#### IDICO CORPORATION IDICO INVESTMENT CONSULTING JOINT STOCK COMPANY

**SOCIALIST REPUBLIC OF VIETNAMNAM** Independence - Freedom - Happiness

Number: 276/CT-INC

Ho Chi Minh City, August 14, 2025

On the disclosure of financial statements Review of the first 6 months of 2025

#### To: Hanoi Stock Exchange.

Pursuant to the provisions of Clause 3, Article 14 of Circular No. 96/2020/TT-BTC dated November 16, 2020 of the Ministry of Finance guiding information disclosure on the stock market, IDICO Investment Consulting Joint Stock Company shall disclose information on the Audited Financial Statements for the first 6 months of 2025 to the Hanoi Stock Exchange as follows:

- 1. Organization name: IDICO Investment Consulting Joint Stock Company:
- Stock code: INC
- Head office address: No. 100, Nguyen Gia Tri Street, Thanh My Tay Ward, Ho Chi Minh City.
  - Phone: 0283 8995588
  - Email: headoffice@idico.com.vn Website: https://idico-incon.com.vn
  - 2. Information disclosure content:
  - Audited financial report for the first 6 months of 2025:

accounting unit has affiliated units);	NY) no subsidiaries and	the superior
☐ Consolidated financial statements (To	CNV has subsidiarias)	
☐ Consolidated financial statements (		nting unit and
accounting apparatus).	TCIVI has its own accoun	nung unit and
- Cases that require explanation:		
+ The audit organization gives an opinio	n that is not an unqualified	opinion on the
financial statements:	7	1
☐ Yes	□ No	
Explanatory document in case of integra	tion:	
☐ Yes	□ No	
+ The difference between pre- and post-		g period is 5%
or more, changing from loss to profit or vice v	/ersa:	
☐ Yes	□ No	
Explanatory document in case of integra	tion:	
☐ Yes	□ No	

+ Profit after corporate income tax in the business results report of the reporting

period changes by 10% or more compared to the same period report of the previous



year:

Explanatory document in case of integration:  Yes  Profit after tax in the reporting period is a loss, changing from profit in the sar period of the previous year to loss in this period or vice versa:	
+ Profit after tax in the reporting period is a loss, changing from profit in the sar	
+ Profit after tax in the reporting period is a loss, changing from profit in the sar period of the previous year to loss in this period or vice versa:	
	me
☐ Yes	
Explanatory document in case of integration:	
□ Yes ⊠ No	
This information was published on the Company's website on August 14, 2025 the link: <i>https://idico-incon.com.vn</i>	at

3. Report on transactions with a value of 35% or more of total assets in the first 6 months of 2025: None

We commit that the information published above is true and are fully responsible before the law for the content of the information provided.

#### Recipient:

#### AUTHORIZED PERSON TO DISCLOSURE INFORMATION

- As above;

- Save TCKT, HCNS.

(Attached are the audited financial statements for the first 6 months of 2025 and the document explaining that the profit after tax for the first 6 months of 2025 fluctuated by more than 10% compared to the same period)

CHIEF ACCOUNTANT

CÔNG TY

CỔ PHẦN

TƯ VẤN ĐẦU TƯ

LDICO

THỊNH PHỐ HỐ CHÍNH

Lai Van Hoan



窗 028 38 99 55 88

Interim financial statements

For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025





#### CONTENTS

	Pages
General information	1
Report of the management	2
Report on review of interim financial statements	3 - 4
nterim balance sheet	5 - 6
nterim income statement	7
nterim cash flow statement	8 - 9
Jotes to the interim financial statements	10 - 31

#### GENERAL INFORMATION

#### THE COMPANY

IDICO Investment Consultancy Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate ("ERC") No. 0304843611 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh City on 31 January 2007, and as amended.

On 13 October 2006, the Company was equitized according to Decision No. 1423/QĐ-BXD of the Minister of Construction.

On 18 April 2011, the Company's shares were listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange ("HNX").

The current principal activities of the Company are to provide consulting services, design, planning, topographic and geological surveying, and construction supervision.

The Company's head office is located at No. 100 Nguyen Gia Tri Street, Thanh My Tay Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Members of the Board of Directors during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr Hoang Tuan Anh

Chairman

Mr Nguyen Ngoc Khanh Mr Huynh Anh Tuan Member Independent member

#### **BOARD OF SUPERVISION**

Members of the Board of Supervision during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr Vu Tuan Anh

Head

Ms Vu Thi Thuy Phuong

Member

Mr Bui The Cong

Member

appointed on 24 April 2025

Mr Do Tan Khiem

Member

resigned on 24 April 2025

#### MANAGEMENT

Members of the Management during the period and at the date of this report are:

Mr Nguyen Ngoc Khanh

Director

Mr Dam Van Kien

Deputy Director

Mr Ta Van Loi

Deputy Director

Mr Pham Lam Son

Deputy Director

#### LEGAL REPRESENTATIVE

The legal representative of the Company during the period and at the date of this report is Mr Nguyen Ngoc Khanh.

#### **AUDITORS**

The auditor of the Company is Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited.

#### REPORT OF MANAGEMENT

Management of IDICO Investment Consultancy Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is pleased to present this report and the interim financial statements of the Company for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025.

#### MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY IN RESPECT OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Management is responsible for the interim financial statements of each financial period which give a true and fair view of the interim financial position of the Company and of the interim results of its operations and its interim cash flows for the period. In preparing those interim financial statements, management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgements and estimates that are reasonable and prudent;
- state whether applicable accounting standards have been followed, subject to any material departures disclosed and explained in the interim financial statements; and
- prepare the interim financial statements on the going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

Management is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the interim financial position of the Company and to ensure that the accounting records comply with the applied accounting system. It is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud and other irregularities.

Management confirmed that it has complied with the above requirements in preparing the accompanying interim financial statements.

#### STATEMENT BY MANAGEMENT

Management does hereby state that, in its opinion, the accompanying interim financial statements give a true and fair view of the interim financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim results of its operations and its interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements.

Forand on behalf of management:

CÔNG TY CỔ PHẨM TVẨN ĐẦU TỤ IDICO

Nguyen Ngoc Khanh

Director

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

14 August 2025



Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited 2 Hai Trieu Street, Sai Gon Ward Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam Tel: +84 28 3824 5252 Email: eyhcmc@vn.ey.com Website (EN): ey.com/en\_vn Website (VN): ey.com/vi\_vn

Reference: 13689494/68666412-LR

#### REPORT ON REVIEW OF THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

To: The Shareholders of IDICO Investment Consultancy Joint Stock Company

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of IDICO Investment Consultancy Joint Stock Company ("the Company") as prepared on 14 August 2025 and set out on pages 5 to 31 which comprise the interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2025, and the interim income statement, and the interim cash flow statement for the six-month period then ended and the notes thereto.

#### Management's responsibility

The Company's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements, and for such internal control as the management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on the interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements No. 2410 - Review of Interim Financial Information Performed by the Independent Auditor of the Entity.

A review of interim separate financial information consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



#### Conclusion

0081180

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not give a true and fair view, in all material respects, of the interim financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of the interim results of its operations and its interim cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and the statutory requirements relevant to the preparation and presentation of the interim financial statements.

**Ernst & Young Vietnam Limited** 

Nhu Quynh Deputy General Director

Audit Practicing Registration Certificate

No: 3040-2024-004-1

Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam

14 August 2025

					VIND
Code	AS	SETS	Notes	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
100	A.	CURRENT ASSETS		30,184,886,976	30,605,219,225
<b>110</b> 111 112	l.	Cash and cash equivalents 1. Cash 2. Cash equivalents	4	<b>6,996,614,211</b> 2,196,614,211 4,800,000,000	<b>4,103,065,515</b> 1,103,065,515 3,000,000,000
130 131 132 136 137	11.	<ol> <li>Current accounts receivable</li> <li>Short-term trade receivables</li> <li>Short-term advances to suppliers</li> <li>Other short-term receivables</li> <li>Provision for short-term doubtful receivables</li> </ol>	5 6 7 8	11,039,768,399 10,721,736,599 717,770,000 410,669,572 (810,407,772)	12,853,825,363 13,210,425,078 298,000,000 378,069,572 (1,032,669,287)
<b>140</b> 141 149	<i>III.</i>	<ul><li><i>Inventory</i></li><li>1. Inventories</li><li>2. Provision for obsolete inventories</li></ul>	9	<b>12,121,845,274</b> 12,624,054,994 (502,209,720)	<b>13,648,328,347</b> 13,648,328,347
<b>150</b> 151	IV.	Other current asset  1. Short-term prepaid expenses		<b>26,659,092</b> 26,659,092	-
200	В.	NON-CURRENT ASSETS		5,879,545,079	5,881,521,368
220 221 222 223 227 228 229 260 261	I.	Fixed assets  1. Tangible fixed assets    Cost    Accumulated depreciation  2. Intangible fixed assets    Cost    Accumulated amortisation  Other long-term asset  1. Long-term prepaid expenses	10	5,793,726,329 3,404,672,329 8,565,340,145 (5,160,667,816) 2,389,054,000 4,865,783,400 (2,476,729,400) 85,818,750 85,818,750	5,881,521,368 3,492,467,368 8,468,167,418 (4,975,700,050) 2,389,054,000 4,865,783,400 (2,476,729,400)
270	то	TAL ASSETS		36,064,432,055	36,486,740,593

TI

INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (continued) as at 30 June 2025

VND

Code	RE	SOURCES	Notes	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
300	C.	LIABILITY		12,285,801,953	13,521,105,804
310 311 312 313 314 315 319 322	I.	<ol> <li>Current liabilities</li> <li>Short-term trade payables</li> <li>Short-term advances from customers</li> <li>Statutory obligations</li> <li>Payables to employees</li> <li>Short-term accrued expenses</li> <li>Other short-term payables</li> <li>Bonus and welfare fund</li> </ol>	12 13 14 15 16	12,285,801,953 3,472,022,891 3,465,012,803 981,870,941 969,415,000 531,150,000 2,695,702,968 170,627,350	13,521,105,804 3,778,889,021 2,716,358,506 1,242,683,340 941,000,000 81,150,000 4,590,397,587 170,627,350
400	D.	OWNERS' EQUITY		23,778,630,102	22,965,634,789
410 411 411a 412 421 421a 421b	I.	Owners' equity  1. Share capital     - Ordinary shares with voting rights  2. Share premium  3. Undistributed earnings     - Undistributed earnings by the end of prior period     - Undistributed earnings of current period	17	23,778,630,102 20,000,000,000 20,000,000,000 248,050,000 3,530,580,102 2,717,584,789 812,995,313	22,965,634,789 20,000,000,000 20,000,000,000 248,050,000 2,717,584,789 2,430,376,062 287,208,727
440	Fig. 1772	TAL LIABILITIES AND VNERS' EQUITY		36,064,432,055	36,486,740,593

Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

14 August 2025

Pham Thi Loan Preparer Lai Van Hoan Chief Accountant Hổ Hồ CY Nguyên Ngọc Khanh

Director

William - Will



INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

VND

					VND
Code	ITEI	MS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
01	1.	Revenue from rendering of services	18	12,538,295,129	7,684,064,654
02	2.	Deductions	18	-	-
10	3.	Net revenue from rendering of services	18	12,538,295,129	7,684,064,654
11	4.	Cost of services rendered	19	(9,269,151,214)	(5,193,318,679)
20	5.	Gross profit from rendering of services		3,269,143,915	2,490,745,975
21	6.	Finance income		81,481,341	1,200,470
<b>22</b> 23	7.	Finance expenses In which: Interest expense		- -	<b>(7,221,886)</b> (7,221,886)
26	8.	General and administrative expenses	20	(2,173,289,485)	(2,206,137,428)
30	9.	Operating profit		1,177,335,771	278,587,131
50	10.	Accounting profit before tax		1,177,335,771	278,587,131
51	11.	Current corporate income tax expense	22.1	(364,340,458)	(55,717,426)
60	12.	Net profit after corporate income tax		812,995,313	222,869,705
70	13.	Basic earnings per share	17.3	406	111
71	14.	Diluted earnings per share	17.3	406	111

Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

14 August 2025

Pham Thi Loan Preparer

Lai Van Hoan **Chief Accountant**  Nguyen Ngoc Khanh

Director

Cổ PHẨN

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

VND

				VND
Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
	I. CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES			
01	Accounting profit before tax  Adjustments for:		1,177,335,771	278,587,131
02	Depreciation and amortisation	10, 11	184,967,766 279,948,205	228,420,226
03 05 06	Provisions Profit from investing activities Interest expense		(81,481,341)	(1,200,470) 7,221,886
08	Operating profit before changes in	×	1,560,770,401	513,028,773
09	working capital  Decrease (increase) in receivables		2,036,318,479	(2,139,884,103)
10	Decrease (increase) in inventories		1,024,273,353	(722,736,441)
11	Increase in payables		833,429,755	39,482,990
12	(Increase) decrease in prepaid expenses		(112,477,842)	30,286,741
14	Interest paid			(7,221,886)
15	Corporate income tax paid	14	(496,243,291)	(213,896,141)
17	Other cash outflows for operating activities		-	(200,000,000)
20	Net cash flows from (used in) operating activities		4,846,070,855	(2,700,940,067)
	activities		4,040,010,000	(2,100,010,001,
	II. CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING			
21	ACTIVITIES Purchase of fixed assets		(61,618,500)	(32,472,727)
27	Interest received		81,481,341	1,200,470
30	Net cash flows from (used in) investing activities		19,862,841	(31,272,257)
				, , ,
	III. CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES			
33	Drawdown of borrowings		-	945,476,500
36	Dividends paid		(1,972,385,000)	(157,125,000)
40	Net cash flows (used in) from			
	financing activities		(1,972,385,000)	788,351,500
			100000000000000000000000000000000000000	





VND

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (continued) for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025

Code	ITEMS	Notes	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
50	Net increase in cash and cash equivalent for the period		2,893,548,696	(1,943,860,824)
60	Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period		4,103,065,515	3,094,228,807
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of period	4	6,996,614,211	1,150,367,983

Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

14 August 2025

Pham Thi Loan Preparer

Lai Van Hoan **Chief Accountant**  Nguyen Ngoc Khanh Director

184

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 1. CORPORATE INFORMATION

IDICO Investment Consultancy Joint Stock Company ("the Company") is a shareholding company incorporated under the Law on Enterprise of Vietnam pursuant to the Enterprise Registration Certificate ("ERC") No. 0304843611 issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Ho Chi Minh city on 31 January 2007, and as amended.

On 13 October 2006, the Company was equitized according to Decision No. 1423/QĐ-BXD of the Minister of Construction.

On 18 April 2011, the Company's shares were listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange ("HNX").

The current principal activities of the Company are to provide consulting services, design, planning, topographic and geological surveying, and construction supervision.

The Company's normal course of business cycle is 12 months.

The Company's head office is located at No. 100 Nguyen Gia Tri Street, Thanh My Tay Ward, Ho Chi Minh City, Vietnam.

The number of the Company's employees as at 30 June 2025 was 52 (31 December 2024: 51).

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION

#### 2.1 Accounting standards and system

The interim financial statements of the Company, expressed in Vietnam dong ("VND"), are prepared in accordance with the Vietnamese Enterprise Accounting System and Vietnamese Accounting Standard No. 27 - Financial Reporting and other Vietnamese Accounting Standards issued by the Ministry of Finance as per:

- Decision No. 149/2001/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2001 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 1);
- Decision No. 165/2002/QD-BTC dated 31 December 2002 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 2);
- Decision No. 234/2003/QD-BTC dated 30 December 2003 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 3);
- Decision No. 12/2005/QD-BTC dated 15 February 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Six Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 4); and
- Decision No. 100/2005/QD-BTC dated 28 December 2005 on the Issuance and Promulgation of Four Vietnamese Accounting Standards (Series 5).

