# HIEP PHUOC INDUSTRIAL PARK JOINT STOCK COMPANY

Reviewed interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

## **CONTENTS**

	Page
BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S REPORT	1 – 3
REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	4 – 5
INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS	
Interim Balance sheet	6 – 9
Interim Income statement	10
Interim Cash flow statement	11 – 12
Notes to the Interim Financial statements	13 – 37

## **BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S REPORT**

The Board of Management of Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Joint Stock Company (briefly called "the Company") has the pleasure in presenting this report and the reviewed interim financial statements of the Company for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

#### General information

Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Joint Stock Company is an enterprise equitized from a State-owned enterprise, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0305046979 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City for the first time on 14 June 2007 and changed for the 10<sup>th</sup> time on 22 March 2023.

Charter capital of the Company at 30/06/2025 and at 01/01/2025 is VND 600,000,000 equivalent to 60,000,000 shares which have par value of VND 10,000/ share.

The Company's shares are officially traded on the UPCoM market - the stock exchange of unlisted public companies at the Hanoi Stock Exchange with the stock code HPI according to Decision No. 806/QD-SGDHN issued by the Hanoi Stock Exchange on 26 September 2017.

The Company's head office is located at Zone B, Road No. 01, Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Hiep Phuoc Commune, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

According to the Business Registration Certificate, the main business activities of the Company are: Real estate business, land use rights owned by the owner, user or lessee. Details: Housing business (except receiving land use rights to invest in infrastructure construction according to housing construction planning to transfer land use rights). Office and warehouse rental in industrial parks. Ship mooring buoy business. Industrial park infrastructure business. Real estate business.

In period, the Company's main activities are construction and business of industrial park infrastructure in Ho Chi Minh City; and providing services to export processing zones and industrial parks.

# 2. The members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Management

The members of the Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Management of the Company during the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and up to the date of this report are as follows:

#### The Board of Directors

Full name	Position
Mr. Nguyen Van Thinh	Chairman
Mr. Huynh Bao Duc	Member
Mr. Pham Trung Kien	Member
Mr. Truong Cong Nghia	Member
Mr. Vu Dinh Thi	Member
Ms. Tran Thi Hanh Tien	Member
Ms. Nguyen Thi Binh	Member

#### The Board of Management

Full name	Position
Mr. Huynh Bao Duc	General Director
Mr. Giang Ngoc Phuong	Deputy General Director
Ms. Nguyen Thi Binh	Deputy General Director

## **BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S REPORT**

#### The Board of Supervisors:

Full name

Position

Mr. Nguyen Kien Tan

Chief Supervisor

Mr. Le Van Cong

Member

Ms. Le Nguyen Khanh Ngoc

Member

#### Legal representative

The Legal Representative of the Company during the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and up to the date of this report is as follows:

Full name

Nationality

**Position** 

Mr. Huynh Bao Duc

Vietnamese

General Director

## 3. The Company's financial position and operating results

The Company's financial position and its operating result for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 are reflected in the accompanying interim financial statements.

## 4. Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the Notes to the interim Financial statements.

#### 5. Auditors

AFC Vietnam Auditing Company Limited has been appointed to review the Company's interim financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

# 6. Statement of the Board of Management's responsibility for the interim financial statements

The Board of Management is responsible for preparing the interim financial statements which gives a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company, as well as of its operation results and its cash flows for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025. In preparing those financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- Select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- Make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- State whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim financial statements;
- Prepare the financial statements on the going concern basic unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business; and
- Design, implement and maintain the Company's internal control for prevention and detection of fraud and error in the preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

The Board of Management is responsible for ensuring that the proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the Vietnamese Accounting System. The Board of Management is also responsible for managing the assets of the Company and therefore has taken the appropriate measures to prevent and detect frauds and other irregularities.

The Board of Management confirmed that the Company has complied with the above requirements in preparing the interim financial statements.

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## **BOARD OF MANAGEMENT'S REPORT**

#### 7. Announcement of the interim financial statements

We hereby announces the accompanying interim financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, its operation results and cash flows of the Company for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 in accordance with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System and comply with relevant statutory requirements relating to the preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Management Ull

HUYNH BAO DUC General Director

CÔNG T CỔ PHẨ

Ho Chi Minh City, 12 August 2025

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No: 172/2025/BCSX-HCM.00506

# REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: The Shareholders, the Board of Directors and the Board of Management Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Joint Stock Company

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Joint Stock Company ("the Company"), prepared on 12 August 2025, as set out from page 6 to 37, which comprise the interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2025, the interim income statement, the interim cash flow statement for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 and the Notes to the interim financial statements.

#### The Board of Management's responsibility

The Board of Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and presentation of these interim financial statements true and fairly in accordance with comply with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting regime and legal regulations relating to financial reporting in Vietnam, and such internal control the Board of Management determined as necessary to ensure that the preparation and presentation of these financial statements that are free from material misstatement to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.

#### Auditor's conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim financial position of Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Joint Stock Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim income statement and their interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System, and the statutory requirements relevant to preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

#### **Emphasis of matter**

Without qualifying our conclusion, we would like to pay attention to the following issues:

1. As stated in Notes 5.2.2 of the Notes to the Interim Financial Statements, as of 30 June 2025, the Company has assessed the investment loss for the investment in Vietnam Japan Technology Park Company Limited based on the audited consolidated financial statements of Vietnam Japan Technology Park Company Limited for the fiscal year ended 31 December 2024. Accordingly, the provision amount may change when the Company receives the consolidated financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 of Vietnam Japan Technology Park Company Limited.

# REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (cont.)

#### Emphasis of matter (cont.)

- 2. As stated in Notes 5.15, Notes 6.2 of the Notes to the Interim Financial Statements, the Company has accrued the cost of leasing land with developed infrastructure corresponding to the revenue accounting ratio according to the investment budget, including accrued land rental of VND 1,607,815,805,560 determined based on the estimated rental price of VND 1,764,000/m2 according to the land price appraisal dossier submitted by the Department of Natural Resources and Environment to the Ho Chi Minh City Land Price Appraisal Council on 22 August 2019, to record the cost of land sub-leasing activities and the obligation to pay land rental to the State. As of the date of this financial statement, the Company is still in the process of working with the competent authorities of Ho Chi Minh City to determine the official rental price. In case the competent authority approves the official land rental price, the Company will adjust the cost price and related figures will be updated accordingly at the time of issuance.
- 3. As stated in Notes 8.3 of the Notes to the Interim Financial Statements, in the period, the Company restated the opening balances of the financial statements to reflect the land lease costs and infrastructure construction costs of the Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Project Phase I and Phase II, applying to the items Inventories and Construction in progress in the Balance sheet.

Our audit conclusion is not related to the Emphasis of matter above.

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NGUYEN THI THANH MINH
Deputy General Director
Audit Practicing Registration Certificate
No. 0068-2023-009-1
Authorized representative

AFC VIETNAM AUDITING COMPANY LIMITED Ho Chi Minh City, 12 August 2025 LE HUYNH BAO Auditor

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate No. 5449-2021-009-1

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# INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	<b>01/01/2025</b> VND
ASSETS				
A - CURRENT ASSETS	100		1,929,110,049,550	1,883,024,612,672
I. Cash and cash equivalents	110	5.1	555,321,649,545	529,554,722,972
1. Cash	111		17,321,649,545	10,054,722,972
2. Cash equivalents	112		538,000,000,000	519,500,000,000
II. Short-term financial investments	120		92,300,000,000	100,300,000,000
Trading securities	121		V-2	
2. Provision for diminution in value of held for trading securities	122		-	-
3. Held to maturity investments	123	5.2	92,300,000,000	100,300,000,000
III. Short-term receivables	130		178,552,914,873	150,038,840,883
<ol> <li>Short-term trade receivables</li> </ol>	131	5.3	138,410,543,727	111,542,446,269
2. Short-term advances to suppliers	132	5.4	18,106,891,955	12,911,847,073
<ol><li>Short-term inter-company receivables</li></ol>	133			_
<ol><li>Receivable from construction</li></ol>	134		=	
contracts under percentage of completion method				
Short-term loan receivables	135			
6. Other short-term receivables	136	5.5	22,666,281,910	26,211,226,505
7. Provision for doubtful debts	137	5.6	(630,802,719)	(626,678,964)
8. Deficient assets pending resolution	139	0.0	(000,002,719)	(020,078,904)
IV. Inventories	140	5.7	1,058,093,460,583	1 052 702 044 027
1. Inventories	141	0.7	1,058,093,460,583	<b>1,053,782,844,837</b> 1,053,782,844,837
2. Provision for devaluation in inventories	149		-	1,055,762,644,657
V. Other short-term assets	150		44,842,024,549	40 240 202 000
Short-term prepayments	151		44,042,024,545	49,348,203,980
Deductible VAT	152		<u>.</u>	90 202
3. Other receivables from State budget	153	5.14	44,842,024,549	49,348,203,980
Transactions to buy, resell government bonds	154		-	
5. Other short-term assets	155		=	<u> </u>
		-		

