INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025



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TABLE OF CONTENTS	PAGE
Corporate information	1
Statement of the Board of Management	2
Report on review of interim financial information	3
Interim balance sheet (Form B 01 – DN)	5
Interim income statements (Form B 02 – DN)	7
Interim cash flow statement (Form B 03 – DN)	8
Notes to the interim financial statements (Form B 09 – DN)	9

CORPORATE INFORMATION

Enterprise	registration
Emer price	rogiotiation

certificate

No. 1400469817 was initially issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Thap Province on 2 July 2004 with the latest

16th amendment dated 3 August 2025

Board of Directors

Mr. Nguyen Van Kiem Ms. Truong Thi Le Khanh Ms. Le Thi Dieu Thi Ms. Tran Thi Thanh Thuy Ms. Tang Thi Mong Tien Ms. Lam Mau Diep

Chairperson Member Member Member Member Member

Board of Supervision

Ms. Ha Thi Phuong Thuy Hong Nhung

Mr. Pham Thanh Tung Mr. Nguyen Trong Liem Head Supervisor

Member Member

Board of Management

Ms. Le Thi Dieu Thi Ms. Tang Thi Mong Tien Mr. Nguyen Van Sang

General Director Deputy General Director

Deputy General Director (From 1 August 2025) Deputy General Director (From 1 August 2025)

Ms. Nguyen Hong Diem

Legal representative

Mr. Nguyen Van Kiem Ms. Le Thi Dieu Thi

Chairperson General Director

Registered office

Lot CII-3, Road No. 5, Industrial Park C, Sa Dec Ward,

Dong Thap Province, Vietnam

Auditor

PwC (Vietnam) Limited

STATEMENT OF THE BOARD OF MANAGEMENT

Statement of responsibility of the Board of Management of the Company in respect of the interim financial statements

The Board of Management of Sa Giang Import Export Corporation ("the Company") is responsible for preparing the interim financial statements which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025 and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended. In preparing these interim financial statements, the Board of Management is required to:

- select suitable accounting policies and then apply them consistently;
- make judgments and estimates that are reasonable and prudent; and
- prepare the interim financial statements on a going concern basis unless it is inappropriate to presume that the Company will continue in business.

The Board of Management of the Company is responsible for ensuring that proper accounting records are kept which disclose, with reasonable accuracy at any time, the financial position of the Company and which enable interim financial statements to be prepared which comply with the basis of accounting set out in Note 2 to the interim financial statements. The Board of Management of the Company is also responsible for safeguarding the assets of the Company and hence for taking reasonable steps for the prevention and detection of fraud or error.

Approval of the interim financial statements

We hereby approve the accompanying interim financial statements as set out on pages 5 to 41 which give a true and fair view of the financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

On behalf of the Board of Management

CÔNG TY CP XUẤT NHẬP KHẨU

> Le Thi Dieu Thi General Director Legal representative

Dong Thap Province, SR Vietnam 14 August 2025



REPORT ON REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF SA GIANG IMPORT EXPORT CORPORATION

We have reviewed the accompanying interim financial statements of Sa Giang Import Export Corporation ("the Company") which were prepared on 30 June 2025 and approved by the Board of Management on 14 August 2025. The interim financial statements comprise the interim balance sheet as at 30 June 2025, the interim income statement and the interim cash flow statement for the six-month period then ended, and explanatory notes to the interim financial statements including significant accounting policies as set out on pages 5 to 41.

The Board of Management's Responsibility

The Board of Management of the Company is responsible for the preparation and the true and fair presentation of these interim financial statements of the Company in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim financial statements and for such internal control which the Board of Management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and presentation of interim financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express a conclusion on these interim financial statements based on our review. We conducted our review in accordance with Vietnamese Standard on Review Engagements 2410 – Review of interim financial information performed by the independent auditor of the entity.

A review of interim financial statements consists of making inquiries, primarily of persons responsible for financial and accounting matters, and applying analytical and other review procedures. A review is substantially less in scope than an audit conducted in accordance with Vietnamese Standards on Auditing and consequently does not enable us to obtain assurance that we would become aware of all significant matters that might be identified in an audit. Accordingly, we do not express an audit opinion.



Conclusion

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention that causes us to believe that the accompanying interim financial statements do not present fairly, in all material respects, the interim financial position of the Company as at 30 June 2025, its financial performance and its cash flows for the six-month period then ended in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim financial statements.

Other Matter

The report on review of interim financial statement information is prepared in Vietnamese and English. Should there be any conflict between the Vietnamese and English versions, the Vietnamese version shall take precedence.

For and on behalf of PwC (Vietnam) Limited

CÔNG TY

FNHIP

PWC (VIETNAM)

T.PHÔ CHÍNA

Pham Thai Hung Audit Practising Licence No. 3444-2025-006-1 Authorised signatory

Report reference number: HCM17350 Ho Chi Minh City, 14 August 2025

Form B 01 – DN

INTERIM BALANCE SHEET

			As at	
		_	30.6.2025	31.12.2024
Code	ASSETS	Note	VND	VND
100	CURRENT ASSETS		354,385,903,366	285,944,287,115
110	Cash and cash equivalents	3	82,841,978,108	21,456,055,094
111	Cash		52,841,978,108	21,456,055,094
112	Cash equivalents		30,000,000,000	-
120	Short-term investments		65,000,000,000	85,000,000,000
123	Investments held-to-maturity	4	65,000,000,000	85,000,000,000
130	Short-term receivables		92,034,611,945	82,460,145,162
131	Short-term trade accounts receivable	5	74,864,341,420	68,038,671,474
132	Short-term prepayments to suppliers	6	16,550,760,724	12,529,859,862
136 137	Other short-term receivables Provision for doubtful debts –	7	1,063,509,801	2,335,613,826
157	short-term	8	(444,000,000)	(444,000,000)
140	Inventories	9	103,725,063,339	88,663,001,654
141 149	Inventories Provision for decline in value of		105,742,063,339	89,702,001,654
149	inventories		(2,017,000,000)	(1,039,000,000)
150	Other current assets		10,784,249,974	8,365,085,205
151 152	Short-term prepaid expenses Value added tax ("VAT") to be		1,910,433,571	215,735,325
132	reclaimed	15(a)	8,873,816,403	8,149,349,880
200	LONG-TERM ASSETS		170,050,985,260	164,514,728,733
220	Fixed assets		152,351,872,027	146,448,527,369
221	Tangible fixed assets	11(a)	151,994,825,905	146,038,211,249
222	Historical cost		311,262,592,490	295,914,317,211
223	Accumulated depreciation		(159,267,766,585)	(149,876,105,962)
227	Intangible fixed assets	11(b)	357,046,122	410,316,120
228	Historical cost		532,700,000	532,700,000
229	Accumulated amortisation		(175,653,878)	(122,383,880)
240	Long-term assets in progress		1,308,099,455	3,967,289,330
242	Construction in progress	12	1,308,099,455	3,967,289,330
260	Other long-term assets		16,391,013,778	14,098,912,034
261	Long-term prepaid expenses	10	13,357,328,073	10,727,071,090
262	Deferred income tax assets	23	3,033,685,705	3,371,840,944
270	TOTAL ASSETS		524,436,888,626	450,459,015,848

The notes on pages 9 to 41 are an integral part of these interim financial statements.