Accordingly, the accompanying interim balance sheet, interim income statement, interim cash flow statement and related notes, including their utilisation are not designed for those who are not informed about Vietnam's accounting principles, procedures and practices and furthermore are not intended to present the interim financial position and interim results of operations and cash flows of the Company in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries other than Vietnam.

#### 2.2 Applied accounting documentation system

The Company's applied accounting documentation system is the General Journal Voucher system.

#### 2.3 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year applicable for the preparation of its financial statements starts on 1 January and ends on 31 December.

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 2. BASIS OF PREPARATION (continued)

#### 2.4 Accounting currency

The interim financial statements are prepared in VND which is also the Company's accounting currency.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

#### 3.1 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprises cash on hand and cash in banks. Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, cash in banks and short-term, highly liquid investments with an original maturity of less than three months that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and that are subject to an insignificant risk of change in value.

#### 3.2 Inventory

Inventories are measured at their historical costs. The cost of inventories comprise costs of purchase, costs of conversion (including raw materials, direct labor cost, other directly related cost, manufacturing general overheads allocated based on the normal operating capacity) incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition.

In case the net realizable value is lower than the original price, it must be calculated according to the net realizable value.

Net realisable value ("NRV") represents the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs to complete and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

The perpetual method is used to record inventories, which are valued as follows:

Raw materials - Cost of purchase on a weighted average basis

Work-in process - Cost of work-in process on a weighted average basis.

Provision for obsolete inventories

An inventory provision is made for the estimated loss arising due to the impairment of value (through diminution, damage, obsolescence, etc.) of raw materials, finished goods, and other inventories owned by the Company, based on appropriate evidence of impairment available at the balance sheet date.

Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded into the cost of goods sold account in the interim income statement. When inventories are expired, obsolescence, damage or become useless, the difference between the provision previously made and the historical cost of inventories are included in the interim income statement.

#### 3.3 Receivables

Receivables are presented in the balance sheet at the carrying amounts due from customers and other debtors, after the provision for doubtful debts.

The provision for doubtful debts represents amounts of outstanding receivables at the balance sheet date which are doubtful of being recovered. Increases or decreases to the provision balance are recorded as general and administrative expense in the interim income statement. When bad debts are determined as unrecoverable and accountant writes off those bad debts, the differences between the provision for doubtful receivables previously made and historical cost of receivables are included in the interim income statement.

117/111 11

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.4 Tangible fixed assets

Tangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation.

The cost of a tangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of bringing the tangible fixed asset to working condition for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements and renewals are added to the carrying amount of the assets and expenditures for maintenance and repairs are charged to the interim income statement as incurred.

When tangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim income statement.

#### 3.5 Intangible fixed assets

Intangible fixed assets are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation.

The cost of an intangible fixed asset comprises its purchase price and any directly attributable costs of preparing the intangible fixed asset for its intended use.

Expenditures for additions, improvements are added to the carrying amount of the assets and other expenditures are charged to the interim income statement as incurred.

When intangible fixed assets are sold or retired, any gain or loss resulting from their disposal (the difference between the net disposal proceeds and the carrying amount) is included in the interim income statement.

Land use rights

Land use rights are recognized as intangible fixed assets, including the value of land use rights that the company has purchased or leased. The useful life of the land use rights is assessed based on the duration of the land use rights. Accordingly, land use rights with a definite term are leased land use rights and are allocated to the interim income statement over the lease term, while land use rights with an indefinite term are not allocated.

#### 3.6 Depreciation and amortisation

Depreciation of tangible fixed assets and amortisation of intangible assets are calculated on a straight-line basis over the estimated useful life of each asset as follows:

Buildings and structures 25 years
Machinery and equipment 5 - 12 years
Means of transportation 8 years
Equipment 3 -6 years

#### 3.7 Payables and accruals

Payables and accruals are recognised for amounts to be paid in the future for goods and services received, whether or not billed to the Company.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.8 Provisions

#### General

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present obligation (legal or constructive) as a result of a past event, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate can be made of the amount of the obligation.

When the Company expects some or all of a provision to be reimbursed, for example under an insurance contract, the reimbursement is recognised as an asset but only when the reimbursement is virtually certain. The expense relating to any provision is presented in the interim income statement net of any reimbursement.

#### 3.9 Share capital

#### Ordinary shares

Ordinary shares are recognised at issuance price less incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of shares, net of tax effects. Such costs are recognised as a deduction from share premium.

#### Share premium

Share premium is the difference between the par value and the issuance price of the shares, minus the actual expenses incurred for the issuance of the shares.

#### 3.10 Appropriation of net profits

Net profit after tax (excluding negative goodwill arising from a bargain purchase) is available for appropriation to shareholders after approval by the appropriate level of authority/in the annual general meeting, and after making appropriation to reserve funds in accordance with the Company's Charter and Vietnam's regulatory requirements. The Company maintains the following reserve fund which is appropriated from its net profit as proposed by the Board of Directors and subject to approval by shareholders at the annual general meeting:

#### Bonus and welfare fund

This fund is set aside for the purpose of pecuniary rewarding and encouraging, common benefits and improvement of the employees' benefits, and presented as a liability on the interim balance sheet.