## **INTERIM BALANCE SHEET**

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	<b>01/01/2025</b> VND
B - NON-CURRENT ASSETS	200		512,516,772,774	514,981,238,174
I I ama farma manihariban	240			
I. Long-term receivables	<b>210</b> 211		-	-
<ol> <li>Long-term trade receivables</li> <li>Long-term advances to supplies</li> </ol>	211		-	-
Paid-in capital in wholly-owned	213		-	-
subsidiaries			-	_
<ol><li>Long-term inter-company receivables</li></ol>	214		-	-
<ol><li>Long-term loan receivables</li></ol>	215			=
Other long-term receivables	216			2
7. Provision for doubtful long-term debts	219		<del>=</del> (	<b>4</b>
II. Fixed assets	220		28,660,441,886	27,924,188,681
Tangible fixed assets	221	5.8	28,211,040,789	27,899,813,732
- Cost	222		68,990,363,595	67,092,666,819
- Accumulated depreciation	223		(40,779,322,806)	(39,192,853,087)
2. Finance leases	224		15 - 10	=
- Cost	225			
<ul> <li>Accumulated depreciation</li> <li>Intangible fixed assets</li> </ul>	226 227	5.9	449,401,097	- 24,374,949
- Cost	228	5.9	1,758,616,372	1,308,101,372
- Accumulated amortization	229		(1,309,215,275)	(1,283,726,423)
III. Investment property	230	5.10	122,244,586,122	125,143,488,606
- Cost	231		236,788,314,230	236,788,314,230
- Accumulated depreciation	232		(114,543,728,108)	(111,644,825,624)
IV. Long-term assets in progress	240		297,573,460,775	297,573,460,775
<ol> <li>Long-term work in progress</li> </ol>	241		Extra province and an extra province and a second province and a s	The state of the s
Construction in progress	242	5.11	297,573,460,775	297,573,460,775
V. Long-term financial investments	250	5.2	64,029,354,991	64,029,354,991
Investments in subsidiaries	251		-	1
Investment in Joint-venture and associates	252		47,331,000,000	47,331,000,000
3. Investments in other entities	253		16,698,354,991	16,698,354,991
4. Provision for diminution in value of	254		-	-
long-term investments				
5. Held to maturity investment	255		· ·	~
VI. Other non-current assets	260		8,929,000	310,745,121
Long-term prepayments	261		8,929,000	310,745,121
<ol><li>Deferred income tax assets</li></ol>	262		66 EARCH E	
Long-term equipment, supplies and spare parts	263		-	t.
Other none-current assets	268		<b>π</b>	
TOTAL ASSETS	270	28	2,441,626,822,324	2,398,005,850,846

## **INTERIM BALANCE SHEET**

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	01/01/2025 VND
RESOURCES				
C - LIABILITIES	300		2,001,330,733,085	1,970,318,563,883
I. Current liabilities  1. Trade accounts payable 2. Advance from customers 3. Taxes and amounts payable to State budget 4. Payables to employees 5. Accrued expenses 6. Inter-company payables 7. Construction contract payables based on agreed progress billings 8. Unrealized revenues 9. Other current payables 10. Short-term borrowings and finance lease liabilities 11. Provision for short-term payables 12. Bonus and welfare funds 13. Price Stabilization Fund 14. Transactions to buy, resell	310 311 312 313 314 315 316 317 318 319 320 321 322 323 324	5.12 5.13 5.14 5.15 5.16 5.17 5.18	1,925,574,872,496 3,719,852,938 56,049,844 1,724,938,350 911,096,432 1,607,815,805,560 90,966,600,849 208,674,372,441 6,192,400,000	1,890,632,891,187 4,327,778,412 344,467,651 1,608,052,350 2,922,383,553 1,609,986,517,094 - 93,883,612,025 165,853,924,020 6,192,400,000
II. Long-term liabilities  1. Long-term trade payables  2. Long-term advance from customers  3. Long-term accrued expenses  4. Long-term inter-company payables of capital  5. Long-term inter-company payables  6. Long-term unearned revenues  7. Other long-term liabilities  8. Long-term borrowings and finance lease obligations  9. Convertible bond  10. Preferred stock  11. Deferred income tax liabilities  12. Other long-term provisions  13. Scientific and technological development fund	330 331 332 333 334 335 336 337 338 339 340 341 342 343	5.12 5.18 5.20	75,755,860,589 4,024,289,643 - - - 16,543,600,000 - - 55,187,970,946	79,685,672,696 4,024,289,642 - - - - 19,639,800,000 - - 56,021,583,054

## **INTERIM BALANCE SHEET**

As at 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
		-	VND	VND
D - EQUITY	400		440,296,089,239	427,687,286,963
I. Owner's equity	410	5.21	440,296,089,239	427,687,286,963
1. Owners' invested equity	411		600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000
- Ordinary shares with voting rights	411a		600,000,000,000	600,000,000,000
- Preference shares	411b			-
2. Surplus of stock capital	412		100,000,000,000	100,000,000,000
3. Convertible bonds option	413		-	
4. Other owner's capital	414		-	-
5. Treasury shares	415		-	_
6. Assets revaluation difference	416		-	; <del>=</del> :
7. Foreign exchange difference	417		-	; <del>=</del> :
8. Investment and development funds	418		41,208,052,350	41,208,052,350
9. Enterprise reorganization support fund	419			**************************************
10. Other owner's funds	420		-	<b>H</b> 3
11. Undistributed profit after tax	421		(300,911,963,111)	(313,520,765,387)
<ul> <li>Undistributed profit after tax brought forward</li> </ul>	421a		(313,520,765,387)	(378,987,426,991)
<ul> <li>Undistributed profit after tax for the current year</li> </ul>	421b		12,608,802,276	65,466,661,604
12. Construction capital sources	422		=	-
II. Non-business expenditure fund and other funds	430		300 300	
1. Non-business expenditure fund	431		*0	===
2. Non-business expenditure fund	432		×:	200
invested in fixed assets				
TOTAL RESOURCES	440	-	2,441,626,822,324	2,398,005,850,846

LU THI THU VAN Chief Accountant / Preparer

HUYNH BAO DUC General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 12 August 2025

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## INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	Notes	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services	01		45,364,135,374	42,944,026,325
2. Deductions	02		_	44,911,208,896
3. Net revenue from sale of goods and rendering of services (10 = 01 - 02)	10	6.1	45,364,135,374	(1,967,182,571)
4. Cost of goods sold	11	6.2	28,567,939,687	(26,063,092,344)
5. Gross profit from sale of goods and rendering of services (20 = 10 - 11)	20		16,796,195,687	24,095,909,773
6. Financial income	21	6.3	12,580,372,954	17,466,479,576
7. Financial expenses	22		=	158,846,721
- In which: loan interest	23		_	=
8. Selling expenses	25	6.4	2,076,957,838	1,427,543,630
9. General and administration expenses	26	6.5	10,323,808,800	11,660,099,649
10. Operating profit {30 = 20 + (21 - 22) - (25 + 26)}	30		16,975,802,003	28,315,899,349
11. Other income	31	6.6	1,426,553,819	1,340,938,411
12. Other expenses	32	6.7	2,184,301,796	205,205,558
13. Profit from other activities (40 = 31 - 32)	40		(757,747,977)	1,135,732,853
14. Accounting profit before tax (50 = 30 + 40)	50		16,218,054,026	29,451,632,202
15. Current corporate income tax expense	51	5.14	3,243,251,750	
16. Deferred corporate income tax expense	52		-	
17. Net profit after tax (60 = 50 - 51 - 52)	60	200 000	12,974,802,276	29,451,632,202
18. Earnings per share	70	6.8	216	491
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LU THI THU VAN Chief Accountant / Preparer

HUYNH BAO DUC General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 12 August 2025

## INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
I. CASH FLOW FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
1. Net profit before tax	01	16,218,054,026	29,451,632,202
2. Adjustments for :			
<ul> <li>Depreciation and amortisation of fixed assets, investment property</li> </ul>	02	4,554,016,131	3,319,030,003
- Provisions, (reversal)	03	4,123,755	158,846,721
- (Gain), loss foreign exchange rate differences	04	(1,795,276)	(4,871,969)
upon revaluation of monetary	0.5	40.000.00	III do la companya a c
<ul> <li>Gain, loss from investing activities</li> <li>Interest expense</li> </ul>	05	(12,523,254,954)	(16,758,802,905)
- Other adjustments	06	-	
3. Operating profit before movements in	07	-	-
working capital	08	8,251,143,682	16,165,834,052
- (Increase), decrease in receivables	09	***************************************	
- (Increase), decrease in inventories	10	(23,435,540,231)	(19,076,738,009)
- Increase, (decrease) in account payable	11	(4,310,615,746)	(27,117,972)
(Other than interest payables, CIT payables)	1.1	30,499,117,452	(93,693,152,401)
- (Increase), decrease in accrued expenses	12	204 046 404	(000 470 707)
- Increase, decrease in trading securities	13	301,816,121	(339,472,727)
- Interest paid	14	· •	
- Corporate income tax paid	15	5 <b>-</b> 2	
- Other cash inflows	16	X = X	5
- Other cash outflows	17		
Net cash flow from operating activities	20	11,305,921,278	(96,970,647,057)
U 040U FI 000 F	***************************************		(00,070,047,007)
II. CASH FLOW FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Cash outflow for purchasing and construction	21	(2,391,366,852)	(587, 169, 663)
of fixed assets and other long-term assets		AR () SG 10 15	
<ol><li>Proceeds from disposal of fixed assets and other long-term assets</li></ol>	22	<del>-</del>	(₩
3. Cash outflow for buying debt instruments of	23	(21,000,000,000)	(306 400 000 000)
other entities		(21,000,000,000)	(396,100,000,000)
4. Cash recovered from lending, selling debt	24	29,000,000,000	482,200,000,000
instruments of other companies		450 450 10	-111
5. Investment in other entities	25	10 <del>0.</del>	-
<ol><li>Cash recovered from investments in other entities</li></ol>	26	5 <del>-</del>	=
7. Interest income received, dividends received	27	11,946,776,871	18,711,702,764
Net cash flow from investing activities	30	17,555,410,019	104,224,533,101
III. CASH FLOW FROM FINANCIAL ACTIVITIES			
Proceeds from issuing stocks, receiving	24		
capital from owners	31	-	<u> </u>
Capital withdrawals, buying treasury shares	20		
Proceeds from short-term borrowings	32	( <del>=</del> )	
Repayment of borrowings	33	(2,000,000,000	
Repayment of bollowings     Repayment of obligations under finance	34	(3,096,200,000)	(3,096,200,000)
lease	35		2
6. Dividends paid	36		
Net cash flow from financing activities	40	(3,096,200,000)	(3,096,200,000)
			(=,===,==0,000)

## INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

(Indirect method)

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

ITEMS	Code	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
NET CASH FLOWS DURING THE PERIOD (50 = 20 + 30 + 40)	50	25,765,131,297	4,157,686,044
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT BEGINNING OF PERIOD	60	529,554,722,972	14,464,319,871
Effects of changes in foreign exchange rate	61	1,795,276	4,871,969
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS AT THE END OF PERIOD (70 = 50 + 60 + 61)	70	555,321,649,545	18,626,877,884

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LU THI THU VAN Chief Accountant / Preparer

HUYNH BAO DUC General Director Ho Chi Minh City, 12 August 2025

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 1. BUSINESS HIGHLIGHTS

#### 1.1 Structure of ownership

Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is an enterprise equitized from a State-owned enterprise, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0305046979 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City for the first time on 14 June 2007 and changed for the 10<sup>th</sup> time on 22 March 2023.

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The Company's head office is located at Zone B, Road No. 01, Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Hiep Phuoc Commune, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

## 1.2 Scope of operating activities

The Company operates in the field of real estate business and services.

#### 1.3 Line of business

According to the Business Registration Certificate, the main business activities of the Company are: Real estate business, land use rights owned by the owner, user or lessee. Details: Housing business (except receiving land use rights to invest in infrastructure construction according to housing construction planning to transfer land use rights). Office and warehouse rental in industrial parks. Ship mooring buoy business. Industrial park infrastructure business. Real estate business.

In period, the Company's main activities are construction and business of industrial park infrastructure in Ho Chi Minh City; and providing services to export processing zones and industrial parks.

#### 1.4 Normal business cycle

Business cycle of the Company is not exceeding 12 months.

# 1.5 Declaration on the comparability of information on interim financial statements

The figures are presented in the financial statements for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 compared with the corresponding figures prior period.

#### 1.6 Employee

As at 30 June 2025, the Company had a total of 137 employees (31 December 2024: 181 employees).

## 2. ACCOUNTING YEAR AND ACCOUNTING CURRENCY

#### 2.1 Fiscal year

The fiscal year of the Company is from January 01 to December 31 annually.

Zone B, Road No. 01, Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Hiep Phuoc Commune, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 2.2 Accounting currency

The Company maintains its accounting records in Vietnamese dong (VND) due to the collect and spending are made primarily by currency VND.

## 3. ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND REGULATIONS APPLICATION

## 3.1 Accounting Standards and regulations application

The Company's financial statements are prepared and presented in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting System issued Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC on 22 December 2014, the Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC on 21 March 2016 issued by the Ministry of Finance guiding the preparation and presentation methods of the financial statements and Vietnam Accounting Standards.

The Company has applied the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Accounting System according to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC and other circulars guiding the implementation of accounting standards issued by the Ministry of Finance in Vietnam in relating to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

# 3.2 Comply with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards and Vietnamese Accounting System

The Board of Management is ensure that complied with the Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System according to Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC, Circular No. 53/2016/TT-BTC, and as well as the guiding implementation of Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance in relating to the preparation and presentation of financial statements.

# 4. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

## 4.1 Basis of preparation of the financial statements

The financial statements are prepared on the accrual basis (except for information relating to cash flows).

## 4.2 Foreign currency transactions

In period, transactions in currencies other than VND during the fiscal year have been translated into VND at exchange rates ruling at the date of the transaction. At the end of the period, cash in banks, monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are classified as other assets that are converted into VND according to the transfer buying foreign exchange rate of bank prevailing on this date; monetary items denominated in foreign currencies are classified as liabilities that are converted into VND at the selling foreign exchange rate of bank prevailing on this date.

Foreign exchange differences arising during the year from transactions in foreign currencies are recognized in the financial income or expenses. Exchange differences arising from revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies as at the end of accounting period after offsetting between increase and decrease difference is recognized in the financial income or expenses.

#### 4.3 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand, cash in banks (demand deposits) and cash in transit. Cash equivalents are short-term highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less from the date of investment, which are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value at the report date.

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## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4.4 Financial investments

#### Held-to-maturity investments

Investments are classified as held to maturity when the Company has the intention and ability to hold to maturity. Investments held to maturity include: bank deposits with a term (including treasury bills, promissory notes), bonds, the preferred shares which issued compulsory acquisition at a certain point in the future and loans held to maturity for the purpose of collecting interest periodically and other held to maturity investments.

Investments held to maturity are initially recognized at cost including purchase price and the expenses related to the purchase of investments. After initial recognition, these investments are stated at recoverable value. Interest income from investments held to maturity after the acquisition date is recognized in the Income statement on an accrual basis. Rates enjoyed before the holding is deducted from the cost of acquisition.

When there is strong evidence suggesting that part or all of the investments may not be recoverable and the damage can be measured reliably, the loss is recorded in financial expenses in the year and reduced directly to investment value.

When an investment is liquidated, the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount is recognized as income or expense.

#### Investments in joint ventures

A joint venture is an enterprise established on the basis of a contractual agreement under which the Company and the participating parties carry out economic activities on the basis of joint control. Joint control is understood as the making of strategic decisions related to the operating and financial policies of the joint venture must have the consensus of the parties participating in the joint venture.

Investments in joint ventures are initially recorded at cost, including purchase price or capital contributions plus costs directly attributable to the investments. In case of investments in non-monetary assets, the cost of the investment is recorded at the fair value of non-monetary assets at the time they occur.

Dividends and profits from previous periods, before investments are purchased, are accounted for the decrease in value of such investments. Dividends and profit of the period after the investment is acquired revenue recognition. Dividends received in shares only track the number of shares increases, no recognition of the value of shares received.

Provision for loss on investments in joint ventures are made when the joint ventures loss at the rate equal to the difference between the actual investment the parties in joint ventures and equity multiplied with the capital contribution ratio of the Company and the total actual capital contributions of all parties in joint ventures.

Increase or decrease in provision for diminution in value of investments in joint ventures have recorded at the end of the fiscal year, and is recognized in the financial expenses.

#### Capital investments in other entities

Capital investments in other entities include capital investments where the Company has no control, joint control or significant influence over the investee.

Capital investments are initially recognized at cost, including the purchase price or capital contribution plus any directly attributable costs of the investment.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Provisions for loss of investments in equity instruments of other entities are made as follows:

- For an investment in listed shares or the fair value of the investment is reliably determined, the provision is based on the market value of the shares.
- For investments whose fair value cannot be determined at the reporting time, provision is made based on the investee's loss with an allowance equal to the difference between the actual contributed capital of the investor parties, in another entity, and the actual equity, multiplied by the Company's percentage of capital contribution compared to the total actual contributed capital of the parties in the other entity.

