VINACONEX 39 JOINT STOCK COMPANY

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FINANCIAL REPORTS

The Second Quarter of 2025



Form No. B01 - DN (Issued according to TT No. 200/2014/TT-December 22, 2014 of BTC)

BALANCE SHEET OF THE PARENT COMPANY

As of June 30, 2025

Currency: VND

| ASSETS | Codes | Notes | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 | |
|--|-------|-------|------------------|------------------|--|
| A. CURRENT ASSETS | 100 | | 496.473.707.585 | 501.493.415.878 | |
| I. Cash and cash equivalents | 110 | 3 | 703.357.025 | 536.885.523 | |
| Cash | 111 | _ | 703.357.025 | 536.885.523 | |
| II. Short-term financial investments | 120 | 4 | 98.835.544.743 | 97.811.005.639 | |
| Trading securities | 121 | | 7.187.399.890 | 7.187.399.890 | |
| Allowances for devaluation of trading securities | 122 | | (979.131.404) | (1.003.670.508) | |
| Invesments held to maturity | 123 | | 92.627.276.257 | 91.627.276.257 | |
| III. Short-term receivables | 130 | | 283.306.793.469 | 285.260.084.233 | |
| Short-term trade receivable | 131 | 5 | 136.883.970.304 | 138.938.504.165 | |
| Short-term prepayment to suppliers | 132 | | 93.393.548.116 | 93.393.548.116 | |
| Other short-term receivables | 136 | 6 | 58.213.114.508 | 58.111.871.411 | |
| Provision for doubtful debts | 137 | | (5.183.839.459) | (5.183.839.459) | |
| IV. Inventories | 140 | 7 | 113.628.012.348 | 117.885.440.483 | |
| Inventories | 141 | | 113.628.012.348 | 117.885.440.483 | |
| V. Other current assets | 150 | | - | - | |
| Short-term prepaid expenses | 151 | | - | | |
| Deductible VAT | 152 | | - | _ | |
| Tax and other receivables from the State | 153 | | - | | |
| B. NON-CURRENT ASSETS | 200 | | 263.016.492.877 | 271.916.029.059 | |
| I. Non-current receivables | 210 | | 193.714.729.102 | 193.714.729.102 | |
| Other non-current receivables | 216 | | 193.714.729.102 | 193.714.729.102 | |
| II. Fixed assets | 220 | | 1.841.921.862 | 2.001.923.766 | |
| Tangible fixed assets | 221 | 8 | 1.841.921.862 | 2.001.923.766 | |
| Cost | 222 | | 53.728.624.956 | 53.728.624.956 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | 223 | | (51.886.703.094) | (51.726.701.190) | |
| Intangible fixed assets | 227 | | (31.000.703.074) | (31.720.701.170) | |
| Cost | 228 | | 141.555.000 | 141.555.000 | |
| | 229 | | (141.555.000) | (141.555.000) | |
| Accumulated depreciation | | | 29.162.388.016 | | |
| III. Investment Property | 230 | | | 30.123.371.440 | |
| Cost | 231 | | 46.802.796.144 | 47.888.057.644 | |
| Accumulated depreciation | 232 | | (17.640.408.128) | (17.764.686.204) | |
| IV. Non-current property in progress | 240 | | 1.428.184.355 | 1.428.184.355 | |
| Non-current work in progress | 241 | | 1.428.184.355 | 1.428.184.355 | |
| V. Non-current financial investments | 250 | | 4.167.233.283 | 9.755.247.561 | |
| Investments in subsidiaries | 251 | 9 | 38.660.000.000 | 38.660.000.000 | |
| Investments in equity of other entities | 253 | | 30.000.000 | 30.000.000 | |
| Provision for devaluation of non-current financial investments | 254 | | (34.522.766.717) | (28.934.752.439) | |
| VI. Other non-current assets | 260 | | 32.702.036.259 | 34.892.572.835 | |
| Non-current prepaid expenses | 261 | 10 | 32.700.218.077 | 34.890.754.653 | |
| Deferred income tax assets | 262 | | 1.818.182 | 1.818.182 | |
| TOTAL ASSETS | 270 | | 759.490.200.462 | 773.409.444.937 | |

| RESOURCES | Codes | Notes | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---|-------|-----------|-------------------|-------------------|
| A. LIABILITIES | 300 | - | 965.644.425.180 | 899.768.916.996 |
| I. Current liabilities | 310 | | 927.711.715.722 | 859.264.263.497 |
| Current trade payables | 311 | 12 | 105.085.454.704 | 106.542.892.968 |
| Current deferred revenue | 312 | | 76.374.136.028 | 76.345.391.021 |
| Tax and payables to the State | 313 | 11 | 797.306.445 | 164.860.085 |
| Payables to employees | 314 | | 657.698.600 | 849.182.600 |
| Current payable expenses | 315 | | 372.502.145.176 | 360.312.394.182 |
| Current unrealized revenue | 318 | | 122.363.494 | 124.217.139 |
| Other current payables | 319 | 13 | 148.835.296.944 | 91.588.011.171 |
| Current loans and finance lease liabilities | 320 | 14 | 223.305.261.270 | 223.305.261.270 |
| Bonus and welfare fund | 322 | | 32.053.061 | 32.053.061 |
| II. Non-current liabilities | 330 | | 37.932.709.458 | 40.504.653.499 |
| Non-current unrealized revenue | 336 | 15 | 37.298.489.458 | 39.850.899.250 |
| Other non-current payables | 337 | | 634.220.000 | 653.754.249 |
| Non-current loans and finance lease liabilities | 338 | | | - |
| B. EQUITY | 400 | | (206.154.224.718) | (126.359.472.059) |
| I. Owners' equity | 410 | <u>16</u> | (206.154.224.718) | (126.359.472.059) |
| Owners' contributed capital | 411 | | 300.000.000.000 | 300.000.000.000 |
| Ordinary shares with voting rights | 411a | | 300.000.000.000 | 300.000.000.000 |
| Capital surplus | 412 | | 15.069.800.000 | 15.069.800.000 |
| Investment and development fund | 418 | | 3.238.124.869 | 3.238.124.869 |
| Other owner's funds | 420 | | 1.123.204.630 | 1.123.204.630 |
| Retained earnings | 421 | | (525.585.354.217) | (445.790.601.558) |
| Undistributed earnings accumulated to the prior year end | 421a | | (445.790.601.558) | (413.704.929.908) |
| Undistributed earnings of the current year | 421b | | (79.794.752.659) | (32.085.671.650) |
| TOTAL RESOURCES | 440 | | 759.490.200.462 | 773.409.444.937 |