INTERIM BALANCE SHEET (continued)

			As a	at
			30.6.2025	31.12.2024
Code	RESOURCES	Note	VND	VND
300	LIABILITIES		120,421,275,823	104,300,459,841
310 311 312 313 314 315 319 320 322	Short-term liabilities Short-term trade accounts payable Short-term advances from customers Tax and other payables to the State Payables to employees Short-term accrued expenses Other short-term payables Short-term borrowings Bonus and welfare funds	13 14 15(b) 16 17 18 19 20	101,224,002,208 13,662,137,529 5,923,453,590 12,267,314,303 27,518,251,926 1,592,823,983 1,974,693,289 33,599,574,596 4,685,752,992	79,027,262,122 18,215,859,627 6,278,388,450 3,647,432,072 25,284,602,137 1,527,197,108 2,035,828,881 20,326,389,090 1,711,564,757
330 342 343	Long-term liabilities Provision for long-term liabilities Fund for science and technology development	21 22	19,197,273,615 14,203,810,620 4,993,462,995	25,273,197,719 14,309,605,120 10,963,592,599
400	OWNERS' EQUITY		404,015,612,803	346,158,556,007
410 411 411a 418 420 421 421a	Capital and reserves Owners' capital - Ordinary shares with voting rights Investment and development funds Other funds Undistributed earnings - Undistributed post-tax profits of previous years - Post-tax profits of current period/years	25 25 25	404,015,612,803 71,475,800,000 71,475,800,000 15,962,558,817 291,290 316,576,962,696 254,919,905,900 61,657,056,796	346,158,556,007 71,475,800,000 71,475,800,000 15,962,558,817 291,290 258,719,905,900 158,521,129,582 100,198,776,318
440	TOTAL RESOURCES		524,436,888,626	450,459,015,848

Nguyen Ngoc Huyen Trang Preparer and Chief Accountant

Le Thi Dieu Thi General Director 14 August 2025

4004698/

Form B 02 – DN

INTERIM INCOME STATEMENT

			For the six-mont	h period ended
Code		Note	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND
01	Revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services		354,949,074,346	351,175,281,720
02	Less deductions		(151,109,704)	(273,690,362)
10	Net revenue from sales of goods and rendering of services	28	354,797,964,642	350,901,591,358
11	Cost of goods sold and services rendered	29	(254,746,479,447)	(255,601,511,211)
20	Gross profit from sales of goods and rendering of services		100,051,485,195	95,300,080,147
21 22 23 25 26	Financial income Financial expenses - Including: Interest expense Selling expenses General and administration expenses	30 31 31 32 33	5,500,662,701 (1,084,932,877) (709,841,832) (18,745,959,641) (11,319,986,918)	4,616,372,526 (602,829,064) (226,802,674) (15,025,893,913) (8,671,598,966)
30	Net operating profit		74,401,268,460	75,616,130,730
31 32 40	Other income Other expenses Net other (expenses)/income		546,740,010 (625,745,709) (79,005,699)	428,254,512 (108,145,054) 320,109,458
50	Accounting profit before tax		74,322,262,761	75,936,240,188
51	Corporate income tax ("CIT") - current	34	(12,327,050,726)	(12,641,380,431)
52	CIT - deferred	34	(338,155,239)	370,073,286
60	Profit after tax		61,657,056,796	63,664,933,043
70 71	Basic earnings per share Diluted earnings per share	26 26	8,626 8,626 8,626	8,641 8,641

Nguyen Ngoc Huyen Trang Preparer and Chief Accountant

Le Thi Dieu Thi General Director 14 August 2025

INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT (Indirect method)

			For the six-month	period ended
		-	30.6.2025	30.6.2024
Code		Note	VND	VND
	CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIE	9		
01	Accounting profit before tax	.0	74,322,262,761	75,936,240,188
01	Adjustments for:		74,022,202,701	70,000,240,100
02	Depreciation and amortisation		11,004,130,630	9,392,455,045
03	Provisions/(reversal of provisions)		872,205,500	(99,834,000)
04	Unrealised foreign exchange (gains)/losses	30, 31	(224,167,221)	43,336,350
05	Profits from investing activities	00, 01	(1,016,459,042)	(14,680,191)
06	Interest expense	31	709,841,832	226,802,674
08	Operating profit before changes in		, ,	,,
	working capital		85,667,814,460	85,484,320,066
09	Increase in receivables		(9,879,906,645)	(6,445,757,100)
10	Increase in inventories		(16,040,061,685)	(46,208,490,999)
11	(Decrease)/increase in payables		(976,269,351)	10,083,101,112
12	Increase in prepaid expenses		(4,324,955,229)	(1,209,133,761)
14	Interest paid		(718,473,586)	(226,802,674)
15	CIT paid	15	(3,705,178,387)	(1,978,467,891)
17	Other payments on operating activities		(6,795,941,369)	(1,301,334,726)
20	Net cash inflows from operating activities		43,227,028,208	38,197,434,027
	CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES	5		
21	Purchases of fixed assets and long-term assets	S	(17,401,910,130)	(9,821,914,377)
22	Proceeds from disposals of fixed assets		-	76,019,545
23	Purchases of bank deposits		(65,000,000,000)	(10,000,000,000)
24	Collection of bank deposits		85,000,000,000	-
27	Interest received		2,270,971,362	8,816,198
30	Net cash outflows from investing activities		4,869,061,232	(19,737,078,634)
	G		, , ,	(, , , , ,
	CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES	3		
33	Proceeds from short-term borrowings	19	124,841,689,554	60,542,343,043
34	Repayments of short-term borrowings	19	(111,568,504,048)	(60,542,343,043)
40	Net cash inflows from financing activities		13,273,185,506	-
50	Net increase in cash		61,369,274,946	18,460,355,393
60	Cash at beginning of period/year	3	21,456,055,094	20,737,691,298
61	Effect of foreign exchange differences	0	16,648,068	9,820,532
٠.	= or orgin exertaings amoromous			
70	Cash and cash equivalents at end of			
	period/year	3	82,841,978,108	39,207,867,223
				a as as

Additional information relating to the interim cash flow statements bresented in Note 37.