#### Dividends

Dividends payables are proposed by the Board of Directors of the company and are classified as a distribution of undistributed profits under the equity section of the balance sheet until approved by the shareholders at the Annual General Meeting of Shareholders. At that point, the dividends will be recognized as a liability on the interim balance sheet.

#### 3.11 Revenue recognition

Revenue is recognised to the extent that it is probable that the economic benefits will flow to the Company and the revenue can be reliably measured. Revenue is measured at the fair value of the consideration received or receivable, excluding trade discount and rebate. The following specific recognition criteria must also be met before revenue is recognised:

#### Rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised when the services are rendered and is stated net of discounts, allowances and non-refundable taxes.

#### Interest

Interest is recognized on an accrual basis based on the time and actual interest rate for each period.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.12 Taxation

#### Current income tax

Current income tax assets and liabilities for the current and prior period are measured at the amount expected to be recovered from or paid to the taxation authorities. The tax rates and tax laws used to compute the amount are those that are enacted as at the balance sheet date.

Current income tax is charged or credited to the interim income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred current income tax is also dealt with in equity.

Current income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to set off current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the Company intends to settle its current tax assets and liabilities on a net basis.

#### Deferred tax

Deferred tax is provided using the liability method on temporary differences at the balance sheet date between the tax base of assets and liabilities and their carrying amount for financial reporting purposes.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences, except where the deferred tax liability arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction which at the time of the related transaction affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

Deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses, to the extent that it is probable that taxable profit will be available against which deductible temporary differences, carried forward unused tax credit and unused tax losses can be utilised, except where the deferred tax asset in respect of deductible temporary difference which arises from the initial recognition of an asset or liability which at the time of the related transaction, affects neither the accounting profit nor taxable profit or loss.

The carrying amount of deferred tax assets is reviewed at each balance sheet date and reduced to the extent that it is no longer probable that sufficient taxable profit will be available to allow all or part of the deferred tax asset to be utilised. Previously unrecognised deferred tax assets are re-assessed at each balance sheet date and are recognised to the extent that it has become probable that future taxable profit will allow the deferred tax assets to be recovered.

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are measured at the tax rates that are expected to apply in the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled based on tax rates and tax laws that have been enacted at the balance sheet date.

Deferred tax is charged or credited to the income statement, except when it relates to items recognised directly to equity, in which case the deferred tax is also dealt with in the equity account.

#### 3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

#### 3.12 Taxation (continued)

Deferred tax (continued)

Deferred tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right for the Company to off-set current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when they relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on:

- either the same taxable entity; or
- when the Company intends either settle current tax liabilities and assets on a net basis or to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously, in each future period in which significant amounts of deferred tax liabilities or assets are expected to be settled or recovered.

#### 3.13 Earnings per share

Basic earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing net profit after tax for the year attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company (after adjusting for the bonus and welfare fund) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period.

Diluted earnings per share amounts are calculated by dividing the net profit after tax attributable to ordinary equity holders of the Company (after adjusting for interest on the convertible preference shares) by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period plus the weighted average number of ordinary shares that would be issued on conversion of all the dilutive potential ordinary shares into ordinary shares.

#### 3.14 Segment information

The Company's principal activities are to provide consulting services, design, planning, topographic and geological surveying, and construction supervision. In addition, these activities are mainly taking place within Vietnam. Therefore, the Company's risks and returns are not impacted by the Company's products that the Company is manufacturing or the locations where the Company is trading. As a result, the Company's management is of the view that there is only one segment for business and geography and therefore presentation of segmental information is not required.

#### 3.15 Related parties

Parties are considered to be related parties of the Company if one party has the ability to control the other party or exercise significant influence over the other party in making financial and operating decisions, or when the Company and other party are under common control or under common significant influence. Related parties can be enterprise or individual, including close members of their families.

101

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 4. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Cash on hand	72,722,131	2,094,768
Cash at banks	2,123,892,080	1,100,970,747
Cash equivalents (*)	4,800,000,000	3,000,000,000
TOTAL	6,996,614,211	4,103,065,515

The ending balance represents term deposits at commercial bank with original terms of less than three (3) months and interest rates at the applicable rate.

#### 5. SHORT-TERM TRADE RECEIVABLES

NET	10,518,398,399	12,784,825,363
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 8)	(203,338,200)	(425,599,715)
TOTAL	10,721,736,599	13,210,425,078
<ul> <li>Binh Tien Investment and Tourism Joint Stock Company</li> <li>Others</li> <li>Due from related parties (Note 23)</li> </ul>	5,877,409,883 2,986,570,072 1,857,756,644	5,906,409,883 4,011,960,884 3,292,054,311
Due from other parties	30 June 2025 8,863,979,955	31 December 2024 9,918,370,767
		VND

#### 6. SHORT-TERM ADVANCE TO SUPPLIERS

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Advances to other parties - Quynh Lam Construction Investment	667,770,000	248,000,000
Consultant Company Limited	250,000,000	-
- Dinh Thi Lien	220,000,000	220,000,000
- Others	197,770,000	28,000,000
Advances to related parties (Note 23)	50,000,000	50,000,000
TOTAL	717,770,000	298,000,000
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 8)	(248,000,000)	(248,000,000)
NET	469,770,000	50,000,000

J

141

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 7. OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