Preparer

Chief Accountant

Le Thi Thu Huong

Nguyen Tien Dung

Hanoi City, July 25, 2025

General Director

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨN VINACONEX

Pham Thanh Thuy

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STATEMENT OF INCOME OF THE PARENT COMPANY

The second quarter of 2025

Currency: VND

| | | | The secon | nd quarter | Accumulated from the beginning of the year to the end of the second quarter | |
|--|-------|-------|----------------------------|----------------------------|---|------------------|
| Items | Codes | Notes | The second quarter of 2025 | The second quarter of 2024 | 2025 | 2024 |
| 1. Total Revenue from goods sold and services rendered | 01 | 17 | 5.957.977.760 | 2.349.849.595 | 8.315.493.307 | 4.761.529.392 |
| 2. Deductions | 02 | | - | 11 - | | |
| 3. Net revenue from goods sold and services rendered | 10 | | 5.957.977.760 | 2.349.849.595 | 8.315.493.307 | 4.761.529.392 |
| 4. Cost of goods sold and services rendered | 11 | 18 | 5.683.776.495 | 1.505.126.712 | 7.188.903.207 | 3.010.253.424 |
| 5. Gross profit from goods sold and services rendered | 20 | | 274.201.265 | 844.722.883 | 1.126.590.100 | 1.751.275.968 |
| 6. Financial income | 21 | 19 | 13.330.150 | 86.583 | 13.671.532 | 31.080.017 |
| 7. Financial expenses | 22 | 20 | 12.183.260.339 | 6.229.848.033 | 18.304.154.302 | 12.461.998.446 |
| - In which: Loan interest charged | 23 | | 6.235.449.515 | 6.231.247.078 | 12.397.806.809 | 12.462.570.553 |
| 8. Selling expenses | 25 | | | | - | - |
| 9. General and administrative expenses | 26 | 21 | 1.535.591.986 | 1.682.020.257 | 2.499.282.457 | 2.593.233.460 |
| 10. Operating profit | 30 | | (13.431.320.910) | (7.067.058.824) | (19.663.175.127) | (13.272.875.921) |
| 11. Other income | 31 | | | | | ·- |
| 12. Other expenses | 32 | 22 | 58.897.925.075 | 80.491.633 | 60.131.577.532 | 618.071.156 |
| 13. Profit from other activities | 40 | | (58.897.925.075) | (80.491.633) | (60.131.577.532) | (618.071.156) |
| 14. Accounting profit before tax | 50 | | (72.329.245.985) | (7.147.550.457) | (79.794.752.659) | (13.890.947.077) |
| 15. Current corporate income tax expense | 51 | | | | - | - |
| 16. Deferred tax expense | 52 | | | | - | - |
| 17. Net profit after corporate income tax | 60 | | (72.329.245.985) | (7.147.550.457) | (79.794.752.659) | (13.890.947.077) |

Preparer

Chief Accountant

VINACONEX 39

Pham Thanh Thuy

Le Thi Thu Huong

Nguyen Tien Dung

CÔNG T General Director

CASH FLOW STATEMENT OF THE PARENT COMPANY

(Indirect method) From date 01/01/2025 to date 30/06/2025

| | | | Currency: VND |
|---|-------|---|---|
| ITEMS | Codes | Accumulated from 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 | Accumulated from 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 |
| I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| 1. Accounting profit before tax | 01 | (79.794.752.659) | (13.890.947.077) |
| 2. Adjustments for | | | • |
| - Depreciation and amortization of fixed assets | 02 | 1.120.985.328 | 1.120.985.328 |
| - Provisions | 03 | 5.563.475.174 | (738.746) |
| - Foreign exchange loss (gain) upon revaluation of monetary items | | | |
| denominated in foreign currency | 04 | | |
| - Gain from investing activities | 05 | (13.671.532) | (29.561.067) |
| - Interest expenses | 06 | 12.397.806.809 | 12.462.570.553 |
| 3. Operating profit before movements in working capital | 08 | (60.726.156.880) | (337.691.009) |
| - Increase, decrease in receivables | 09 | 1.953.290.764 | 1.265.136.742 |
| - Increase, decrease in inventory | 10 | 4.257.428.135 | 86.062.682 |
| - Increase, decrease in payables (exclude interest expenses, CIT) | 11 | 53.477.701.375 | (2.577.490.056) |
| - Increase, decrease in prepayments | 12 | 2.190.536.576 | 2.304.516.743 |
| - Increase, deacrease trading securities | 13 | | (1.171.170) |
| Net cash from operating activities | 20 | 1.152.799.970 | 739.363.932 |
| II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Payments of investments in capital contributions to other units | 25 | | |
| Cash recovered from investments in other entities | 26 | | |
| Interest earned, dividend and profit received | 27 | 13.671.532 | 29.561.067 |
| Net cash from investing activities | 30 | (986.328.468) | 29.561.067 |
| III. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES | | | |
| Receipts from borrowings | 33 | | 663.121.305 |
| Repayments of principals of borrowings | 34 | | (1.025.965.171) |
| Net cash from financing activities | 40 | - | (362.843.866) |
| Net decrease in cash during the year | 50 | 166.471.502 | 406.081.133 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of year | 60 | 536.885.523 | 137.774.346 |
| Cash and cash equivalents at the end of year | 70 | 703.357.025 | 543.855.479 |