Nguyen Ngoc Huyen Trang Preparer and Chief Accountant General Director 14 August 2025

NOTES TO THE INTERIM INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE SIX-MONTH PERIOD ENDED 30 JUNE 2025

1 GENERAL INFORMATION

Sa Giang Import Export Corporation ("the Company") is a joint stock company established in the SR Vietnam pursuant to the initial Enterprise registration certificate No. 1400469817, which was issued by the Department of Planning and Investment of Dong Thap Province dated 2 July 2004 and the latest 16th amended dated 3 August 2025 for updating its business activities.

The Company's shares are listed on the Hanoi Stock Exchange with ticker symbol "SGC" starting on 5 September 2006 in accordance with Decision No. 224/QD-TTDGHN issued by the Hanoi Stock Trading Centre.

The Company's principal activities are producing and trading food: shrimp-chips, noodles, rice noodles.

The normal business cycle of the Company is 12 months.

The Company's business activities during the interim period in respect of the interim financial statements are not affected by seasonality.

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the Company had 1 branch and 4 dependent factories as following:

- Ho Chi Minh City Branch located at 1th Floor, TKT Building, No. 569-571, Tran Hung Dao Street, Cau Ong Lanh Ward, Ho Chi Minh City.
- Shrimp-chips Sa Giang 1 Factory located at Lot CII-3, Road No. 5, Industrial Park C, Sa Dec Ward, Dong Thap Province.
- Shrimp-chips Sa Giang 2 Factory located at Lot III-2 and Lot III-3, Area A1, Sa Dec Industrial Park, Sa Dec Ward, Dong Thap Province.
- Shrimp-chips Sa Giang 3 Factory located at Lot IV-7, Area A1, Sa Dec Industrial Park, Sa Dec Ward, Dong Thap Province.
- Sa Giang Food Factory located at Lot III-4, Area A1, Sa Dec Industrial Park, Sa Dec Ward, Dong Thap Province.

As at 30 June 2025, the Company has 848 employees (as at 31 December 2024: 790 employees)

2 SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

2.1 Basis of preparation of interim financial statements

The interim financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim financial statements. The interim financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention.

The accompanying interim financial statements are not intended to present the financial position and financial perfomance and cash flows in accordance with accounting principles and practices generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam. The accounting principles and practices utilised in Vietnam may differ from those generally accepted in countries and jurisdictions other than Vietnam.

The interim financial statements in the Vietnamese language are the official statutory interim financial statements of the Company. The interim financial statements in the English language have been translated from the Vietnamese language version.

2.2 Fiscal year

The Company's fiscal year is from 1 January to 31 December.

The interim financial statements are prepared for the period from 1 January to 30 June.

2.3 Currency

The interim financial statements are measured and presented in Vietnamese Dong ("VND"), which is the Company's accounting currency.

2.4 Exchange rates

Transactions arising in foreign currencies are translated at exchange rates prevailing at the transaction dates. Foreign exchange differences arising from these transactions are recognised in the interim income statement.

Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies at the interim balance sheet date are respectively translated at the buying and selling exchange rates at the interim balance sheet date of the commercial banks with which the Company regularly transacts. Foreign currencies deposited in banks at the interim balance sheet date are translated at the buying exchange rate of the commercial banks where the Company opens its foreign currency accounts. Foreign exchange differences arising from these translations are recognised in the interim income statement.

2.5 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash comprise cash on hand, cash at banks and other short-term investments with an original maturity of three months or less.

2.6 Receivables

Receivables represent trade receivables from customers arising from sales of goods and rendering of services or non-trade receivables from others and are stated at cost. Provision for doubtful debts is made for each outstanding amount based on overdue days in payment according to the initial payment commitment (exclusive of the payment rescheduling between parties), or based on the estimated loss that may arise. The difference between the provision of this period and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of general and administration expenses in the period. Bad debts are written off when identified as uncollectible.

Receivables are classified into short-term and long-term receivables on the interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.7 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined by the weighted average method and includes all costs of purchase, costs of conversion and other costs incurred in bringing the inventories to their present location and condition. In the case of manufactured products, cost includes all direct expenditure and production overheads based on normal levels of operating activity. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the normal course of business, less the estimated costs of completion and selling expenses.

The Company applies the perpetual system for inventories.

Provision is made, for obsolete, slow-moving and defective inventory items. The difference between the provision of this period and the provision of the previous year is recognised as an increase or decrease of cost of goods sold in the period.

2.8 Investments held to maturity

Investments held to maturity are investments which the Company has a positive intention and ability to hold until maturity.

Investments held to maturity include term deposits. Those investments are initially accounted for at cost. Subsequently, the Board of Management reviews all outstanding investments to determine the amount of provision to recognise at the period end.

Provision for diminution in value of investments held to maturity is made when there is evidence that the investment is uncollectible in whole or in part. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting fiscal year are recorded as an increase or decrease in financial expenses. A reversal, if any, is made only to the extent the investment is restored to its original cost.

Investments held to maturity are classified into short-term and long-term investments held to maturity on the interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.9 Fixed assets

Tangible and intangible fixed assets

Fixed assets are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation or amortisation. Historical cost includes any expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the fixed assets bringing them to suitable conditions for their intended use. Expenditure which is incurred subsequently and has resulted in an increase in the future economic benefits expected to be obtained from the use of fixed assets, can be capitalised as an additional historical cost. Otherwise, such expenditure is charged to the interim income statement when incurred in the period.

2.9 Fixed assets (continued)

Depreciation and amortisation

Fixed assets are depreciated and amortised using the straight-line method so as to write off the depreciable amount of the fixed assets over their estimated useful lives. Depreciable amount equals to the historical cost of fixed assets recorded in the interim financial statements minus (-) the estimated disposal value of such assets. The estimated useful lives of each asset class are as follows:

Plants and buildings	5 – 25 years
Machinery and equipment	5 – 15 years
Motor vehicles	6 – 10 years
Office equipment	3 years
Software	5 years

Disposals

Gains or losses on disposals are determined by comparing net disposal proceeds with the carrying amount of the fixed assets and are recognised as income or expense in the interim income statement.

Construction in progress

Construction in progress represents the cost of assets in the course of installation or construction for production, rental or administrative purposes, or for purposes not yet determined, which are recorded at cost and are comprised of such necessary costs to construct, repair and maintain, upgrade, renew or equip the projects with technologies as construction costs and costs of tools and equipment. Depreciation of these assets, on the same basis as other fixed assets, commences when they are ready for their intended use.

2.10 Leased assets

Leases where a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases are charged to the interim income statement on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease.