NET	51,600,000	19,000,000
Provision for doubtful receivables (Note 8)	(359,069,572)	(359,069,572)
TOTAL	410,669,572	378,069,572
Others	359,069,572	359,069,572
Advances	51,600,000	19,000,000
	30 June 2025	VND 31 December 2024

#### 8. PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

#### 8.1 Details of the increase and decrease in the provision for doubtful short-term receivables during the period

			VND
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Beginnir Add: Less:	ng balance Provision made during the period Reversal of provision during the period	1,032,669,287 48,577,000 (270,838,515)	1,546,757,792
Ending b	palance	810,407,772	1,546,757,792

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

# PROVISION FOR DOUBTFUL SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES (continued) 8

## Overdue debt 8.2

2024	Recoverable sion value			- (000	I	ī	515)	287) 338,790,989
31 December 2024	Provision	(261,148,157) (220,000,000) (50,061,200)	(104,700,000)	(28,000,000)			_ (270,838,515)	(1,032,669,
<i>κ</i>	Cost	261,148,157 220,000,000 388.852.189	104,700,000	28,000,000	ľ	1	270,838,515	90,545,800 1,371,460,276 (1,032,669,287)
	Recoverable value			ī	ī	1	1 1	90,545,800
30 June 2025	Provision	(220,000,000)	(104,700,000)	(28,000,000)	(20,266,000)	(19,295,000)	(9,016,000)	900,953,572 (810,407,772)
	Cost	261,148,157	104,700,000	28,000,000	20,266,000	19,295,000	9,016,000	900,953,572
		Nguyen Truc Nghia Dinh Thi Lien	People's Police University Viet Thuan Phat Investment JSC	Nguyen Phi Hung Drilling Technology Geology and Construction JSC	Mechanized Construction and Installation No 9 JSC	Bien Hoa - Vung Tau Expressway Development Joint Stock Company	People's Committee of Son My Commune, Lam Dong Province	TOTAL

## INVENTORIES 6

Work in progress Raw materials

7,093,400 13,641,234,947

9,408,200 12,614,646,794

31 December 2024

30 June 2025

13,648,328,347

12,624,054,994 (502,209,720) 13,648,328,347

12,121,845,274

### TOTAL

Provision for obsolete inventories

NET



100 in 11

ĵ'

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

# 10. TANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS

					NND
	Buildings and structures	Machinery and equipment	Means of transportation	Others	Total
Cost:					
As at 31 December 2024 New purchase	4,927,824,662	636,632,868	2,529,416,700	374,293,188 97,172,727	8,468,167,418 97,172,727
As at 30 June 2025	4,927,824,662	636,632,868	2,529,416,700	471,465,915	8,565,340,145
In which: Fully depreciated	ī	516, 632, 868	1,445,581,609	341,820,461	2,304,034,938
Accumulated depreciation:					
As at 31 December 2024 Depreciation for the period	1,724,730,972 98,556,000	576,632,868 12,000,000	2,326,201,608 67,740,000	348,134,602 6,671,766	4,975,700,050 184,967,766
As at 30 June 2025	1,823,286,972	588,632,868	2,393,941,608	354,806,368	5,160,667,816
Net carrying amount:					
As at 31 December 2024	3,203,093,690	000'000'09	203,215,092	26,158,586	3,492,467,368
As at 30 June 2025	3,104,537,690	48,000,000	135,475,092	116,659,547	3,404,672,329

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

## INTANGIBLE FIXED ASSETS 7.

	Land use rights	Software	Others	VND Total
Cost:				
As at 31 December 2024 and 30 June 2025	2,389,054,000	476,729,400	2,000,000,000	4,865,783,400
In which: Fully amortised	ī	476,729,400	2,000,000,000	2,476,729,400
Accumulated amortisation: As at 31 December 2024 and 30 June 2025		476,729,400	2,000,000,000	2,476,729,400
Net carrying amount: As at 31 December 2024 and 30 June 2025	2,389,054,000	T	1	2,389,054,000

#### 12. SHORT-TERM TRADE PAYABLES

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Rang Dong Design and Construction Joint Stock		
Company	2,294,917,818	2,294,917,818
Enviro World Company Limited	413,019,732	=
Quynh Lam Construction Investment Consulting		
Company Limited	277,862,400	477,862,400
Others	486,222,941	1,006,108,803
TOTAL	3,472,022,891	3,778,889,021

#### 13. SHORT-TERM ADVANCE FROM CUSTOMERS

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Other parties - Phuoc An Port Exploitation Petroleum	2,084,366,966	1,626,047,892
Joint Stock Company - Trung Nam Construction Investment	722,000,000	722,000,000
Corporation	675,992,000	475,992,000
- Others	686,374,966	428,055,892
Related parties (Note 23)	1,380,645,837	1,090,310,614
TOTAL	3,465,012,803	2,716,358,506

#### 14. STATUTORY OBLIGATIONS

				VND
	31 December 2024	Increase	Decrease	30 June 2025
Value added tax	638,284,229	1,001,843,609	(1,059,441,845)	580,685,993
Corporate income tax	447,427,111	364,340,458	(496,243,291)	315,524,278
Personal income tax	156,972,000	235,292,340	(306,603,670)	85,660,670
Other tax		3,000,000	(3,000,000)	_
TOTAL	1,242,683,340	1,604,476,407	(1,865,288,806)	981,870,941