Hanoi City, July 25, 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

General Director

Pham Thanh Thuy

Le Thi Thu Huong

Nguyen Tien Dung

These notes are an integral part and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

1. OPERATION CHARACTERISTICS OF THE ENTERPRISE

Form of capital ownership

Vinaconex 39 Joint Stock Company ("Company") is a joint stock company granted the first Business Registration Certificate No. 0103015409 dated January 15, 2007 by the Department of Planning and Investment of Hanoi City. Business registration was most recently changed on July 26, 2017. The Company's charter capital is 300 billion VND, equivalent to 30 million shares, par value of one share is 10,000 VND.

The Company's shares are listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the stock code PVV.

Main business activities of the Company

- Construction of civil works, transportation, irrigation, electrical works up to 35KV, interior and exterior decoration of works;
- Leveling and treating construction foundations;
- Production, assembly, purchase and sale of automobiles, machinery, equipment and spare parts;
- Production, assembly and sale of tools, equipment, support and rescue equipment;
- Transporting goods, transporting passengers by car, car rental;
- Planting and selling trees;
- Car repair and maintenance services;
- Production, purchase, sale and rental of machinery, equipment, materials and materials for the construction industry;
- Real estate business; restaurant business.

Normal production and business cycle

For construction activities, the Company's normal production and business cycle is carried out within a period of no more than 12 months.

Company Structure

The Company's headquarters is located at Floor 1, CT2A Building, Co Nhue New Urban Area, Co Nhue 1 Ward, Bac Tu Liem District, Hanoi City.

The company has the following subsidiaries:

| Subsidiary company | Address | Contributed capital 30/06/2025 | Proportion own |
|--|--|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| PVV Industrial Civil Construction., JSC | CT2A Building, Co Nhue New Urban Area, Bac Tu Liem District, Hanoi | 38.660.000.000 | 77,32% |

Accounting year

The Company's accounting year begins on January 1 and ends on December 31 of the calendar year.

Currency used in accounting: Vietnam Dong (VND)

Applicable accounting standards and regimes

Financial statements are presented in Vietnam Dong (VND), prepared based on accounting principles in accordance with the provisions of the Enterprise Accounting Regime issued in Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC dated December 22, 2014 of the Ministry of Finance, Vietnam Accounting Standards and legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial reports.

2. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The following are the main accounting policies applied by the Company in preparing financial statements:

Basis for preparing financial statements

Financial statements are prepared on the basis of accrual accounting (except for some information related to cash flows), according to the historical cost principle, based on the assumption of continuous operations.

Accounting estimates

The preparation of financial statements in compliance with Vietnamese accounting standards, corporate accounting regime and legal regulations related to the preparation and presentation of financial statements requires the Board of Directors to have Estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of liabilities, assets and presentation of contingent liabilities and assets at the date of the financial statements as well as the reported amounts of revenues and expenses fees throughout the financial year. Although accounting estimates are made with all the knowledge of the Board of Directors, actual numbers may be different from the estimates and assumptions.

Currency conversion

Principles for foreign currency conversion are implemented in accordance with the provisions of Vietnamese Accounting Standards (VAS) No. 10 - Effects of exchange rate changes and current corporate accounting regime.

During the year, economic operations arising in foreign currency are converted to VND according to the actual transaction rate at the date of origin or the accounting accounting rate. The resulting exchange rate difference is reflected in financial operating revenue (if l ai) and financial expenses (if loss). Currency items denominated in foreign currency are revalued at the actual transaction rate at the end of the annual accounting period. Exchange differences due to revaluation are reflected in exchange rate differences and balances are carried over to financial operations revenue (if l interest) or financial expenses (if loss) at the end of the annual accounting period.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include cash on hand, demand deposits, short-term investments, are highly liquid, easily convertible into cash and have little risk associated with value fluctuations.

Financial tools

Initial recognition

Financial assets: At the initial recognition date, financial assets are recorded at cost plus transaction costs directly related to the purchase of that financial asset.

The Company's main assets include cash and cash equivalent accounts, customer receivables and other accounts receivable, financial investment accounts and key derivative financial instruments.

Financial debt: At the initial recognition date, financial debt is recorded at cost less transaction costs directly related to the issuance of that financial debt.

The Company's financial liabilities include accounts payable to suppliers, other payables, payable expenses, loans and derivative financial instruments.

Reassess after initial recognition

Currently, there are no provisions regarding re-evaluation of the primary instrument after the initial recording.