2.11 Prepaid expenses

Prepaid expenses include short-term or long-term prepayments on the interim balance sheet. Short-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools that do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets, etc. for a period not exceeding 12 months or a business cycle from the date of prepayment. Long-term prepaid expenses represent prepayments for services; or tools, which do not meet the recognition criteria for fixed assets, etc. for a period exceeding 12 months or more than one business cycle from the date of prepayment. Prepaid expenses are recorded at historical cost and allocated using the straight-line method over their estimated useful lives.

Prepayments for land rentals contracts which are effect after the effective date of the 2003 Land Law (1 July 2004) are recorded as prepaid expenses and allocated using straight-line method over the terms of such land use right certificates until 2052.

2.12 Payables

Classifications of payables are based on their nature as follows:

- Trade accounts payable are trade payables arising from purchases of goods and services; and
- Other payables are non-trade payables and payables not relating to purchases of goods and services.

Payables are classified into short-term and long-term payables on the interim balance sheet based on the remaining period from the interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

2.13 Borrowings

Borrowings include borrowings from banks.

Borrowings are classified into short-term and long-term borrowings on the interim balance sheet based on their remaining terms from the interim balance sheet date to the maturity date.

Borrowing costs are regconised in the interim income statement when incurred.

2.14 Accrued expenses

Accrued expenses include liabilities for goods and services received in the period but not yet paid for due to pending invoices or insufficient records and documents. Accrued expenses are recorded as expenses in the reporting period.

2.15 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is probable that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation and the amount has been reliably estimated. Provision is not recognised for future operating losses.

Provisions are measured at the level of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligations. If the time value of money is material, provision will be measured at the present value using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense. Changes in the provision balance during the accounting year are recorded as an increase or decrease in operating expenses.

2.16 Provision for severance allowances

In accordance with Vietnamese labour laws, employees of the Company who have worked regularly for full 12 months or longer, are entitled to a severance allowance. The working period used for the calculation of severance allowance is the period during which the employee actually works for the Company less the period during which the employee participates in the unemployment insurance scheme in accordance with the labour regulations and the working period for which the employee has received severance allowance from the Company.

The severance allowance is accrued at the end of the reporting period on the basis that each employee is entitled to half of an average monthly salary for each working year. The average monthly salary used for calculating the severance allowance is the employee contract's average salary for the six-month period prior to the interim balance sheet date.

This allowance will be paid as a lump sum when employees terminate their labour contracts in accordance with current regulations.

2.17 Provision for dismantling and restoration costs

According to Circular 200/2014/TT-BTC dated 22 December 2014, from 1 January 2015, the Company makes provision for dismantling and restoration costs of the Company's leased premises land following guidance presented in Note 2.15 and relevant regulations.

This provision is measured at the present value of expenditures estimated to settle the dismantling and restoration obligations at the end of the lease term. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as a financial expense in the reporting period.

2.18 Fund for Science and Technology development

The fund for Science and Technology development is appropriated on the basis of maximum 10% of profit before tax, recognised as an operating expense in the financial year in accordance with Circular No. 200/2014/TT-BTC issued on 22 December 2014 by the Ministry of Finance and approved by the Board of Directors. This fund is presented as a liability on the interim balance sheet. This fund is set aside for the purpose of investment in science and technology within the Company in Vietnam.

2.19 Capital and reserves

Owners' capital is recorded according to the actual amounts contributed at the par value of the shares.

Owners' other capital represents other capital of the owners' at the reporting date.

Undistributed earnings record the Company's results after CIT at the reporting date.

2.20 Appropriation of profit

The Company's dividends are recognised as a liability in the Company's interim financial statements in the period based on the closing date of the list of shareholders in accordance with the Resolution of the Board of Directors after the dividend payment plan is approved at the Company's General Meeting of shareholders.

Net profit after CIT could be distributed to shareholders after approval at General Meeting of shareholders, and after appropriation to funds in accordance with the Company's charter and Vietnamese regulations.

The Company's fund are as below:

(a) Investment and development fund

The investment and development fund is appropriated from profit after CIT of the Company and approved by shareholders in the General Meeting of shareholders. This fund is used for invest, expand production and business to develop the Company.

(b) Bonus and welfare fund

The bonus and welfare fund is appropriated from the Company's profit after CIT and subject to shareholders' approval at the General Meeting of shareholders. This fund is presented as a liability on the interim balance sheet. This fund is used for pay bonuses and benefits to employees according to the Company's policy and to reward the Board of Directors, Board of Supervision and Board of Management according to each member's work completion level.

2.21 Revenue recognition

(a) Revenue from sales of goods

Revenue from sale of goods is recognised in the interim income statement when all five (5) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The Company has transferred to the buyer the significant risks and rewards of ownership of the goods;
- The Company retains neither continuing managerial involvement to the degree usually associated with ownership nor effective control over the goods sold;
- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- The costs incurred or to be incurred in respect of the transaction can be measured reliably.

No revenue is recognised if there are significant uncertainties regarding recovery of the consideration due or the possible return of goods.

Revenue is recognised in accordance with the "substance over form" principle and allocated to each sale obligation. If the Company gives promotional goods to customers associated with their purchases, the Company allocates the total considerations received between goods sold and promotional goods. The cost of promotional goods is recognised as cost of goods sold in the interim income statement.

2.21 Revenue recognition (continued)

(b) Revenue from rendering of services

Revenue from rendering of services is recognised in the income statement when the services are rendered, by reference to completion of the specific transaction assessed on the basis of the actual service provided as a proportion of the total services to be provided. Revenue from the rendering of services is only recognised when all four (4) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- The amount of revenue can be measured reliably;
- It is probable that the economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company;
- The percentage of completion of the transaction at the balance sheet date can be measured reliably; and
- The costs incurred for the transaction and the costs to complete the transaction can be measured reliably.

(c) Interest income

Interest income is recognised in the interim income statement on the basis of the actual time and interest rates for each period when both (2) of the following conditions are satisfied:

- It is probable that economic benefits associated with the transaction will flow to the Company; and
- Income can be measured reliably.

2.22 Sales deduction

Sales deductions include trade discounts and sales returns. Sales deductions incurred in the same period of the related revenue from sales of products and rendering services are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of that accounting period.

Sales deductions for sales of products or rendering of services which are sold in the period but are incurred after the interim balance sheet date but before the issuance of the interim financial statements are recorded as a deduction from the revenue of the reporting period.

2.23 Cost of goods sold and services rendered

Cost of goods sold and services rendered are cost of finished goods and merchandises and materials sold during the accounting period, and recorded on the basis of matching with revenue and on a prudent basis.

2.24 Financial expenses

Financial expenses are expenses incurred in the period for financial activities including expense of borrowing and losses from foreign exchange differences.

2.25 Selling expenses

Selling expenses represent expenses that are incurred in the process of selling products and goods.