#### 15. OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES

		VND
	30 June 2025	31 December 2024
Dividends Others	2,475,299,587 220,403,381	4,447,684,587 142,713,000
TOTAL	2,695,702,968	4,590,397,587
In which: Related parties (Note 23) Other parties	2,199,000,000 496,702,968	4,165,400,000 424,997,587
16. BONUS AND WELFARE FUN	D	
		VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Beginning balance Appropriation of funds (Note 17 Utilization of funds	7.1)	270,627,350 100,000,000 (200,000,000)
Ending balance	170,627,350	170,627,350



#### 17. OWNERS' EQUITY

#### 17.1 Increase and decrease in owners' capital

				VND
	Contributed charter capital	Share premium	Undistributed earnings	Total
For the six-month period	d ended 30 June	2024		
As at 31 December 2023 Net profit for the period Appropriation for bonus	20,000,000,000	248,050,000	4,130,376,062 222,869,705 (100,000,000)	24,378,426,062 222,869,705 (100,000,000)
and welfare fund	20,000,000,000	249 050 000		24,501,295,767
As at 30 June 2024	20,000,000,000	248,050,000	4,233,243,707	24,301,233,737
For the six-month period	d ended 30 June	2025		
As at 31 December 2024 Net profit for the period	20,000,000,000	248,050,000	2,717,584,789 812,995,313	22,965,634,789 812,995,313
As at 30 June 2025	20,000,000,000	248,050,000	3,530,580,102	23,778,630,102

#### 17.2 Ordinary shares

	Number	of shares
	Ending balance	Beginning balance
	(shares)	(shares)
Authorised shares to be issued	2,000,000	2,000,000
Shares were issued and fully paid Ordinary shares	2,000,000	2,000,000
Shares in circulation Ordinary shares	2,000,000	2,000,000

The company's shares have been issued with a par value of 10,000 VND per share. Shareholders holding the company's common shares are entitled to dividends declared by the company. Each common share carries one unrestricted voting right.

#### 17. OWNERS' EQUITY (continued)

#### 17.3 Earnings per share

The company uses the following information to calculate basic and diluted earnings per share.

	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Net profit after corporate income tax attributable to common shareholders (VND) Weighted average number of common shares outstanding (shares) Basic earnings (VND) Diluted earnings (VND)	812,995,313 2,000,000 406 406	222,869,705 2,000,000 111 111

There is no potential dilution of the number of common shares outstanding during the period and as of the date of the interim financial statements.

#### 18. NET REVENUE FROM RENDERING OF SERVICES

			VND
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
	Net revenue from rendering of services	12,538,295,129	7,684,064,654
	In which: Net revenue from related parties (Note 23) Net revenue from other parties	8,076,864,921 4,461,430,208	2,496,147,339 5,187,917,315
19.	COST OF SERVICES RENDERED		
			VND
		For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
	Cost of services rendered	9,269,151,214	5,193,318,679

#### 20. GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

GENERAL AND ADMINISTRA		VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Labour costs Depreciation	1,690,152,000 184,967,766 298,169,719	1,501,331,223 228,420,226 476,385,979
Others	2,173,289,485	2,206,137,428
TOTAL		

#### 21. PRODUCTION AND OPERATING COSTS

		VND
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Labour costs Expenses for external services	7,879,608,000 1,313,623,241 237,274,100	6,665,846,723 606,254,320 144,724,200
Raw materials Depreciation and amortisation (Notes 10 and 11)	184,967,766 800,379,439	228,420,226 476,385,979
Others	10,415,852,546	8,121,631,448
TOTAL		

#### 22. CORPORATE INCOME TAX

The statutory corporate income tax ("CIT") rate applicable to the Company is 20% of taxable profits.

The tax returns filed by the Company are subject to examination by the tax authorities. As the application of tax laws and regulations is susceptible to varying interpretations, the amounts reported in the interim financial statements could change at a later date upon final determination by the tax authorities.

||五一十二一日

48

P

N

I

<u>Ŝ</u>

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### **CORPORATE INCOME TAX** (continued) 22.

#### 22.1 CIT expense

		VND	
	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024	
Current tax expense	364,340,458	55,717,426	
A reconciliation between CIT expense and the accounting profit before tax multiplied by CIT rate is presented below:			
		VND	

	For the six-month period ended 30 Ju 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Accounting profit before tax  At CIT rate of 20% applicable to the Company	<b>1,177,335,771</b> 235,467,154	<b>278,587,131</b> 55,717,426
Adjustment: Non-deductible expenses  CIT expense	128,873,304 <b>364,340,458</b>	55,717,426

#### 22.2 **Current CIT**

The current CIT payable is based on taxable profit for the current period. The taxable income of the Company for the period differs from the accounting profit before tax as reported in the interim income statement because it excludes items of income or expense that are taxable or deductible in other periods and it further excludes items that are not taxable or deductible. The Company's liability for current tax is calculated using tax rates that have been enacted by the balance sheet date.