Accounts receivable and provisions for bad debts

Receivables are tracked in detail according to original term, remaining term at the time of reporting, receivable objects, type of receivable currency and other factors according to the Company's management needs. The classification of receivables as customer receivables and other receivables is done according to the principle:

- Receivables from customers include commercial receivables arising from buy-sell transactions, including receivables from sales and exports entrusted to other units;
- Other receivables include non-commercial receivables, not related to purchase sale transactions, including: Receivables from loan interest, deposit interest; expenses paid on behalf; The amounts the export entrusted party must collect on behalf of the entrusting party; must collect fines and compensation; advances; Pledge, deposit, deposit, lend assets...

The Company bases on the remaining term at the reporting time of receivables to classify them as long-term or short-term receivables.

Recorded receivables do not exceed their recoverable value. Provision for bad debts is made for receivables that are overdue for payment for six months or more, or receivables that the debtor has difficulty paying due to dissolution, bankruptcy or other difficulties. Similar difficulties are in accordance with the provisions of Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated December 7, 2009 of the Ministry of Finance and the current corporate accounting regime.

Financial investments

Trading securities

Trading securities are securities held by the Company for business purposes. Trading securities are recognized starting from the date the Company acquires ownership and are determined at their initial value according to the fair value of payments at the time the transaction occurred plus costs related to the transaction. trading securities purchases.

In subsequent accounting periods, securities investments are determined at cost less any discounts on trading securities.

Provision for devaluation of trading securities is made in accordance with current accounting regulations.

Investments held until maturity

Invesments held to maturity include investments that the Company has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Invesments held to maturity include: term bank deposits (including bills and promissory notes), bonds, preference shares that the issuer is required to repurchase at a certain time in the future and held-to-maturity loans with the purpose of collecting interest periodically and other held-to-maturity investments.

Invesments held to maturity are recognized starting from the purchase date and are initially valued at the purchase price and costs related to the purchase of the investment accounts. Income from investment accounts held until the maturity date after the date of acquisition is recognized in the income statement on a provision basis. Will be affected before the holding company deducts from the original price at the time of purchase.

Invesments held to maturity are determined at cost less investment allowance. Provisions for held-to-maturity investments are made in accordance with current accounting regulations.

Investments in subsidiaries

Subsidiaries are companies controlled by the Company. Control is achieved when the Company has the ability to control the financial and operating policies of investee companies in order to obtain benefits from the activities of these companies.

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Contribute capital to joint ventures

Joint venture capital contributions are agreements based on signing contracts under which the Company and participating parties carry out economic activities on the basis of joint control. The basis of joint control is understood to mean that making strategic decisions related to the operational and financial policies of the joint venture must have the consent of the joint controlling parties.

In the case of a member company directly carrying on business under joint venture arrangements, the the capital contribution to jointly controlled assets and any liabilities incurred jointly with other joint venture capital contributors from the joint venture's activities are accounted for in the respective company's financial statements and classified according to the nature of the economic operations incurred. Debts and expenses incurred are directly related to the capital contribution in the jointly controlled assets accounted for on an accrual basis. Income from sales or use of the divided product portion of the joint venture's operations and the resulting costs incurred are recognized when there is no doubt that the economic benefits derived from the transactions This is transferred to or transferred out of the Company and these economic benefits can be determined determine reliably.

Joint venture capital contribution agreements involving the establishment of an independent business establishment in which the parties contribute capital to the joint venture are called jointly controlled business establishments.

Investments in affiliated companies

An associate is a company in which the Company has significant influence but is not a subsidiary or joint venture of the Company. Significant influence is the right to participate in the financial and operating policy decisions of the investee but not control or joint control over those policies.

The Company initially records investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, and associates at cost. The Company accounts in income on the income statement the amount distributed from the accumulated net profit of the investee arising after the date of investment. Other amounts that the Company receives in addition to distributed profits are considered recovery of investments and recorded as a deduction from the original investment cost.

Investments in subsidiaries, joint ventures, and affiliated companies are presented in the Balance Sheet at original cost minus provisions for depreciation (if any). Provision for devaluation of investments in subsidiaries, joint venture companies, and affiliated companies is made in accordance with the provisions of Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC dated December 7, 2009 of the Ministry of Finance on "Guidelines for guiding the regime of setting up and using provisions for devaluation of inventory, loss of financial investments, bad debts, and warranties for products, goods, and construction works at the enterprise", Circular no 89/2013/TT-BTC dated June 28,

2013 of the Ministry of Finance on amending and supplementing Circular No. 228/2009/TT-BTC and current accounting regulations.

Invest in equity instruments of other entities

Investments in equity instruments of other entities reflect investments in equity instruments but the Company does not have control, joint control or significant influence over the investee.

Investments in equity instruments of other entities are stated at cost less provisions for investment devaluation.

Inventories

Inventories are determined on the basis of the lower of cost and net realizable value. The cost of inventory includes direct materials costs, direct labor costs and other directly related costs incurred in bringing the inventory to its present location and condition. The original cost of inventory is determined according to the weighted average method. Net realizable value is determined by the estimated selling price less costs of completion, marketing, selling and distribution expenses incurred.

Provision for devaluation of inventory is made according to current accounting regulations. Accordingly, the Company is allowed to make provisions for devaluation of inventory, damage, and poor quality in case the original price of inventory is higher than the net realizable value at the end of the accounting period.

Tangible fixed assets and depreciation

Tangible fixed assets are presented at cost less accumulated depreciation. The original cost of a tangible fixed asset includes the purchase price and all other costs directly related to bringing the asset into a ready-to-use state. The original cost of self-made and self-constructed tangible fixed assets includes construction costs, actual production costs incurred, plus installation and test run costs.

