short-term trade payables			
Related party	Transaction	Ending balance	VND Beginning balance
Related party	Transaction	Ending balan	ce

Remuneration to members of the Board of Directors, Management and Board of Supervision during the year was as follows:

			VND
		Remun	eration
	Position	Current year	Previous year
Mr Le Van Son	Chairman	1,104,000,000	957,930,000
Mr Bui Huu Hien	Member of the Board of		
	Directors/ General Director	997,000,000	837,930,000
Ms Dinh Thi Khoi	Deputy General Director to		
	3 March 2025	759,000,000	717,930,000
Mr Pham Thu Trieu	Member of the Board of		
	Directors	100,000,000	60,000,000
Ms Ha Lan Anh	Member of the Board of		
	Directors	100,000,000	40,000,000
Ms. Lu Thi Khanh Tran	Member of the Board of	400 000 000	
Ma Names Thillens	Directors	100,000,000	10,000,000
Ms. Nguyen Thi Hang	Head of the Board of	400 000 000	40.000.000
Mr Truong Chi Thion	Supervisors	100,000,000	10,000,000
Mr Truong Chi Thien	Member of the Board of	26 000 000	24 000 000
Ms Nguyen Thanh	Supervisors Member of the Board of	36,000,000	24,000,000
Thanh Binh	Supervisors	28,000,000	
Mr Nguyen Van Khai	Member of the Board of	20,000,000	-
Wii Ngayen van Mai	Supervisors	8,000,000	24,000,000
Ms Chu Thi Bich Hong	Head of the Board of	0,000,000	24,000,000
me one im blen heng	Supervisors to		
	4 October 2023	-	404,909,318
TOTAL	-	3,332,000,000	3,086,699,318
IOIAL	=	= = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = = =	3,300,000,010

### 29. COMMITMENTS

### As a lessee

The Company leases its warehouse and office under operating lease arrangements. The minimum lease commitments at the balance sheet date under the operating lease agreements were as follows:

			VND
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
	Less than 1 year	7,420,800,000	8,461,800,000
	From 1 year to 5 years	14,331,000,000	19,096,800,000
	TOTAL	21,751,800,000	27,558,600,000
30.	OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS		
		Ending balance	Beginning balance
	Entrusted import goods held for third parties (VND) Foreign currencies:	57,370,036,754	9,347,191,679
	United States dollar (USD) Euro (EUR)	1,192 1,041	332,932 1,187

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NOTES TO THE SEPARATE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 31 December 2024 and for the year then ended

### 31. EVENTS AFTER THE BALANCE SHEET DATE

On 6 February 2025, the Company's General Director signed a contract to transfer its capital contribution in Codupha-Lao Pharmaceutical Company Limited through a public auction and is in the process of handling administrative procedures to transfer to the transferee.

Except for the above event, there is no significant matter or circumstance that has arisen since the balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the separate financial statements of the Company.

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

24 March 2025

Chu Thi Bich Hong

Preparer

Nguyen Trieu Ngoc Thuan Chief Accountant Buildun Hien General Director

CÔ PHÂN