B09a-DN

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 23. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

Mr Lai Van Hoan

List of related parties with the Company have significant transactions and balances during the period and as at 30 June 2025 is as follows:

Related parties	Relationship

IDICO Corporation - JSC	Parent company
IDICO Infrastructure Development Investment JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Urban and Industrial Zone Development Co., Ltd	Affiliate
Que Vo IDICO Urban and Industrial Zone Development Investment JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Material Development and Construction Investment JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Long An Investment Construction JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Ninh Binh JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Vinh Quang JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Tien Giang JSC	Affiliate
IDICO Ha Nam JSC	Affiliate
Mr Hoang Tuan Anh	Chairman
Mr Huynh Anh Tuan	Independent member of Board of Directors ("BOD")
Mr Nguyen Ngoc Khanh	Member of BOD cum Director
Mr Vu Tuan Anh	Head of Board of Supervision ("BOS")
Ms Vu Thi Thuy Phuong	Member of BOS
Mr Bui The Cong	Member of BOS
Mr Dam Van Kien	Deputy Director
Mr Ta Van Loi	Deputy Director
Mr Pham Lam Son	Deputy Director
Ms Nguyen Thi Phuong Dung	Person in charge of administration

**Chief Accountant** 

#### 23. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Significant transactions with related parties during the period were as follows:

			VND
		period ended	For the six-month period ended
Related party	Transaction	30 June 2025	30 June 2024
IDICO Ninh Binh JSC	Rendering of services	2,270,449,428	, <del>-</del>
IDICO Corporation - JSC	Dividend paid Rendering of services	1,966,400,000 710,880,499	1,478,094,194
IDICO Long An Investment Construction JSC	Rendering of services	1,601,530,000	-
IDICO Vinh Quang JSC	Rendering of services	1,526,425,167	-
IDICO Tien Giang JSC	Rendering of services	1,112,754,342	_
IDICO Infrastructure Development Investment JSC	Rendering of services	520,165,361	727,973,145
IDICO Urban and Industrial Zone Development Co., Ltd	Rendering of services	334,660,124	290,080,000

Terms and conditions of transactions with related parties

The rental and services sales to and purchases from related parties are made on terms equivalent to those that prevail in arm's length transactions.

Transactions with related parties during the period were approved by the Company's Shareholder meeting in accordance with Resolution Shareholder meeting dated 24 April 2025 and other relevant Resolutions and Decisions of Board of Directors.

#### 23. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Amounts due from and due to related parties at the balance sheet date were as follows:

Related party	Transactions	30 June 2025 :	VND 31 December 2024
Short-term receivables (Note	5)		
IDICO Corporation - JSC	Rendering of service	1,331,538,454	2,043,553,538
IDICO Infrastructure Development Investment JSC	Rendering of service	321,320,590	491,125,617
IDICO Long An Investment Construction JSC	Rendering of service	204,897,600	-
IDICO Urban and Industrial Zone Development Co., Ltd	Rendering of service		757,375,156
	9	1,857,756,644	3,292,054,311
Short-term advance to suppl	ier (Note 6)		
IDICO Long An Investment Construction JSC	Purchase of services	50,000,000	50,000,000
Short-term advance from cus	stomer (Note 13)		
IDICO Urban and Industrial Zone Development Co., Ltd	Rendering of service	565,398,223	515,521,000
IDICO Corporation - JSC	Rendering of service	305,855,614	305,855,614
IDICO Ha Nam JSC	Rendering of service	268,934,000	268,934,000
IDICO Infrastructure Development Investment JSC	Rendering of service	240,458,000	
		1,380,645,837	1,090,310,614
Other short-term payables (Note 15)			
IDICO Corporation - JSC	Dividend payable	2,199,000,000	4,165,400,000

#### 23. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES (continued)

Remuneration of members of the Board of Directors and management during the period:

			VND
Name	Position	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2025	For the six-month period ended 30 June 2024
Remuneration of members of Board of Directors	f the	83,000,000	71,666,667
Mr Hoang Tuan Anh	Chairman	40,000,000	36,111,111
Mr Nguyen Ngoc Khanh	Member	20,000,000	15,000,000
Mr Huynh Anh Tuan	Independent Member	23,000,000	3,000,000
Ms Bui Thi Kim Thoa	Independent Member	20,000,000	17,555,556
		500 (NO. 26 500 NO. 400 NO. 200 100 NO.	
Remuneration of members of	the management	1,410,129,000	1,366,553,000
Mr Nguyen Ngoc Khanh	Director	328,919,000	305,894,000
Mr Ta Van Loi	Deputy Director	267,439,000	252,990,000
Mr Dam Van Kien	Deputy Director	258,825,000	254,929,000
Mr Pham Lam Son	Deputy Director	256,465,000	249,146,000
Ms Nguyen Thi Phuong Dung	Person in charge of		
	administration	148,480,000	153,478,000
Mr Lai Van Hoan	Chief Accountant	150,001,000	150,116,000
TOTAL		1,493,129,000	1,438,219,667
Remuneration to members of Board of Supervision during the period:			
			VND
		For the six-month	
		period ended 30 June 2025	period ended 30 June 2024
		04/10 2020	04/10 2024
Salaries and operating expenses of Board of		50 000 000	40 555 550
Supervision		53,000,000	40,555,556

B09a-DN

NOTES TO THE INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (continued) as at 30 June 2025 and for the six-month period then ended

#### 24. EVENTS AFTER THE INTERIM BALANCE SHEET DATE

There is no significant matter or circumstance that has arisen since the balance sheet date that requires adjustment or disclosure in the accompanying interim financial statements of the Company.

Ho Chi Minh City, Viet Nam

14 August 2025

Pham Thi Loan Preparer Lai Van Hoan Chief Accountant Nguyen Ngoc Khanh Director

PHÔ HÔ C