2.26 General and administration expenses

General and administration expenses represent expenses that are incurred for administrative purposes.

2.27 Current and deferred income tax

Income tax includes all income tax which is based on taxable profits. Income tax expense comprises current income tax expense and deferred income tax expense.

Current income tax is the amount of income tax payable in respect of the current period taxable profits at the current period tax rates. Current and deferred income tax are recognised as an income or an expense and included in the profit or loss of the period, except to the extent that the income tax arises from a transaction or event which is recognised, in the same or a different year, directly in equity.

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the interim financial statements. Deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of occurrence affects neither the accounting nor the taxable profit or loss.

Deferred income tax is determined at the tax rates that are expected to apply to the period when the asset is realised or the liability is settled, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the interim balance sheet date.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

2.28 Related parties

Enterprises and individuals that directly, or indirectly through one or more intermediaries, control, or are controlled by, or are under common control with the Company, including holding companies, subsidiaries and fellow subsidiaries are related parties of the Company. Associates and individuals owning, directly or indirectly, an interest in the voting power of the Company that gives them significant influence over the Company, key management personnel, including the Board of Directors, the Board of Management of the Company and close members of the family of these individuals and companies associated with these individuals also constitute related parties.

In considering its relationships with each related party, the Company considers the substance of the relationships, not merely the legal form.

2.29 Segment reporting

A segment is a component which can be separated by the Company engaged in sales of goods ("business segment"), or sales of goods within a particular economic environment ("geographical segment"). Each segment is subject to risks and returns that are different from those of other segments. The Board of Management of the Company has determined that the business's risk and profitability are primarily influenced the fact that the Company operates in various geographical areas. As a result, the primary segment reporting of the Company is presented in respect of the Company's geographical segments.

2.30 Critical accounting estimates

The preparation of interim financial statements in accordance with Vietnamese Accounting Standards, the Vietnamese Corporate Accounting System and applicable regulations on preparation and presentation of interim financial statements requires the Board of Management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the interim financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the accounting financial year.

Such estimates and assumptions are continually evaluated. They are based on historical experiences and other factors, including expectations of future events that may have a financial impact on the Company and that are assessed by the Board of Management to be reasonable under the circumstances.

3 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Cash on hand Cash in bank Cash equivalents (*)	482,224,308 52,359,753,800 30,000,000,000	131,125,245 21,324,929,849 -
,	82,841,978,108	21,456,055,094

^(*) As at 30 June 2025, the cash equivalents represent term deposits in Vietnamese Dong with maturity of three months or less in a commercial bank and earning interest at a rate of 4.7% per annum.

Form B 09 - DN

4 INVESTMENTS HELD TO MATURITY

_	30.6.2	2025	31.12.	2024
	Cost VND	Book value VND	Cost VND	Book value VND
Short-term deposits (*)	65,000,000,000	65,000,000,000	85,000,000,000	85,000,000,000

^(*) As at 30 June 2025, the balance represents term deposits in Vietnamese Dong with maturity of more than three months and less than one year and earning interest at a rate of 5.4% per annum (as at 31 Decemcer 2024: from 5.05% per annum to 5.5% per annum).

5 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Third parties Mercadona S.A. Vershold Poland Sp.z.o.o Others Related parties (Note 38(b))	13,936,524,400 8,446,971,900 50,023,207,952 2,457,637,168	10,637,236,260 3,981,617,072 50,204,325,490 3,215,492,652
((Voto Co(o)))	74,864,341,420	68,038,671,474

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 Decemer 2024, there are no balances of short-term trade accounts receivable which were past due or not past due but doubtful.

6 SHORT-TERM PREPAYMENTS TO SUPPLIERS

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Third parties		
Tuan Anh Mechanical Produce Company Limited	5,312,400,000	4,389,000,000
Dinh Khue Co., Ltd Henan Botuo Mechanical Equipment	2,980,800,000	1,069,200,000
Company Limited	2,955,739,200	-
Others Related parties (Note 38(b))	<i>5,295,021,524</i> 6,800,000	7,052,459,862 19,200,000
(1000 CO(27))		
	16,550,760,724	12,529,859,862

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, the balance of short-term prepayment to suppliers which was past due amounted to VND444,000,000 as presented in Note 8.

Form B 09 - DN

7 OTHER SHORT-TERM RECEIVABLES

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Advances Social insurance, health insurance,	337,028,621	478,149,597
unemployment insurance	327,319,349	340,952,057
Deposits (Note 38(b)) Interest income from term deposits	130,815,000 -	130,815,000 1,114,712,329
Others	268,346,831	270,984,843
	1,063,509,801	2,335,613,826

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024 there are no balances of other short-term receivables which were past due or not past due but doubtful.

8 DOUBTFUL DEBTS

		As at 30.6.2025	and 31.12.2024	
		Recoverable		Number of
	Cost	amount	Provision	overdue days
	VND	VND	VND	
Short-term prepayments to su	uppliers			
that were past due				
Dang Khoa Food Import				
Export Joint Stock Company	444,000,000	-	(444,000,000)	Over 3 years

9 INVENTORIES

	30.6.2	2025	31.13	2.2024
_	Cost	Provision	Cost	Provision
	VND	VND	VND	VND
Raw materials	53,362,861,352	_	38,561,246,220	_
Finished goods		(2,017,000,000)	40,199,302,349	
Goods on consignme	nt 1,953,810,966	-	6,249,885,943	-
Tools and supplies	5,636,654,873	-	4,422,916,373	-
Work in progress	13,614,834	=	64,750,060	-
Merchandises	106,872,372	-	203,900,709	· ·
	105,742,063,339	(2,017,000,000)	89,702,001,654	(1,039,000,000)

9 INVENTORIES (continued)

Movements in the provision for decline in value of inventories during the accounting period were as follows:

		For the six-month period ended 30.6.2025 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2024 VND
	Beginning of period/year Increases/(reversal) (Note 29)	1,039,000,000 978,000,000	1,635,000,000 (596,000,000)
	End of period/year	2,017,000,000	1,039,000,000
10	LONG-TERM PREPAID EXPENSES		
		30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
	Land use rights (*) Tools and supplies Renovation	4,947,185,196 1,830,597,692 6,579,545,185	5,024,028,360 1,143,027,305 4,560,015,425
		13,357,328,073	10,727,071,090

Movements in long-term prepaid expenses during the accounting period were as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30.6.2025 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2024 VND
Beginning of period/year Increases Allocation in period/year	10,727,071,090 5,805,966,277 (3,175,709,294)	8,171,346,534 6,408,029,935 (3,852,305,379)
End of period/year	13,357,328,073	10,727,071,090

^(*) As at 30 June 2025, long-term prepaid expenses with a carrying value of VND3,706,814,904 (as at 31 December 2024: VND3,760,490,910) were pledged as collateral assets for borrowings granted to the Company (Note 19).