Depreciation of fixed assets is calculated using the straight-line method based on the estimated useful life of the asset in accordance with the depreciation framework specified in Circular No. 45/2013/TT-BTC dated April 25, 2013 of the Government. Ministry of Finance. The specific depreciation period of fixed assets is as follows:

| | Nåm |
|-------------------------------------|---------|
| Machinery and equipment | 05 - 20 |
| Means of transport and transmission | 06 - 10 |
| Office equipment | 04 - 07 |

Construction in progress costs

Assets under construction for production, rental, administration or any other purpose are recorded at cost. This cost includes necessary costs to form assets including construction costs, equipment, other costs and related interest costs in accordance with the Company's accounting policies. Depreciation of these assets is applied the same as other assets, starting when the assets are in a ready-to-use state.

Upfront costs

Long-term prepaid expenses include prepaid office rental expenses; value of small tools and components exported for use and considered capable of bringing future economic benefits to the Company for a period of 1 year or more; Prepaid expenses to transfer the right to use Vinaconex's trademarks according to the License contract signed between the two parties.

Prepaid office rental costs at Floor 12 - Vinaconex 9 Building - Pham Hung Street - Tu Liem - Hanoi are allocated to business operating expenses corresponding to the 46-year lease term.

Prepaid expenses to receive the transfer of rights to use Vinaconex's trademarks are allocated to business operating expenses on a straight-line basis with an allocation time consistent with the contractual transfer time of 20 days, year.

Prepaid expenses of the Communist Magazine Project are allocated according to the straight-line method corresponding to the distribution of revenue from project exploitation over a period of 20 years.

Revenue recognition

Revenue from real estate transfer activities is recognized after the real estate has been completed and most of the risks and benefits related to the real estate have been transferred to the buyer in accordance with the provisions of the Standard. Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 17 - Total Revenue from goods sold and services rendered.

The recognition of real estate sales revenue must simultaneously satisfy the following 5 conditions:

- The real estate has been completely completed and handed over to the buyer, the enterprise has transferred the risks and benefits associated with real estate ownership to the buyer;
- The enterprise no longer holds the right to manage real estate as the owner of real estate or the right to control real estate;
- Revenue is determined relatively reliably;
- The enterprise has obtained or will receive economic benefits from the real estate sale transaction;
- Identify costs related to real estate sales transactions.

Revenue from the Company's construction contracts is recognized in accordance with the Company's accounting policy on construction contracts (see details below).

Deposit interest is recognized on an accrual basis, determined on the balance of deposit accounts and the applicable interest rate.

Construction contract

When the outcome of a construction contract can be estimated reliably, revenue and costs related to the contract are recognized by reference to the stage of completion of the work at the balance sheet date. calculated as a percentage of the cost incurred for the completed work at the end of the accounting period compared to the total estimated cost of the contract, except in cases where this cost is not equivalent to the total estimated cost of the contract. Construction volume has been completed. This cost may include additional costs, compensation and contract performance bonuses as agreed with the customer.

When the outcome of a construction contract cannot be estimated reliably, revenue is recognized only to the extent of contract costs incurred whose reimbursement is relatively certain.

Unrealized revenue

The Company's unearned revenue includes revenue from office rental contracts on the 12th floor - Vinaconex 9 building - Pham Hung - Tu Liem street and revenue from office rental contracts at 19 Pham Ngoc building. Thach - District 3 - Ho Chi Minh City.

Unearned revenue from real estate business activities is recorded according to the payment progress in land use rights and housing transfer contracts according to instructions in Circular 78/2014/TT-BTC dated December 18. June 2014 of the Ministry of Finance.

Borrowing costs

Borrowing costs include loan interest and other costs incurred directly related to the Company's loans. Borrowing costs are recorded in business results in the period in which they arise unless capitalized in accordance with the provisions of Vietnamese Accounting Standards and the current Enterprise Accounting Regime.

Borrowing costs directly related to the procurement and construction to form a specific asset are capitalized to form the historical cost of that asset. Capitalization of borrowing costs will be suspended during periods of interruption in the investment or production of assets in progress, unless such interruption is necessary. The capitalization of borrowing costs will end when the major and necessary activities to prepare the unfinished asset for use or sale have been completed.

All other loan interest expenses are accounted for in business results when these expenses arise.

Tax

Corporate income tax represents the total value of current tax payable and deferred tax. The current tax amount payable is calculated based on taxable income for the year. Taxable income differs from net profit as reported in the income statement because taxable income does not

include items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other years (including loss carry-forward, if any) and in addition does not include non-taxable or non-deductible items.

Deferred income tax is calculated on the differences between the book value and the income tax base of assets or liabilities on the financial statements and is recorded according to the balance sheet method. Deferred tax liabilities must be recognized for all temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognized only when it is probable that there will be sufficient future taxable profit to offset the difference, temporary deviation.

Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rate expected to apply in the year the asset is realized or the liability is settled. Deferred income tax is recorded in the income statement and recorded in equity only when the tax is related to items recorded directly in equity.

Deferred tax assets and deferred tax liabilities are offset when the Company has a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the assets Deferred income taxes and deferred income tax liabilities related to corporate income taxes are administered by the same tax authority and the Company intends to pay current income taxes on a net basis.

The determination of corporate income tax is based on current tax regulations. However, these regulations change from time to time and the final determination of corporate income tax depends on the inspection results of the competent tax authority.

Other taxes are applied according to current tax regulations in Vietnam.

Related parties

Enterprises and individuals, directly or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, have control over the Company or are controlled by the Company, or are under common control with the Company, including the Parent Company. , subsidiaries and affiliated companies are related parties. Affiliates, individuals who directly or indirectly hold voting rights of the Company and have significant influence over the Company, key management personnel including directors, officers of the Company, and other members of the Company. Close family members of these individuals or parties associated with these individuals are also considered related parties.