Increase or decrease in the amount of provision for loss of investment in equity instruments of another entity that needs to be made at the end of the financial year is recognized in financial expenses.

#### 4.5 Receivables

Trade and other receivables are stated at cost less provision for doubtful debts.

The classifications of receivables are trade receivables and other receivables, which complied with the following principles:

- Trade receivables reflect the nature of the receivables arising from commercial transactions with purchase - sale between the Company and an independent purchaser.
- Other receivables reflect the nature of the receivables arising from non-commercial transactions, and not to be related to the purchase – sale transactions.

The provision for doubtful debts represents the estimated loss due to non-payment arising on receivables that were outstanding at the balance sheet date. Increases and decreases to the provision balance are recognised as general and administrative expense in the Income statement.

#### 4.6 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value..

Cost of inventories is determined as follows:

- Raw materials and goods: including purchase costs and other directly attributable costs incurred to bring the inventories to their present location and condition.
- Work in progress: including costs directly attributable to the development of the industrial park.

Net realisable value means the estimated selling price of inventories in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The Company applies the perpetual inventory method of accounting for inventories and the cost is determined on the weighted average method.

Provision for decline of inventories is made for each inventory with the cost greater than the net realisable value. Increase or decrease in the balance of provision for decline of inventories should be set aside at the fiscal year end and is recognized in cost of goods sold.

#### 4.7 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. The historical cost of tangible fixed assets include all the expenses that the Company incurs to get fixed assets by the time the asset is put into a state ready for use. Costs incurred after initial recognition is only recorded as increase in cost of fixed assets if these costs are sure to increase economic benefits in the future by using this assets. The costs incurred are not satisfied conditions are recognized as an expense in the period.

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

When selling or liquidating assets, their cost and accumulated depreciation of the assets are written off in the financial statements and any gain or loss which are arising from disposal are recorded in the income statement.

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets which is calculated under the straight-line depreciation method with useful time of the asset is estimated as follows:

Building and structure	05 – 25
Machinery and equipment	03 – 17
Transportation	06 – 07
Office equipment	03 – 07

#### 4.8 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets include all the expenses that the Company incurs to get fixed assets by the time the asset is put into a state ready for use. Costs related to intangible assets incurred after initial recognition are recognized as expenses in the period, unless these costs are associated with an intangible asset and increase economic benefits from these assets.

When assets are sold or retired, their cost and accumulated depreciation are removed from the balance sheet and any gain or losses resulting from their disposal are recognized in other income or other expense.

The Company's intangible fixed assets include:

#### Computer software

The expenses of purchasing computer software, which is not a part associated with the relevant hardware, will be capitalised. The initial cost of computer software includes all the expenses paid until the date the software is put into use. Computer software is amortised according to straight –line method in 4 years.

#### 4.9 Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the costs attribute directly (including related interest expenses matching with the accounting policies of the Company) to the assets which are in the process of construction, machinery was installed to serve the purpose of manufacturing, leasing and management as well as costs related to the repair of fixed assets which are being performed. These assets are recorded at cost and are not amortized.

#### 4.10 Investment property

Investment properties are land use right, house, part of the house or infrastructure owned by the Company or financial lease is used for the purpose to profit from rentals or for capital appreciation. Investment properties are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Cost of Investment properties is all the costs that the Company takes money or the fair value of the consideration given in exchange to get Investment properties to date of acquisition or construction is completed.

Expenses related to Investment properties incurred after initial recognition are recognized at expenses, unless costs which are likely definitely make Investment properties generate economic benefits in the future work more than the initial assessment shall be recorded as increase in price.

When investment properties are sold, their cost and accumulated depreciation are eliminated and profits and losses arising are recorded into income or expenses during the period.

Years

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Conversion from owner-occupied property or inventories to investment property only when the owner ceases to use such property and commits operation to another party or at the end of the construction period. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventory is only when the owner begins to use this property or begins to deploy it for sale. The transfer from investment property to owner-occupied property or inventories does not change the cost or residual value of the property at the date of conversion.

Investment properties used for rental purposes are depreciated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful time of the properties as follows:

Years

Industrial park land and infrastructure for rent

33 - 47

## 4.11 Accounts payables and accrued expenses

Accounts payable and accrued payable are recognized for amounts to be paid in the future, which are related to the goods and services received. Accrued payables are recorded based on reasonable estimates of the amounts payable.

The classification of liabilities is trade payable, accrued expenses and other payables are in accordance with the following principles:

- Trade payables reflects the payables occurring from the commercial transactions with purchase of goods, services, property and the seller, which is an independent unit with the Company.
- Accrued payables reflect the amounts payable for goods and services received from the seller or has provided to the buyer but not paid due to no or insufficient billing records, accounting records and payable to employees on sabbatical salary, production costs that must be accrued.
- Other payables reflect the payables from non-commercial payables and not relate to the purchase – sale transactions.

#### 4.12 Provisions payable

Provisions are recognized when the Company has a present debt obligation (legal or joint liability) as a result of an event that occurred, the payment of this debt liability may result in the decline in economic benefits and the value of that debt obligation can be a reliable estimate. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pretax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense.

Changes in the provision balance during the fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

The Company's payable provisions include:

#### Provision for high risk contracts

Provisions for high risk contracts are recognised when the economic benefits expected to be received from the contract are lower than the unavoidable costs of meeting the obligations under the contract.

Increases and decreases in the provision for high risk contracts that require provisioning at the end of the financial year are recognised in the administrative expenses of the Company.



## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4.13 Salary

Salary expenses are determined based on salary, wage and allowances as stated in agreed-upon labor contracts.

#### 4.14 Salary deduction

The Company and employees are required to contribute 17.5% and 8% of the salary on labor contract of each employee to social insurance fund.

The Company and employees are required to contribute 3% and 1.5% of the salary on labor contract of each employee to health insurance fund.

The Company is required to contribute 1% and employees are required to contribute 1% of the salary on labor contract of each employee to unemployment insurance fund.

Trade unions fees deducted on salaries to the cost of 2%.

#### 4.15 Unrealized revenue

Unrealized revenue is revenue received in advance, consisting primarily of amounts paid by customers in advance for one or more accounting periods for leasing assets.

The Company records unrealized revenue corresponding to the portion of the obligation that the Company will have to perform in the future. When the conditions for revenue recognition are satisfied, unrealized revenue is recognized in the statement of income in the period corresponding to the portion that satisfies the conditions for revenue recognition.

#### 4.16 Owners' equity

## Contributed capital of the owner

Capital is recorded according to the amount actually invested by shareholders.

#### Surplus of stock capital

Surplus of stock capital is recognized at the difference between the issued price and face value of shares when first released, the release added, the difference between the price reissued and the book value of treasury shares and structures the capital of the convertible bond at maturity. Direct expenses related to the issuance of additional shares and treasury shares reissued are reduced Surplus of stock capital.

#### **Funds**

Funds are appropriated and used in accordance with the Charter of the Company.

#### 4.17 Profit distribution

Profit after corporate income tax is distributed to shareholders after the deduction of funds under the Charter of the Company and the provisions of the law which were approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

The distribution of profits to shareholders is considered non-monetary assets and liabilities in net undistributed profit may affect cash flow and ability to pay dividends as profit from revaluation of assets contributed as capital and interest due to the revaluation of monetary items, the financial instruments and non-monetary items other.

Dividends are recognized as liabilities when approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4.18 Revenue

#### Revenue from leasing land with developed infrastructure

Revenue from leasing land with developed infrastructure is recognized on a straight-line basis over the lease term. Rental payments received in advance for multiple periods are allocated to revenue in accordance with the lease term.

In case the lease term accounts for more than 90% of the useful life of the asset, the Company is recognized once for the entire rental payment received in advance if all of the following conditions are simultaneously satisfied:

- (a) The lessee has no right to cancel the lease contract and the Company is not obliged to return the amount received in advance under any circumstances and in any form. In case the parties agree to terminate the contract before the term, the rights and obligations of each party will be agreed upon in the written agreement on early termination of the contract. In any case, the lessee is still obliged to pay the Company the rent and accompanying service fees for all services used by the lessee until the date the lessee completes the contract termination procedures;
- (b) The amount received in advance from the lease is not less than 95% of the total expected rental income under the contract during the lease term and the lessee must pay the entire rental amount within 12 months from the commencement date of the lease.
- (c) Almost all risks and benefits associated with the ownership of the leased asset have been transferred to the lessee.
- (d) The cost of the rental activity is estimated relatively fully.

### Revenue from leasing operating property

Revenues from leasing operating property are recorded on a straight-line basis during the lease. Rentals received in advance of several periods are allocated to revenue consistent with the lease time.