11 FIXED ASSETS

(a) Tangible fixed assets

Total VND	295,914,317,211 10,452,316,756 6,844,958,523 (1,949,000,000)	311,262,592,490	149,876,105,962 10,950,860,632 (1,559,200,009)	159,267,766,585	146,038,211,249
	294	31	145	15	15
Office equipment VND	38,509,091	38,509,091	38,509,091	38,509,091	
Motor vehicles VND	8,148,355,577 187,100,000 674,720,375	9,010,175,952	4,555,281,237 350,785,305	4,906,066,542	3,593,074,340
Machinery VND	151,599,399,464 6,669,830,924 2,640,000,000 (1,949,000,000)	158,960,230,388	77,441,192,483 6,272,201,794 (1,559,200,009)	82,154,194,268	74,158,206,981
Plants and buildings	136,128,053,079 3,595,385,832 3,530,238,148	143,253,677,059	67,841,123,151 4,327,873,533	72,168,996,684	68,286,929,928
	Historical cost As at 1 January 2025 New purchases Transfers from construction in progress (Note 12) Disposals	As at 30 Jun 2025	Accumulated depreciation As at 1 January 2025 Charge for the period Disposals	As at 30 Jun 2025	Net book value As at 1 January 2025 As at 30 Jun 2025

The historical cost of tangible fixed assets that were fully depreciated but still in use as at 30 June 2025 was VND58,612,871,127 (as at 31 December 2024: VND50,690,263,706).

As at 30 June 2025, tangible fixed assets with a book value of VND2,800,799,135 (as at 31 December 2024: VND4,086,522,107) were pledged as collateral assets for borrowings granted to the Company (Note 19).

Form B 09 - DN

11 FIXED ASSETS (continued)

(b) Intangible fixed assets

	Software VND
Historical cost As at 1 January 2025 and 30 June 2025	532,700,000
Accumulated amortisation As at 1 January 2025 Charge for the period	122,383,880 53,269,998
As at 30 Jun 2025	175,653,878
Net book value As at 1 January 2025	410,316,120
As at 30 Jun 2025	357,046,122

There were no fixed assets that were fully depreciated but still in use as at 30 June 2025 and as at 31 December 2024.

12 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Machinery and equipment Factory renovations Others	470,682,744 564,000,000 273,416,711	3,184,726,744 583,189,875 199,372,711
	1,308,099,455	3,967,289,330

Form B 09 - DN

12 CONSTRUCTION IN PROGRESS (continued)

Movements in the construction in progress during the accounting period were as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30.6.2025 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2024 VND
Beginning of period/year Purchases Transfers to tangible fixed assets (Note 11(a)) Transfers to intangible fixed assets	3,967,289,330 4,185,768,648 (6,844,958,523)	30,154,340,551 8,885,970,366 (34,818,621,587) (254,400,000)
End of period/year	1,308,099,455	3,967,289,330

13 SHORT-TERM TRADE ACCOUNTS PAYABLE

	As at 30	.6.2025	As at 31.	As at 31.12.2024	
_		Able-to-pay	Able-to-pay		
	Value	amount	Value	amount	
	VND	VND	VND	VND	
Third parties					
Tan Tien Phat					
Tai Co.,Ltd	1,468,253,310	1,468,253,310	1,550,666,994	1,550,666,994	
Others	11,837,447,221	11,837,447,221	16,294,641,034	16,294,641,034	
Related parties					
(Note 38(b))	356,436,998	356,436,998	370,551,599	370,551,599	
	13,662,137,529	13,662,137,529	18,215,859,627	18,215,859,627	

As at 30 June 2025 and 31 December 2024, there was no balance of short-term trade payables that was past due.

14 SHORT-TERM ADVANCES FROM CUSTOMERS

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Third parties	5,923,453,590	6,278,388,450

15 TAX AND OTHER RECEIVABLES/PAYABLES TO THE STATE

Movements in tax and other receivables/payables to the State during the accounting period were as follows:

	As at 1.1.2025 VND	Receivable/payable during the period VND	Refund/payment during the period VND	Net-off VND	As at 30.6.2025 VND
a) Tax receivables VAT input	8,149,349,880	13,707,136,097	(5,431,208,353)	(7,551,461,221)	8,873,816,403
b) Tax payables CIT Personal income tax VAT output Others	3,521,375,281 126,056,791 -	12,327,050,726 1,002,728,765 7,551,461,221 415,424,846	(3,705,178,387) (1,004,718,873) - (415,424,846)	. (7,551,461,221)	12,143,247,620 124,066,683
	3,647,432,072	21,296,665,558	(5,125,322,106)	(7,551,461,221)	12,267,314,303

Form B 09 - DN

16 PAYABLES TO EMPLOYEES

As at 30 June 2025 and as at 31 December 2024, the balance of payable to employees respectively represents the salary, bonus for the accounting period ended 30 June 2025; and the salary, bonus for the year ended 31 December 2024 payable to Company's employees.

17 SHORT-TERM ACCRUED EXPENSES

		30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
	Transportation Electricity Others	597,447,167 427,228,559 568,148,257	500,388,081 416,662,612 610,146,415
		1,592,823,983	1,527,197,108
18	OTHER SHORT-TERM PAYABLES		
		30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
	Short-term deposits Union fees Others Related parties (Note 38(b))	1,389,751,753 217,625,208 362,816,328 4,500,000	1,364,662,078 204,589,847 463,576,956 3,000,000
		1,974,693,289	2,035,828,881

Form B 09 - DN

19 SHORT-TERM BORROWINGS

As at 30.6.2025 VND	33,599,574,596
Decrease	(111,568,504,048)
Increase	124,841,689,554
As at 1.1.2025 VND	20,326,389,090
	Joint Stock Commercial Bank for Foreign Trade of Vietnam

The details of borrowings as the end of the accounting period were as follows:

	and	So.)) at	ark,	ling:	hips	Food	
Interest rate/annum Collateral assets (%)	Certificate of land use rights and	assets attached to land No.	CU706614 (land plot No. 20) at	Area A1, Sa Dec Industrial Park,	Dong Thap province (including:	Industrial land, Shrimp-chips	factory, Warehouse, F	factory).
Interest rate/annum (%)	In accordance	with each	disbursement	note				
Purpose	Financing	working	capital for	food	production			
Credit facility Maturity date	4 months from	disbursement	date					
Credit facility	VND80,000,000,000	and/or equivalent	to USD					
Contract no.	14/2025/VCB.DT-CRC VND80,000,000,000 4 months from							
Bank	Joint Stock	Commercial	Bank for	Foreign	Trade of	Vietnam		

Form B 09 - DN

20 BONUS AND WELFARE FUND

Movements in bonus and welfare fund during the accounting period were as follows:

		For the six-month period ended 30.6.2025 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2024 VND
	Beginning of period/year Increases (Note 25) Utilisation	1,711,564,757 3,800,000,000 (825,811,765)	3,372,902,121 - (1,661,337,364)
	End of period/year	4,685,752,992	1,711,564,757
21	PROVISION FOR LONG-TERM LIABILITIES		
		30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
	Provision for dismantling and restoration costs Severance allowances	12,700,000,000 1,503,810,620	12,700,000,000 1,609,605,120
		14,203,810,620	14,309,605,120
22	FUND FOR SCIENTIFIC AND TECHNOLOGIC	CAL DEVELOPMENT	
		For the six- month period ended 30.6.2025 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2024 VND
	Beginning of period/year Increases Utilisation	10,963,592,599 (5,970,129,604)	303,524,687 10,700,000,000 (39,932,088)
	End of period/year	4,993,462,995	10,963,592,599

Form B 09 - DN

23 DEFERRED INCOME TAX ASSETS

3,371,840,944

Movements in the deferred income tax, taking into consideration the offsetting of balances within the same tax jurisdiction, during the accounting period as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30.6.2025 VND	For the year ended 31.12.2024 VND
Beginning of period/year Income statement credit (Note 34)	3,371,840,944 (338,155,239)	902,794,042 2,469,046,902
End of period/year	3,033,685,705	3,371,840,944

Deferred tax assets mainly come from provision for severance allowances and provision for dismantling and restoration costs and other temporary differences.

The Company used a tax rate of 20% to determine its deferred income tax assets.

24 OWNERS' CAPITAL

(a) Number of ordinary shares

	30.6.2025	31.12.2024
Number of shares registered, number		
of shares issued and number of		
existing shares in circulation	7,147,580	7,147,580

(b) Details of owners' shareholding

	30.6.2025		31.12.202	4
	Ordinary		Ordinary	
	shares	%	shares	%
Vinh Hoan Corporation	54,833,270,000	76.72	54,833,270,000	76.72
Ms. Tran Thi Thanh Thuy	2,868,000,000	4.01	2,868,000,000	4.01
Mr. Pham Thanh Hung	2,380,580,000	3.33	2,380,580,000	3.33
Mr. Pham Hong Thinh	2,338,390,000	3.27	2,338,390,000	3.27
Others	9,055,560,000	12.67	9,055,560,000	12.67
	71,475,800,000	100.00	71,475,800,000	100.00

Form B 09 - DN

- 24 OWNERS' CAPITAL (continued)
- (c) Movement of owners' capital

Number of shares	Ordinary shares
	VND

As at 1 January 2024, as at 31 December 2024 and as at 30 June 2025

7,147,580

71,475,800,000

Par value: VND10,000 per share

SA GIANG IMPORT EXPORT CORPORATION

Form B 09 - DN

25 MOVEMENTS IN OWNERS' EQUITY

Total	253,107,359,689 100,198,776,318 (7,147,580,000)	346,158,556,007 61,657,056,796	(3,800,000,000)	404,015,612,803
Undistributed earnings VND	165,668,709,582 100,198,776,318 (7,147,580,000)	258,719,905,900 61,657,056,796	(3,800,000,000)	316,576,962,696
Other funds VND	291,290	291,290	1	291,290
Investment and development fund VND	15,962,558,817	15,962,558,817	1	15,962,558,817
Owners' capital VND	71,475,800,000	71,475,800,000	1	71,475,800,000
	As at 1 January 2024 Net profit for the year Dividends paid	As at 31 December 2024 Net profit for the year	Appropriation to bolids and welfare fund (*)	As at 30 June 2025

In accordance with the Resolution No. 02/2025/NQ-DHCD dated 9 April 2025, the shareholders approved the bonus and welfare fund in the amount of VND3,800,000,000 from the year 2024's post-tax profit. The fund is designated for rewarding the executive management. *

26 BASIC EARNINGS PER SHARE

(a) Basic earnings per share

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the net profit attributable to shareholders after deducting the bonus and welfare funds and preferred share dividend by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the accounting period, adjusted for bonus shares issued during the accounting period and excluding treasury shares. The details were as follows:

	For the six-month	period ended
	30.6.2025	30.6.2024
	(*)	(**)
Net profit attributable to shareholders (VND)	61,657,056,796	63,664,933,043
Less amount allocated to bonus and welfare funds (VND)	-	(1,900,000,000)
	61,657,056,796	61,764,933,043
Weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue (shares)	ares) 7,147,580	7,147,580
Basic earnings per share (VND)	8,626	8,641

- (*) The Company has not determined the appropriation amount for the bonus and welfare fund for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025. Accordingly, any downward adjustment to the appropriation will be reflected in the annual financial statements based on figures approved by the General Meeting of Shareholders. Should the appropriation for the bonus and welfare fund be determined for the sixmonth period, basic earnings per share may be reduced.
- (**) Basic earnings per share of the six-month period ended 30 June 2024 has been restated to adjust for bonus and benefit costs as follows:

	For the six-month period ended 30.6.2024		
	As previously reported	Adjustments	As restated under Circular 200
Net profit attributable to shareholder (VND) Weighted average number of	63,664,933,043	(1,900,000,000)	61,764,933,043
ordinary shares in issue (shares)	7,147,580	-	7,147,580
Basic earnings per share (VND)	8,907		8,641

(b) Diluted earnings per share

Diluted earnings per share adjusts the figures used in the determination of basic earnings per share to take into account:

- the after-income tax effect of interest and other financing costs associated with dilutive potential ordinary shares, and
- the weighted average number of additional ordinary shares that would have been outstanding assuming the conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

The Company did not have any ordinary shares potentially diluted during the accounting period and up to the date of this interim financial statements. Therefore, the diluted earnings per share is equal to the basic earnings per share.