3. Cash and cash equivalents

| | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 | |
|--------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| | VND | VND | |
| Cash on hand | 49.499.673 | 24.139.260 | |
| Cash in bank | 653.857.352 | 512.746.263 | |
| Total | 703.357.025 | 536.885.523 | |

4. Short-term financial investments

a) Trading securities

| , , | 30/06/2025 | | | | 01/01/2025 | | | |
|-------------|-----------------|---------------------|---------------|--------------------|---------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| - | Historical cost | Value reasonable | Provision | Historical cost | Value reasonable | Provision | | |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND | | |
| PVX shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Number of | 105.772 | - | - | 105.772 | - | - | | |
| shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Value | 1.163,492.000 | 184.360.596 | (979.131.404) | 1.163.492.000 | 159.821.492 | (1.003.670.508) | | |
| VE4 shares | | | - | | | - | | |
| + Number of | 77.400 | | | 77.400 | | | | |
| shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Value | 6.011.675.670 | 6.011.675.670 | - | 6.011.675.670 | 6.011.675.670 | | | |
| PSP shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Number of | | | | 1.700 | | | | |
| shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Value | | - | - | 11.061.050 | 11.061.050 | - | | |
| TTG shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Number of | 1.300 | | | | | | | |
| shares | | | | | | | | |
| + Value | 12,232,220 | 12.232.220 | | | | | | |
| Total | 7.187.399.890 | 6.208.268.486 | (979.131.404) | 7.186.228.720 | 6.182.558.212 | (1.003.670.508) | | |

b) Invesments held to maturity

| | 30/06/ | 2025 | 01/01/2025 | | |
|---------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|--|
| | Historical | Book value | Historical | Book value | |
| | cost | | cost | | |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND | |
| - Term | 1.000.000.000 | 1.000.000.000 | - | _ | |
| deposit | | | | | |
| Others | 91.627.276.257 | 91.627.276.257 | 91.627.276.257 | 91.627.276.257 | |
| Total | 92.627.276.257 | 92.627.276.257 | 91.627.276.257 | 91.627.276.257 | |

5. Short-term trade receivable

| | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| | VND | VND |
| PVV Industrial Civil Construction JSC | 129.760.406 | 129.760.406 |
| Thanh Hoa Petroleum Construction JSC | 50.551.642.770 | 50.551.642.770 |
| Nam Cuong Group JSC | 12.346.970.632 | 16.495.179.340 |
| PVV Investment and Materials JSC | 36.090.164.131 | 36.090.164.131 |
| Petro Vietnam Construction Joint Stock Corporation | 13.810.379.118 | 11.427.913.861 |
| Others | 23.955.053.247 | 24.243.843.657 |
| Total | 136.883.970.304 | 138.938.504.165 |
| -Provision for current doubt debts | -5.183.839.459 | -5.183.839.459 |
| Current trade receivables | 131.700.130.845 | 133.754.664.706 |

6. Other short-term receivables

| | 30/06/ | 2025 | 01/01 | /2025 |
|------------------------------------|----------------|-----------------|----------------|-----------------|
| | Value | Provision | Value | Provision |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| Receivables from dividends | 5.911.814.000 | (3.330.000.000) | 5.911.814.000 | (3.330.000.000) |
| Mortgage, collaterals and deposits | 13.000.250.400 | - | 13.000.250.400 | _ |
| Bac Trung Bo Minerals Investment | 20.138.911.764 | - | 20.138.911.764 | - |
| JSC - trust capital interest | | | | |
| Advances to employee | 3.465.887.013 | - | 3.468.845.013 | - |
| Others | 15.696.251.331 | | 15.592.050.234 | |
| Total | 58.213.114.508 | (3.330.000.000) | 58.111.871.411 | (3.330.000.000) |

7. Inventories

| | 30/06/202 | 5 | 01/01/2025 | 5 |
|----------------------|---------------------------|-----|-----------------|-----------|
| | Historical cost Provision | | Historical cost | Provision |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| Work in process | 111.350.566.768 | - | 115.607.994.903 | - |
| Finished real estate | 2.277.445.580 | _ | 2.277.445.580 | - |
| Total | 113.628.012.348 | _ | 117.885.440.483 | |

8. Tangible fixed assets

| | Buildings and structures | Machinery and Equipments | Office Equipments | Means of transport and transmission | Other fixed assets | Total |
|----------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|---|--------------------|----------------|
| COST | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| As at 01/01/2025 | | 52 007 170 160 | 440.000 | | | |
| As at 30/06/2025 | | 53.227.178.160 | 419.992.251 | | 81.454.545 | 53.728.624.956 |
| | | 53.227.178.160 | 419.992.251 | - | 81.454.545 | 53.728.624.956 |
| ACCUMULATED DEPRECIA | ΓΙΟΝ | | | | | |
| As at 01/01/2025 | | 51.225.254.394 | 419.992.251 | - | 81.454.545 | 51.726.701.190 |
| Charged for the year | | 160.001.904 | _ | - | | 160.001.904 |
| As at 30/06/2025 | | 51.385.256.298 | 419.992.251 | | 81.454.545 | 51.886.703.094 |
| NET BOOK VALUE | | | | | 0111041045 | 31.000.703.094 |
| As at 01/01/2025 | - | 2.001.923.766 | | | | 2.001.923.766 |
| As at 30/06/2025 | Pel | 1.841.921.862 | - | | - | 1.841.921.862 |