#### Revenues from rendering services

The revenue of transaction related to the provision of services is recorded when the result of the transaction can be measured reliably. In case that the services are to be provided in many accounting periods, the determination of sales in each period is done on the basis of the service completion rate as of the balance sheet date. The result of this transaction can be measured reliably when satisfy all four conditions:

- (a) Revenue can be measured reliably. When the contract stipulates that the buyer has the right to return the purchased service under specific conditions, the Company may only recognize revenue when those specific conditions no longer exist and the buyer no longer has the right to return the provided service.
- (b) It is possible to obtain economic benefits from the service provision transaction;
- (c) The work volume finished on the date of making the accounting balance sheet can be determined;
- (d) The costs incurred from the service provision transaction and the costs of its completion can be determined.

#### Interest

Interest is recognized on an accrual basis, are determined on the balance of cash in bank and the actual interest rate for each period.

## Distributed dividends and profit

Distributed dividends and profit are recognized when the Company is entitled to receive dividends or profit from the capital contribution. Dividends received in shares only track the number of shares increases, no recognition of the value of shares received.

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 4.19 Loan expenses

Loan expenses are loan interest and other costs incurred in direct relation to loans of an enterprise.

Loan expenses are recognised as financial expense for the period except where Loan expenses directly related to the construction investment or production of uncompleted assets shall be accounted into the value of such assets (capitalized). The capitalization of loan expenses shall terminate when the major activities necessary to prepare the uncompleted asset for its intended use or sale are completed.

#### 4.20 Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax expenses for the year comprises current income tax.

#### Current income tax

Current income tax is the tax amount is calculated on taxable income. Taxable income is different from accounting profit due to the adjustments of temporary differences between accounting and tax, non-deductible expenses as well as adjusted income are not taxed and losses be transferred.

Tax settlement of the Company will be assessed by the Tax Department. Due to the application of laws and regulations on taxes for different incurred transactions which can be explained in many different ways, tax payable presented in the financial statements can be immediately changed according to the decision of the tax authorities.

## 4.21 Segment reporting

A business segment is a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing a product or service and that has its own risks and returns which are different from those of other business segments.

A geographical segment a distinguishable component that is engaged in providing a product or services in a particular economic environment and that has its own risks and returns which are different from of segment operating in other economic environment.

#### 4.22 Related parties

The parties are related if having the ability to control or significant influence across the decision making of financial policies and operations. Parties are also considered to be related if they are subjected to common control or common significant influences.

The following individuals/ companies are considered as related parties:

Individuals / Company	Location	Relationship
Tan Thuan Industrial Promotion Company Limited Tuan Loc Construction Investment Corporation Vietnam Japan Technology Park Company Limited Long Hau Corporation The Board of Directors, the Board of Supervisors, the Board of Management	Vietnam Vietnam Vietnam Vietnam	Major Shareholder Major Shareholder Joint venture Other related party Key members

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For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION TO ITEMS IN THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

#### 5.1 Cash and cash equivalents

		<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	01/01/2025 VND
Cash on hand Cash in bank		709,014,466	135,093,500
- VND		16,521,956,015	9,830,745,684
- USD	(*)	90,679,064	88,883,788
Cash equivalents	(**)	538,000,000,000	519,500,000,000
	45 AS AS	555,321,649,545	529,554,722,972

(\*) Detail of balance of cash in bank by foreign currency as at 30 June 2025, as follows:

	Foreign currency	<b>Equivalent</b> VND
Cash in bank - USD	3,520.15	90,679,064

(\*\*) The balance of cash equivalents as at 30 June 2025 is deposits at commercial banks with terms from 1 month to 3 months with interest rates according to each respective deposit contract.

#### 5.2 Financial investments

Financial investments of the Company include Held-to-maturity investments and Investments in other entities. Information about financial investments of the Company is as follow:

#### 5.2.1 Held-to-maturity investments

	30/06/	2025	01/01	/2025
	Cost VND	<b>Book value</b> VND	Cost VND	<b>Book value</b> VND
Short-term				
Term deposits	92,300,000,000	92,300,000,000	100,300,000,000	100,300,000,000
	92,300,000,000	92,300,000,000	100,300,000,000	100.300.000.000

The balance of short-term deposits as at 30 June 2025 is deposits at commercial banks with terms from 6 months to 12 months with interest rates according to each respective deposit contract.

Some held-to-maturity investments with a value of VND 32,000,000,000 are used as collateral for loans at Ho Chi Minh City Finance and Investment State-Owned Company (see Notes 5.18).

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.2.2 Investments in other entities

	30/06/2025				01/01/2025			
	Ratio of ownership and voting rights	Cost	Provision	Fair value	Ratio of ownership and voting rights	Cost	Provision	Fair value
Investment in joint ventures and associates	%	VND	VND	VND	%	VND	VND	VND
Vietnam Japan Technology Park Company Limited (a) Investment in other entities	45.00	47,331,000,000	; <del>*</del> 3	(*)	45.00	47,331,000,000	-	(*)
Long Hau Corporation (b)	2.00_	16,698,354,991	<u> </u>	31,459,391,250	2.00	16,698,354,991	_	34,629,717,500
	_	64,029,354,991	•	10	_	64,029,354,991	-	

Vietnam Japan Technology Park Company Limited (abbreviated as "Vietnam Japan Technology Park") was established in Vietnam, operating under Business Registration Certificate No. 0312476757, first registered on 5 September 2013 and the 2nd amendment dated 16 October 2015, issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City. The charter capital of Vietnam Japan Technology Park is VND 105,180,000,000. The Company invests in Vietnam Japan Technology Park with a 45% ownership/voting ratio. The main activity of Vietnam Japan Technology Park is leasing factories and offices.

As at 30 June 2025, the Company assessed the impairment of its investment in Vietnam Japan Technology Park based on the audited consolidated financial statements of Vietnam Japan Technology Park for the financial year ended 31 December 2024. Accordingly, the provision amount may change when the Company receives the consolidated financial statements of Vietnam Japan Technology Park for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

- (\*) As at 30/06/2025 and 01/01/2025, the Company has not determined the fair value of these investments to disclose in the Notes to the financial statements, because there is no listed price on the market and Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Accounting System. There is currently no guidance on how to calculate fair value and use valuation techniques. The fair value of these investments may differ from the carrying amount.
- (b) Long Hau Corporation (abbreviated as "Long Hau") was established in Vietnam under the Business Registration Certificate No. 1100727545 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Long An province on 23 May 2006 and its amended certificates. The Company invested in Long Hau 975,485 shares with the ownership ratio/voting ratio held being 2%. Long Hau's main business activity is the construction and operation of industrial park infrastructure.

The fair value of this investment is determined based on the closing price as of 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 of the Ho Chi Minh City Stock Exchange.



For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.3 Short-term accounts receivable

30/06/2025	01/01/2025
VND	VND
13,515,425,000	13,515,425,000
124,895,118,727	98,027,021,269
138,410,543,727	111,542,446,269
	VND 13,515,425,000 124,895,118,727

As at 30 June 2025, the balance of short-term receivables from customers was overdue and provision for doubtful debts was made in the amount of VND 630,802,719.

## 5.4 Short-term advances to suppliers

Advances to suppliers – related parties	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Tan Thuan Industrial Promotion Company Limited	10,573,314,466	10,573,314,466
Advances to suppliers – other suppliers Nam Hai Sai Gon Construction Company Limited Thuy Khanh Long Construction Company Limited	2,535,160,000 2,429,800,000	-
Other suppliers	2,568,617,489	2,338,532,607
	18,106,891,955	12,911,847,073

## 5.5 Other short-term receivables

	30/06/20	25	01/01/2025	
	Amount VND	Provision VND		Provision VND
Receivables – related parties	Constitution		VIND	VIVD
Tan Thuan Industrial Promotion Company Limited	255,892,000	19.1	255,892,000	=
Mr. Giang Ngoc Phuong - Advance	25,000,000	-	-	_
Receivables - other individual, org	anizations			
Interest receivable from deposits	4,103,136,165	-	3,526,658,082	. 2
Nha Be District Compensation and Site Clearance Board - Advance payment for site clearance compensation	13,777,202,638	-	18,754,725,531	% <del>=</del>
State budget collection for the Wastewater Treatment Plant project - interest subsidy	3,223,162,291	ä	2,353,133,119	.=
Advance	1,268,888,816	-	1,306,317,773	920
Pledge, collateral, deposit	13,000,000	-	14,500,000	_
	22,666,281,910		26,211,226,505	-

#### 5.6 Bad debts

	30/06/2025			01/01/2025		
	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision	Cost	Recoverable amount	Provision
Trade receivables	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Hao Duong Joint Stock Company	-	2	=	626,678,964	18.	(626,678,964)
Phuc Nguyen Business One Member Company Limited	630,802,719	-	(630,802,719)	630,802,719	630,802,719	S=
	630,802,719	•	(630,802,719)	1,257,481,683	630,802,719	(626,678,964)

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

5.7	Inventories

	30/06/202	5	01/01/202	25
	Amount VND	Provision VND	Amount VND	Provision VND
Raw materials	336,263,066	_	225,350,066	
Work in progress (*)	1,057,755,815,603	-	1,053,557,494,771	_
Goods	1,381,914	10	-	_
	1,058,093,460,583	-	1,053,782,844,837	-

(\*) The industrial park development costs comprise land lease costs and infrastructure construction costs of the following projects:

	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	<b>01/01/2025</b> VND
Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Project – Phase I Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Project – Phase II	477,685,150,996 580,070,664,607	478,107,878,269 575,449,616,502
	1,057,755,815,603	1,053,557,494,771

## 5.8 Increase, decrease of tangible fixed assets

	Building and structure	Machinery and equipment	Transportation	Office equipment	Total
HISTORICAL COST	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
At 01/01/2025 Purchased in period	44,701,430,350	8,157,244,398	11,971,405,509	2,262,586,562	67,092,666,819
Liquidation	_	1,940,851,852	-	- (43,155,076)	1,940,851,852 (43,155,076)
At 30/06/2025	44,701,430,350	10,098,096,250	11,971,405,509	2,219,431,486	68,990,363,595
ACCUMULATED DEF	PRECIATION				
At 01/01/2025 Depreciation in period	21,550,174,489 888,133,404	3,671,487,689 633,488,816	11,825,704,349 75,885,906	2,145,486,560 32,116,669	39,192,853,087 1,629,624,795
Liquidation	_	-	-	(43,155,076)	(43, 155, 076)
At 30/06/2025	22,438,307,893	4,304,976,505	11,901,590,255	2,134,448,153	40,779,322,806
<b>NET BOOK VALUE</b>					
At 01/01/2025	23,151,255,861	4,485,756,709	145,701,160	117,100,002	27,899,813,732
At 30/06/2025	22,263,122,457	5,793,119,745	69,815,254	84,983,333	28,211,040,789

The historical cost of tangible fixed assets are assets that have been fully depreciated but are still in use at 30 June 2025 is VND 16,483,029,680 (at 31 December 2024: VND 16,287,117,756).

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.9 Increase, decrease of intangible fixed assets

	Computer software
HISTORICAL COST	VND
At 01/01/2025	1,308,101,372
Increase in period	450,515,000
At 30/06/2025	1,758,616,372
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	
At 01/01/2025	1,283,726,423
Depreciation in period	25,488,852
At 30/06/2025	1,309,215,275
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 01/01/2025	24,374,949
At 30/06/2025	449,401,097

The historical cost of intangible fixed assets are assets that have been fully depreciated but are still in use at 30 June 2025 is VND 1,230,101,372 (at 31 December 2024: VND 1,230,101,372).

#### 5.10 Investment property for rent

	Industrial park land and infrastructure
HISTORICAL COST	VND
At 01/01/2025 Increase in period	236,788,314,230
At 30/06/2025	236,788,314,230
ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION	
At 01/01/2025	111,644,825,624
Depreciation in period	2,898,902,484
At 30/06/2025	114,543,728,108
NET BOOK VALUE	
At 01/01/2025	125,143,488,606
At 30/06/2025	122,244,586,122

Rental income and direct operating expenses (including repairs and maintenance costs) arising from investment properties related to and not related to the generation of rental income during the year are presented in Notes 6.1 and 6.2 of the Notes to the financial statements.

## 5.11 Construction in progress

	01/01/2025 VND	Increase in period VND	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND
Industrial Park Land and Infrastructure - Phase III	114,891,212,893		114,891,212,893
Hiep Phuoc Port Area Hiep Phuoc Urban Area Hiep Phuoc 1 Residential Area	102,243,038,566 59,112,621,867 9,334,728,896		102,243,038,566 59,112,621,867 9,334,728,896
Other projects	11,991,858,553 <b>297,573,460,775</b>		11,991,858,553 <b>297,573,460,775</b>

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

## 5.12 Trade accounts payables

### 5.12.1 Short-term trade accounts payables

	30/06/2025		01/01/	/2025
	Amount	Payment capability	Amount	Payment capability
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Payables – other organizations			*****	VIII
Saigon Water Corporation	2,718,612,458	2,718,612,458	3,058,032,209	3,058,032,209
Hoang Giang Technology Investment Consultant Joint Stock Company	-	•	465,000,000	465,000,000
Hoa Nam Company Limited	231,000,000	231,000,000	231,000,000	231,000,000
Other suppliers	770,240,480	770,240,480	573,746,203	573,746,203
	3,719,852,938	3,719,852,938	4,327,778,412	4,327,778,412

## 5.12.2 Long-term trade accounts payable

	30/06/2025		01/01	/2025
	Amount	Payment capability	Amount	Payment capability
Payables – related parties	VND	. VNĎ	VND	VND
Tan Thuan Industrial Promotion Company Limited	4,024,289,643	4,024,289,643	4,024,289,642	4,024,289,642
	4,024,289,643	4,024,289,643	4,024,289,642	4,024,289,642

## 5.13 Short-term advance from customers

Advances from other customers	30/06/2025 VND	01/01/2025 VND
Hung Vuong Corporation		250,148,942
Hao Duong Joint Stock Company	14,731,248	17° <u>-</u>
Other customers	41,318,596	94,318,709
	56,049,844	344,467,651

# 5.14 Taxes and (receivables), payables to State budget

	01/0	1/2025	Transactio	n in period	30/0	6/2025
	Payables	Receivables	Payables	Paid / Deductibles	Payables	Receivables
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
Value-added tax	-	(20,785,858,062)	2,982,395,370	(1,719,467,689)	(*	(19,522,930,381)
Corporate income tax		(28,562,345,918)	3,243,251,750	-	-	34 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
Personal income tax	1,608,052,350	•	575,722,066	(458,836,066)	1,724,938,350	-
Real estate tax, land rent	i e	-	12,442,647	(12,442,647)	5 <b>=</b>	<u>-</u>
License tax			3,000,000	(3,000,000)	_	_
	1,608,052,350	(49,348,203,980)	6,816,811,833	(2,193,746,402)	1,724,938,350	(44,842,024,549)

#### Value-added tax

The Company declares value-added tax by deduction method. VAT rates for domestic goods are non-taxable, 5%, 8% and 10%.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

Corporate income tax

Corporate income tax ("CIT") payable in year is estimated as follows:

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Accounting profit before tax Adjusted in accounting profit to determine taxable profit:	16,218,054,026	29,451,632,202
Increase adjustments Decrease adjustments	- (1,795,276)	(1.420.400)
Assessable income	16,216,258,750	(1,429,100) <b>29,450,203,102</b>
Losses from previous years carried forward	-	(29,450,203,102)
Taxable income CIT payable	<b>16,216,258,750</b> 20%	20%
Current CIT expenses	3,243,251,750	

The Company is obliged to pay tax at the normal rate of 20% of taxable income.

Other taxes

The Company declares and pays other taxes in accordance to current regulations.

#### 5.15 Accrued expenses

	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	<b>01/01/2025</b> VND
Accrued cost of industrial land (*) Accrued salary expenses Other accrued expenses	1,607,815,805,560	1,607,828,248,207 1,795,192,650 363,076,237
	1,607,815,805,560	1,609,986,517,094

(\*) This is the accrued cost of leased land with developed infrastructure and project completion costs based on the investment budget, including an estimated land rental of VND 1,607,815,805,560, determined based on a provisional land rental rate of VND 1,764,000/m² as per the land valuation report submitted by the Ho Chi Minh City Department of Natural Resources and Environment to the Ho Chi Minh City Land Valuation Council on 22 August 2019, recognized as the cost of land leasing operations and its corresponding land rental obligations to the Government. The accrued cost of industrial land will be adjusted together with the work-in-progress costs of the industrial park upon the finalization of the project.

At the date of these financial statements, the Company is still in the process of working with the relevant authorities in Ho Chi Minh City to determine the official rental rate. If the competent authority approves the official rental rate, the cost of goods sold and related figures will be updated accordingly upon issuance.

#### 5.16 Short-term unrealized revenue

	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	<b>01/01/2025</b> VND
Land and industrial infrastructure leasing	90,966,600,849	93,883,612,025
	90,966,600,849	93,883,612,025

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For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.17 Other short-term payables

Service described in a contract of the contrac	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND	01/01/2025 VND
Payables to other organizations and individuals		
Dividend payables (*)	60,000,000,000	60,000,000,000
Maintenance expenses	124,429,767,076	81,496,373,782
Trade union fund	221,607,452	148,544,946
Remuneration for the Board of Directors and the Board of Supervisors	-	84,100,000
Short-term deposits and advances received	5,761,287,151	4,822,059,203
Other payables	18,261,710,762	19,302,846,089
	208,674,372,441	165,853,924,020

(\*) According to Resolution No. 29/2019/NQ-HIPC-DHDCDTN dated 28 June 2019, the shareholders of the Company approved the dividend distribution for 2017 at a rate of 10% on the charter capital as of 31 December 2017, after fulfilling all payment obligations to the State in accordance with regulations. As of the date of these financial statements, the Company is still in the process of completing these obligations.