1121 2400 1211

9. Investments in subsidiaries

| | | 30/06/2025 | | | 01/01/2025 | |
|--|-----------------|------------------|---------------------|--------------------|------------------|---------------------|
| | Historical cost | Provision | Value reasonable | Historical cost | Provision | Value reasonable |
| | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| PVV Industry Civil Construction JSC | 38.660.000.000 | (34.522.766.717) | 4.137.233,283 | 38.660.000.000 | (28.934.752.439) | 12,295,369,798 |
| Total | 38.660.000.000 | (34.522.766.717) | 4.137.233.283 | 38.660.000.000 | (28.934.752.439) | 12.295.369.798 |

10. Non-current prepaid expenses

| | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| | VND | VND |
| Office rental fee | 7.040.361.574 | 7.153.069.114 |
| Vinaconex franchise brand | 1.115.342.467 | 1.265.342.467 |
| Investment costs for the Communist Magazine project | 24.517.037.145 | 26.453.599.605 |
| Others | 27.476.891 | 18.743.467 |
| Total | 32.700.218.077 | 34.890.754.653 |

Investment costs for the Communist Magazine project according to the Business Cooperation Contract with the Communist Magazine, whereby the two parties cooperate in business in the form of a Company constructing a building at the Magazine Office location. Southern Communist Magazine and was allowed to do business for 20 years (after handing over a basement and one floor to the Communist Magazine). Accordingly, after the construction project is completed, the Company leases it to another partner for a period of 20 years and records the building construction costs as long-term prepaid expenses and allocates them over 20 years corresponding to pre-recognized revenue allocation period. The allocation period starts from July 1, 2011.

11. Tax and payables to the State

| | 01/01/2025 | Payable during the year | Paid during the year/ Adjustment | 30/06/2025 |
|-----------------------|-------------|-------------------------|----------------------------------|-------------|
| | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| Value added tax | 162.642.345 | 707.164.313 | 533.212.836 | 336.593.822 |
| Corporate income tax | - | | | _ |
| Personal income tax | 2.217.740 | 29.082.777 | 28.865,604 | 2.434.913 |
| Land tax, land rental | - | 486.201.630 | 27.923.920 | 458,277,710 |
| Others | | 3.000.000 | 3.000.000 | - |
| Total | 164.860.085 | 1.225.448.720 | 593.002.360 | 797.306.445 |

* 2 -b; j-

12. Current trade payables

| | 30/06 | /2025 | 01/01/2025 | |
|---|-----------------|----------------------------|-----------------|----------------------------|
| | Value | Amount able to be paid off | Value | Amount able to be paid off |
| Trade payables to related parties PVV Industry Civil Construction JSC | 5.583.062.172 | 5.583,062.172 | 6.238.117.172 | 6.238.117.172 |
| Trade payables to others Minh Duc Concrete and Construction Co., Ltd | 10.571.825.170 | 10.571.825.170 | 10.571.825.170 | 10.571.825.170 |
| Communist Review | 18.408.303.999 | 18.408.303.999 | 17.877.642.531 | 17.877.642.531 |
| Others | 70.522.263.363 | 70.522.263.363 | 71.855.308.095 | 71.855.308.095 |
| Total | 105.085.454.704 | 105.085.454.704 | 106.542.892.968 | 106.542.892.968 |

13. Other current payables

| _ | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|--|-----------------|----------------|
| | VND | VND |
| Union dues and mandatory insurances | 48.572.401 | 20.434.241 |
| Maintenance fees for CT2B and PVV-Vinafarm apartment s | 5.028.047.172 | 5.934.947.049 |
| Ocean Commercial Bank Limited | 80.000.000.000 | 80.000.000.000 |
| Dividends | 3.607.980.000 | 3.607.980.000 |
| Enforcement of judgment on the Nam An Khanh Project Investment Cooperation Contract lawsuit | 58.169.863.000 | - |
| Others | 1.980.834.371 | 2.024.649.881 |
| Total | 148.835.296.944 | 91.588.011.171 |

14. Current loans and finance lease liabilities

Current loans and finance lease liabilities

| | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|---|-----------------|-----------------|
| _ | Value | Value |
| | VND | VND |
| International Commercial Joint Stock Bank - Head Office (1) | 69.363.237.819 | 69.363.237.819 |
| Vietnam Public Commercial Joint Stock Bank (2) | 46.479.047.927 | 46.479.047.927 |
| Century Investment Corporation (3) | 3.540.000.000 | 3.540.000.000 |
| Ocean Commercial Bank Limited | 2.000.000.000 | 2.000.000.000 |
| Saigon Transportation BOT Co., Ltd | 3.200.000.000 | 3.200.000.000 |
| Individual loan | 5.891.240.000 | 5.891.240.000 |
| Long-term debt is due for repayment | 92.831.735.524 | 92.831.735.524 |
| Total | 223.305.261.270 | 223.305.261.270 |

- (1) Short-term loan from International Commercial Joint Stock Bank (VIB) Head Office, according to Credit Contract No. 2782/HDTD2-VIB08/11 dated August 15, 2011 and accompanying appendices with a limit of 100 billion VND, loan term not exceeding 12 months. Loan interest rates are determined by the Bank from time to time. Collateral is property formed in the future according to mortgage contract No. 2782.02/2013/DB dated March 8, 2013. The company has worked with the Bank to have a specific debt repayment process.
- The loan from Vietnam Public Commercial Joint Stock Bank was converted from the loan of the previous PetroVietnam Finance Corporation, including loans to supplement working capital and loans to purchase machinery and equipment.
- Short-term loan from Century Group Joint Stock Company under the Loan Contract dated August 2, 2010. In 2014, the Company signed an addendum according to which from July 3, 2013 onwards, the Company does not have to pay loan interest to Century Group Joint Stock Company..