## 5.18 Loans and finance lease liabilities

## 5.18.1 Short-term loans and finance lease liabilities

	30/06/2	025	01/01/2	025
	Amount	Payment capability	Amount	Payment capability
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Current portion of long-ter	m loans		VIVE	VIND
Ho Chi Minh City Finance and Investment State- Owned Company (see Notes 5.18.2)	6,192,400,000	6,192,400,000	6,192,400,000	6,192,400,000
,	6,192,400,000	6,192,400,000	6,192,400,000	6,192,400,000

Details of short-term loans and finance lease liabilities transactions in period are as follows:

	01/01/2025	Paid in the period	Transfer from long-term loans	30/06/2025
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Current portion of long-term loans	6,192,400,000	(3,096,200,000)	3,096,200,000	6,192,400,000
	6,192,400,000	(3,096,200,000)	3,096,200,000	6,192,400,000

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

## 5.18.2 Long-term loans and finance lease liabilities

	30/06/2	2025	01/01/	2025
	Amount	Payment capability	Amount	Payment capability
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Long-term loans and finance lease liabilities - other organizations Ho Chi Minh City Finance and Investment State- Owned Company (*)	22,736,000,000	22,736,000,000	25,832,200,000	25,832,200,000
Current portion of long- term loans Ho Chi Minh City Finance and Investment State- Owned Company	(6,192,400,000)	(6,192,400,000)	(6,192,400,000)	(6,192,400,000)
	16,543,600,000	16,543,600,000	19,639,800,000	19,639,800,000

- (\*) This is a long-term loan from Ho Chi Minh City Finance and Investment State-Owned Company under the following contracts:
  - Credit contract No. 68/2017/HDTD-DTTC-TD dated 13 June 2017 for the implementation of Module 2 of the Centralized Wastewater Treatment Plant Project at Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Phase 2 with a capacity of 3,000 m³/day and night. The loan amount is VND 45,115,000,000, with a loan term of 144 months. The applicable interest rate from the contract signing date until 30 June 2017, was 8.95% per annum, and the interest rate is adjusted quarterly. The loan is secured by a term deposit of VND 19,400,000,000 under Term Deposit Agreement No. 912/2024/46688 dated 16 January 2024, signed with Vietnam Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Industry and Trade Saigon Branch, according to Pledge Contract No. 74/2024/HDCC-DTTC-TD dated 15 November 2024.
  - Credit contract No. 189/2016/HDTD-DTTC-TD dated 29 December 2016, for the implementation of Module 1 project of the centralized wastewater treatment plant at Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Phase 2 Capacity of 3,000 m³/day (located at the land plot of the centralized wastewater treatment plant at Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park, Phase 1). The loan amount is VND 27,000,000,000. The loan term is 120 months. The applicable interest rate from the contract signing date to 31 December 2016, is 8.875% per annum, and the interest rate is adjusted every 03 months. The loan is secured by a term deposit worth VND 12,600,000,000 from Term Deposit Contract No. 750/2023/00014/HDTG dated 16 August 2023, signed with Modern Bank of Vietnam (MBV) Ho Chi Minh City Branch under Pledge Contract No. 23/2024/HDCC-DTTC-TD dated 30 May 2024.

Details of long-term loans and finance lease liabilities transactions in period are as follows:

	01/01/2025	Paid in the period	Transfer to	30/06/2025
	VND	VND	short-term loans VND	VND
Long-term loans from other organizations	19,639,800,000	-	(3,096,200,000)	16,543,600,000
	19,639,800,000		(3,096,200,000)	16,543,600,000

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.19 Bonus and welfare funds

	01/01/2025	Increase from profit appropriation	Decrease in the period	30/06/2025
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Bonus fund	10,900,323	23	=	10,900,323
Welfare fund	1,325,303	-	-	1,325,303
Management and executive bonus fund	5,501,530,456	-	-	5,501,530,456
<u> </u>	5,513,756,082		_	5,513,756,082

#### 5.20 Long-term provisions

	01/01/2025 VND	Increase in the period VND	Reversal and utilization in the period VND	<b>30/06/2025</b> VND
Provision for loss- making contracts	56,021,583,054	-	(833,612,108)	55,187,970,946
	56,021,583,054		(833,612,108)	55,187,970,946

This is a provision for signed land lease contracts with high risks where the mandatory costs to fulfill obligations exceed the estimated economic benefits from these contracts.

## 5.21 Owner's equity

## 5.21.1 Owner's equity movement

	Owners' invested capital	Capital surplus	Investment and development funds	Retained earnings	Total
	VND	VND	VND	VND	VND
As at 01/01/2024 Profit in period Remuneration of the Board of Directors, Executive Board, the Board of Supervisor	600,000,000,000	100,000,000,000	41,208,052,350	(378,987,426,991) 29,451,632,202 (366,000,000)	362,220,625,359 29,451,632,202 (366,000,000)
As at 30/06/2024	600,000,000,000	100,000,000,000	41,208,052,350	(349,881,794,789)	391,326,257,561
As at 01/07/2024 Profit in period Remuneration of the Board of Directors, Executive Board, the Board of Supervisor	600,000,000,000	100,000,000,000	41,208,052,350	(349,881,794,789) 36,747,029,402 (366,000,000)	391,326,257,561 36,747,029,402 (366,000,000)
As at 31/12/2024	600,000,000,000	100,000,000,000	41,208,052,350	(313,520,765,387)	427,687,286,963
As at 01/01/2025 Profit in period Remuneration of the Board of Directors, Executive Board, the Board of Supervisor	600,000,000,000	100,000,000,000	41,208,052,350	(313,520,765,387) 12,974,802,276 (366,000,000)	427,687,286,963 12,974,802,276 (366,000,000)
As at 30/06/2025	600,000,000,000	100,000,000,000	41,208,052,350	(300,911,963,111)	440,296,089,239

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 5.21.2 Detail of owner's invested equity

According to the Business Registration Certificate (amended), the Company's charter capital is VND 600,000,000,000. As at 30 June 2025, the Company's charter capital has been fully contributed by the following shareholders:

contributed by ti	ie ioliowing shai	enoluers.				
		30/06/2025			01/01/2025	
	Shares	<b>Value</b> VND	Rate %	Shares	<b>Value</b> VND	Rate %
Tan Thuan Industrial Promotion Company Limited	24,326,178	243,261,780,000	40.54	24,326,178	243,261,780,000	40.54
Tuan Loc Construction Investment Corporation	20,000,000	200,000,000,000	33.33	20,000,000	200,000,000,000	33.33
Other shareholders	15,673,822	156,738,220,000	26.13	15,673,822	156,738,220,000	26.13
	60,000,000	600,000,000,000	100.00	60,000,000	600,000,000,000	100.00
5.21.3 Shares						
				30/06/2025 Share	<b>01/01/2</b> (Sh	<b>025</b> are
Number of issued	d registered sha	res		60,000,000	60,000,0	000
Number of share	s sold to the pul	olic		60,000,000	60,000,0	
Common share Preferred share				60,000,000	60,000,	

Par value of shares in circulation: VND 10,000/ share.

## 5.22 Off-balance sheet items

Common shares Preferred shares

Common shares

Preferred shares

Number of repurchased shares

Number of shares in circulation

Foreign currency

	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
US Dollar (USD)	3,520.15	3,520.15

60,000,000

60,000,000

# 6. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

# 6.1 Net revenues from sale of goods and rendering of services

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Revenue from leasing developed land - Phase I Revenue from leasing developed land - Phase II Revenue from clean water supply Revenue from wastewater treatment Revenue from worker dormitory leasing Revenue from waste collection services Revenue deductions	804,583,418 1,822,362,758 24,786,205,624 15,630,879,004 2,222,356,570 97,748,000	3,042,068,332 1,822,362,760 23,186,908,599 12,671,407,829 2,221,278,805
- Returned goods	-	(44,911,208,896)
Net revenue	45,364,135,374	(1,967,182,571)

60,000,000

60,000,000

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### 6.2 Cost of goods sold

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Cost of leasing land - Phase I	242,927,618	303,968,058
Cost of leasing land - Phase II (*)	2,736,940,016	(56,493,329,865)
(Reversal)/Provision for high-risk land lease contracts - Phase II	(833,612,108)	(724,459,685)
Cost of clean water supply	19,027,852,107	25,093,650,355
Cost of wastewater treatment	5,386,407,405	3,991,311,419
Cost of worker dormitory leasing	1,975,249,389	1,765,767,374
Cost of waste collection services	32,175,260	
	28,567,939,687	(26,063,092,344)

(\*) The cost of land lease is estimated based on the investment budget using a provisional land rental unit price of VND 1,764,000 per square meter, in accordance with the land valuation plan appraisal dossier submitted by the Department of Natural Resources and Environment to the Ho Chi Minh City Land Price Appraisal Council on 22 August 2019, for the recognition of costs relating to land sublease activities and the obligation to pay land rental to the State.

As of the date of this financial statement, the Company is still in the process of working with the competent authorities of Ho Chi Minh City to determine the official rental price. In case the competent authority approves the official land rental price, the Company will adjust the cost price and related figures will be updated accordingly at the time of issuance.

#### 6.3 Financial income

Other selling expenses

		From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Interest from deposit Interest income from late customer payments Foreign exchange gain due to the revaluation of monetary items denominated in foreign currencies	12,523,254,954 55,322,724 1,795,276	16,758,802,905 702,804,702 4,871,969
	carrendes	12,580,372,954	17,466,479,576
6.4	Selling expenses		
		From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Labor expenses Tools and supplies expenses Service expenses	1,173,098,790 12,090,550 822,224,398	704,464,650 4,995,000 647,539,832

69,544,100

2,076,957,838

70,544,148

1,427,543,630

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For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

6.5	General and administration exper	ises		
			From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
	Labor expenses Office supplies expenses		6,452,168,036	6,477,616,360
	Depreciation of fixed assets		128,927,838	101,256,668
	Taxes, fees, and charges		109,593,156 3,000,000	150,365,845
	Provision expenses		4,123,755	3,000,000
	Service expenses		2,049,039,562	3,355,035,792
	Other general and administrative ex	nenses	1,576,956,453	
	outer general and administrative ex	perises	10,323,808,800	1,572,824,984
			10,323,000,000	11,660,099,649
6.6	Other income			
			From 01/01/2025	From 01/01/2024
			to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
			VND	VND
			VIND	VND
	Rental income from premises		980,724,824	1,012,348,669
	Advertising board rental income		167,454,545	64,805,000
	Adjustment of tax differences		101,404,040	158,207,588
	Other income		278,374,450	105,577,154
		****	1,426,553,819	1,340,938,411
c 7	04	_	1,120,000,010	1,040,000,411
6.7	Other expenses			
			From 01/01/2025	From 01/01/2024
			to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
			VND	VND
	Rental expenses		164,622,075	101 200 740
	Expense for land lease refund due to	contract	1,933,914,464	191,200,740
	termination		1,000,014,404	-
	Other expenses		85,765,257	14,004,818
		*****	2,184,301,796	205,205,558
			2,101,001,700	200,200,000
6.8	Earnings per share			
			From 01/01/2025	From 01/01/2024
			to 30/06/2025	to 30/06/2024
	Net profit after corporate income tax Adjustments to increase/(decrease)	VND	12,974,802,276	29,451,632,202
	profit to determine the profit to be allocated to shareholders holding	VND	-	
	common shares of the Company (*)			
	Profit to calculate EPS	VND	12,974,802,276	29,451,632,202
	Outstanding common shares on	Shares	60,000,000	60,000,000
	average during the period	V <u>4000</u>		,,
	Earnings per share	VND/Share_	216	491
			_	

<sup>(\*)</sup> The Company has no plan to appropriate the bonus and welfare fund from the after-tax profit for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

6.9	Production and	business costs	by	element
0.5	r rouuction and	nusilless costs	, DY	elelllel

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Raw materials expenses	304,049,092	145,024,028
Labor expenses	10,931,538,448	10,465,021,873
Depreciation expenses	4,554,016,131	3,319,030,003
External service expenses	24,351,424,722	30,904,915,617
Other expenses	1,962,051,127	1,071,711,573
	42,103,079,520	45,905,703,094

# 7. ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FOR ITEMS SHOWN IN THE INTERIM CASH FLOWS STATEMENT

## Repayment of borrowings

	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Proceeds from borrowings from loan agreement	3,096,200,000	3,096,200,000
	3,096,200,000	3,096,200,000

#### 8. OTHER INFORMATIONS

## 8.1 Transactions and balances with related parties

The related parties with the Company include key members of management, the individuals involved with key members and other related parties.

# 8.1.1 Transactions and balances with key members, the individuals involved with key members

Remuneration paid to key members during the year was as follow:

Full name	Position	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024	
Remuneration - The Board of Management		VND	VND	
Mr. Huynh Bao Duc Ms. Nguyen Thi Binh Mr. Giang Ngoc Phuong	General Director Deputy General Director Deputy General Director	456,207,000 329,287,000 331,372,600	509,614,000 372,988,000 375,073,600	
- The Board of Directors and The Board of Supervisors				
Mr. Nguyen Van Thinh Ms. Tran Thi Hanh Tien Mr. Vu Dinh Thi Mr. Pham Trung Kien Mr. Truong Cong Nghia Mr. Huynh Bao Duc Ms. Nguyen Thi Binh	Chairman of the Board Member Member Member Member Member Member	60,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000	60,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000 48,000,000	
Mr. Nguyen Kien Tan Mr. Le Van Cong Ms. Le Nguyen Khanh Ngoc	Chief Supervisor Member Member	48,000,000 42,000,000 42,000,000 <b>1,596,866,600</b>	48,000,000 42,000,000 42,000,000 <b>1,737,675,600</b>	

### NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

During the period, the Company had the following significant transactions with key management members:

Related parties Transaction	Từ 01/01/2025 đến 30/06/2025 VND	Từ 01/01/2024 đến 30/06/2024 VND
Mr. Giang Ngoc Phuong	*****	VIID
Advance	25,000,000	=
Balance with key management members:		
	30/06/2025	01/01/2025
	VND	VND
Other receivables		
Mr. Giang Ngoc Phuong	25,000,000	<u>=</u>

#### 8.1.2 Transactions and balances with other related parties

During the period, significant transactions with related parties in year are as follows:

Related parties	Transaction	From 01/01/2025 to 30/06/2025 VND	From 01/01/2024 to 30/06/2024 VND
Vietnam Japan 1	Technology Park Company Limi	ted	
	Selling goods, rendering of services	128,161,974	102,493,542
Long Hau Corpo	ration		
	Purchasing goods, services	8,607,407	; <del>-</del>
Balance with relat	ted parties was as follow:		
		30/06/2025	01/01/2025
		VND	VND
Tan Thuan Indust Limited	rial Promotion Company	10,573,314,466	10,573,314,466
Other receivable	s		
	rial Promotion Company	255,892,000	255,892,000
Trade naveblee			
	rial Promotion Company	4,024,289,643	4,024,289,642
Other receivable Tan Thuan Indust Limited Trade payables Tan Thuan Indust	rial Promotion Company s rial Promotion Company	10,573,314,466 255,892,000	10,573,314,46 255,892,00

#### 8.2 Segment Information

The Company does not present segment information by business line or geographic area, as it operates in a single business segment of developing and providing industrial park infrastructure services, and only operates within Vietnam.

#### 8.3 Restatement of Opening Balances

Subsequent to the issuance of the financial statements for the financial year ended 31 December 2024, the Company's Board of Management applied a restatement of the opening balances in these financial statements to reflect land lease costs and infrastructure construction costs of the Hiep Phuoc Industrial Park Project – Phase I and Phase II, as presented in the following items:

## NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

These notes form an integral part of and should be read in conjunction with the accompanying financial statements.

#### **BALANCE SHEET**

		01/01/2025	31/12/2024	
ITEMS	Code	Restated figures	Previously issued figures	Net change
		VND	VND	VND
Inventories Construction in progress	141 242	1,053,782,844,837 297,573,460,775	225,350,066 1,351,130,955,546	1,053,557,494,771 (1,053,557,494,771)

# 8.4 Agreement on Reimbursement of Expenses for Hiep Phuoc 1 Residential Area Project ("Project")

On 30 December 2016, the Company signed a Memorandum of Understanding ("MOU") on the reimbursement of resettlement costs for the Project with Tan Thuan Industrial Promotion Company Limited ("IPC"). The MOU specifies that the Company shall reimburse IPC for resettlement costs, including the value of resettlement plots allocated to displaced residents based on a mutually agreed fair value, financial costs, and a 10% profit margin.

Under the MOU, both parties agreed that after finalizing the resettlement cost value and completing their respective internal approval procedures, they would sign a formal Reimbursement Agreement.

In 2018, the Company made an advance payment of VND 33,505,204,755 to IPC under this MOU.

In 2019, IPC issued invoices for this advance as required by the tax authorities. The treatment of this advance payment will be finalized upon the parties' agreement on the resettlement costs and execution of the Reimbursement Agreement.

## 8.5 Events subsequent to the balance sheet date

There have been no significant events occurring after the balance sheet date (30 June 2025) to the date of this report, which would require adjustments or disclosures to be made in the interim financial statements.

LU THI THU VAN

Chief Accountant / Preparer

HUYNH BAO DUC General Director

Ho Chi Minh City, 12 August 2025