15. Non-current unrealized revenue

| | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2024 |
|---|----------------|----------------|
| - | VND | VND |
| Office for lease at Communist Magazine building (1) | 31.080.307.623 | 33.534.016.117 |
| Office for lease at Vinaconex 9 building (2) | 6.218.181.835 | 6.316.883.133 |
| Total | 37.298.489.458 | 39.850.899.250 |

- (1) Proceeds from leasing office space to partners at the Communist Magazine Construction Standing Agency Building under Contract No. 03/PVFC-PVC VINACONEX dated December 10, 2010. Accordingly, revenue is recognized each period corresponding to the project's office rental period of 20 years from July 1, 2011.
- (2) Proceeds from leasing office space to partners on the 12th floor of Vinaconex 9 building, according to contract No. 03/2013 dated March 18, 2013. Revenue is recognized each period corresponding to the Company's remaining lease term of 43 years from March 18, 2013.

16. Equity

Reconciliation table of equity fluctuations

| | Owners' equity | Share premium | Other owner's funds | Investment and development fund | Undistributed earnings | Total |
|-------------------|-----------------|----------------|---------------------|---------------------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|
| | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND | VND |
| As at 01/01/2024 | 300.000.000.000 | 15.069.800.000 | 1.123.204.630 | 3.238.124.869 | (413.704.929.908) | (94.273.800.409) |
| Loss for the year | - | <u>-</u> | - | - | (32.085.671.650) | (32.085.671.650) |
| As at 01/01/2025 | 300.000.000.000 | 15.069.800.000 | 1.123.204.630 | 3.238.124.869 | (445.790.601.558) | (126.359.472.059) |
| Loss for the year | - | | - | - | (79.794.752.659) | (79.794.752.659) |
| As at 30/06/2025 | 300.000.000.000 | 15.069.800.000 | 1.123.204.630 | 3.238.124.869 | (525.585.354.217) | (206.154.224.718) |

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN VINACONEX 39 THUYẾT MINH BÁO CÁO TÀI CHỊNH

Shares

| | 30/06/2025 | 01/01/2025 |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|
| Authorised shares | 30.000.000 | 30.000.000 |
| Issued shares | 30.000.000 | 30.000.000 |
| - Common shares | 30.000.000 | 30.000.000 |
| Outstanding shares | 30.000.000 | 30.000.000 |
| - Common shares | 30.000.000 | 30.000.000 |
| * Par value of an outstanding | 10.000 | 10.000 |

share: VND/share

17. Total Revenue from goods sold and services rendered

| | This period | Comparison period |
|---------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | VND | VND |
| Sales of construction contracts | 3.776.676.824 | - |
| Sales of real estate business | _ | _ |
| Sales of services rendered | 4.538.816.483 | 4.761.529.392 |
| Total | 8.315.493.307 | 4.761.529.392 |

18. Cost of goods sold and services rendered

| | This period | Comparison period |
|--------------------------------|---------------|-------------------|
| | VND | VND |
| Cost of construction contracts | 4.178.649.783 | |
| Cost of real estate business | | |
| Cost of services rendered | 3.010.253.424 | 3.010.253.424 |
| Total | 7.188.903.207 | 3.010.253.424 |

19. Financial income

| | This period | _Comparison period |
|----------------------------|-------------|--------------------|
| | VND | VND |
| Deposit interest | 13.671.532 | 29.560.610 |
| Profits from stock trading | | 1.519.407 |
| Total | 13.671.532 | 31.080.017 |

20. Financial expenses

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẦN VINACONEX 39 THUYẾT MINH BÁO CÁO TÀI CHINH

| | This period | Comparison period | |
|---|----------------|-------------------|--|
| | VND | VND | |
| Interest expense | 12.397.806.809 | 12.462.570.553 | |
| Provision for the devaluation of trading securities | 5.563.475.174 | (738.746) | |
| and impairment of long-term financial investments | | | |
| Foreign exchange loss | 342.741.993 | - | |
| Others | 130.326 | 166.639 | |
| Total | 18.304.154.302 | 12.461.998.446 | |

21. General and administrative expenses

| | This period | This period Comparison period | |
|-----------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|--|
| | VND | VND | |
| Staff cost | 1.355.862.051 | 1.310.403.996 | |
| Raw materials | - | 54.975.108 | |
| Tax, fee and charges | 495.339.224 | 547.239.506 | |
| Outsourced service expenses | 648.081.182 | 672.514.850 | |
| Others | - | 8.100.000 | |
| Total | 2.499.282.457 | 2.593.233.460 | |

22. Other expenses

| | This period | Comparison period |
|---|----------------|-------------------|
| | VND | VND |
| Depreciation of unused fixed assets | 160.001.904 | 160.001.904 |
| Court fees | 278.930.827 | = |
| Work-in-progress expenses of projects whose revenue has expired | 151.751.352 | 437.635.682 |
| Late interest and damages according to court judgment | 58.221.235.000 | |
| Others | 1.319.658.449 | 20.433.570 |
| Total | 60.131.577.532 | 618.071.156 |

Hanoi City, July 25, 2025

Preparer

Chief Accountant

General Director

Mr

Le Thi Thu Huong

VINAGONEX 39

Cổ PHẨ

Nguyen Tien Dung

Pham Thanh Thuy