Form B 09 - DN

27 OFF BALANCE SHEET ITEMS

(a) Foreign currencies

	30.6.2025	31.12.2024
United States Dollar ("USD") Euro ("EUR") Australian Dollar ("AUD")	791,281.35 3,388.11 100	416,835.26 2,617.11 100

(b) Bad debts written off

	As at 30.6.2025 and 31.12.2024	
	Cost VND	Written off year
Hoo Hing LTD Mr. Tran Van Hung Other	709,417,440 147,011,700 87,954,678	2023 2023 2023
	944,383,818	

28 NET REVENUE FROM SALES OF GOODS

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND
Revenue		
Revenue from sales of finished goods Revenue from sales of scraps Revenue from sales of merchandises,	353,641,156,967 1,276,386,250	349,561,962,919 1,247,606,580
supplies and raw materials Revenue from redering of services	31,309,541 221,588	365,712,221
	354,949,074,346	351,175,281,720
Sales deductions		
Trade discounts Sales allowances	148,679,330 2,430,374	146,984,808
Sales returns	-	126,705,554
	151,109,704	273,690,362
Not as a second for a second second		
Net revenue from sales of goods Net revenue from sales of finished goods Net revenue from sales of scraps Net revenue from sales of merchandises,	353,490,047,263 1,276,386,250	349,288,272,557 1,247,606,580
supplies and raw materials Net revenue from rendering of services	31,309,541 221,588	365,712,221
	354,797,964,642	350,901,591,358

Form B 09 - DN

29 COST OF GOODS SOLD

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND
Cost of finished goods sold Cost of merchandises, supplies and raw materials sold Provision/(reversal) for decline in value of inventories (Note 9)	253,661,677,242	255,242,952,159
	106,802,205	361,559,052
	978,000,000	(3,000,000)
	254,746,479,447	255,601,511,211 ————

30 FINANCIAL INCOME

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025	30.6.2024
	VND	VND
	1112	
Realised foreign exchange gains	4,120,236,447	4,607,556,328
Interest income from term deposits	1,156,259,033	8,816,198
Unrealised foreign exchange gains	224,167,221	-,
0 0		
	5,500,662,701	4,616,372,526

31 FINANCIAL EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND
Interest expense Realised foreign exchange losses Unrealised foreign exchange losses	709,841,832 375,091,045 -	226,802,674 332,690,040 43,336,350
	1,084,932,877	602,829,064

Form B 09 - DN

32 SELLING EXPENSES

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND
Transportation, storage and other		
external services	9,211,262,097	9,006,235,963
Staff costs	3,095,912,822	1,693,792,591
Sample testing, certification expenses	2,060,825,655	1,239,180,288
Marketing, exhibition	2,530,993,756	484,261,194
Depreciation and amortisation	42,015,912	42,015,912
Commission fees	27,814,518	51,921,511
Others	1,777,134,881	2,508,486,454
	18,745,959,641	15,025,893,913

33 GENERAL AND ADMINISTRATION EXPENSES

	For the six-month	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND	
Staff costs External services Depreciation and amortisation Others	5,444,992,012 1,827,645,011 59,892,444 3,987,457,451	4,565,167,883 1,235,245,098 48,711,342 2,822,474,643	
	11,319,986,918	8,671,598,966	

34 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT")

The expansion project named Sa Giang 3 is exempt from CIT for 2 years and entitled to 50% reduction for 4 years from the year the project completed and put into production with taxable income (from year 2022 for periods 1 and 2 and from year 2024 for period 3).

The CIT on the Company's profit before tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the applicable tax rate of 20% normally under current tax law as follows:

34 CORPORATE INCOME TAX ("CIT") (continued)

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 VND	30.6.2024 VND
Accounting profit before tax	74,322,262,761	75,936,240,188
Tax calculated at a rate of 20% Effect of:	14,864,452,552	15,187,248,038
Expenses not deductible for tax purposes Temporary differences for which no deferred	193,511,195	-
income tax was recognised	75,005,932	70,779,079
Tax exemption and deduction	(2,651,566,820)	(3,000,563,115)
Under-provision in previous years	183,803,106	13,843,143
CIT charge (*)	12,665,205,965	12,271,307,145
Charged to the income statement:		
CIT – current	12,327,050,726	12,641,380,431
CIT – deferred (Note 23)	338,155,239	(370,073,286)
	12,665,205,965	12,271,307,145

^(*) The CIT charge for the six-month period ended 30 June 2025 is based on estimated taxable income and is subject to review and possible adjustments by the tax authorities.

35 COSTS OF OPERATION BY FACTOR

Costs of operation by factor represent all costs incurred during the accounting period from the Company's operating activities, excluding cost of merchandise for trading activities. The details are as follows:

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 30.6.202	
	VND	VND
Raw materials	159,949,398,728	196,141,440,795
Staff costs	69,689,036,468	56,770,650,872
External services	20,138,921,210	18,556,013,018
Depreciation and amortisation	10,934,539,654	9,322,864,069
Provision/(reversal) for decline in value of		
inventories (Note 9)	978,000,000	(3,000,000)
Others	23,137,464,131	20,509,160,687
	284,827,360,191	301,297,129,441

Form B 09 - DN

36 SEGMENT REPORTING

Geographical segments:

The Company's activities are mainly segmented by export and domestic activities. The Company does not monitor its operation results, fixed assets, other non-current assets or non-cash major expenses by the geographical areas of customers. Segment report based on the geographical location of the Company is as follows:

_	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 30.6.20	
	VND	VND
Export sales	262,144,780,487	254,573,423,326
Domestic sales	92,653,184,155	96,328,168,032
Net sales	354,797,964,642	350,901,591,358

Business activity segments:

The main activities of the Company are the production of various types of shrimp chips and rice-based products, while the other revenue streams only account for a small portion of the Company's total revenue; therefore, the Board of Management of the Company has determined that the Company operates in only one business segment.

37 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON CERTAIN ITEMS OF THE INTERIM CASH FLOW STATEMENT

Non-cash transactions affecting the interim cash flow statement

	For the six-month period ended	
	30.6.2025 30.6.20	
	VND	VND
Purchases of fixed assets and other long-		
term assets that have not yet been settled	1,444,233,871	1,697,649,647

38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES

The Company is controlled by Vinh Hoan Corporation, which was incorporated in Vietnam and owns 76.72% of the Company's charter capital.

38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

The details of of related parties and relationship are as follows:

Related parties	Relationship
Vinh Hoan Corporation	Parent company
Feed One Company Limited	Fellow group subsidiary
Vinh Phuoc Food Company Limited Thanh Binh Dong Thap One Member	Fellow group subsidiary
Company Limited	Fellow group subsidiary
Vinh Hoan Collagen One Member Limited Company	Fellow group subsidiary
Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Corporation	Fellow group subsidiary
Vinh Hoan Fish Hatchery Company Limited	Fellow group subsidiary
Vinh Technology Pte Ltd	Fellow group subsidiary
Coast Beacon	Related company of a member of Board of Directors
Van Duc Food Company Limited	Related company of a member of Board of Directors
Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company Limited	Related company of a member of Board of Directors
Thien Minh Phuc Company Limited	Related company of a member of Board of Directors
Phu Si Packaging Co., Ltd	Related company of a member of Board of Directors
Mai Thien Thanh Co., Ltd	Associate within the Group
Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading Company Limited	Related company of a member of Board of Directors

(a) Related party transactions

The primary transactions with related parties in the period are:

-	For the six-montl 30.6.2025 VND	n period ended 30.6.2024 VND
	VIND	VIND
i) Sales of goods and services		
Vinh Technology Pte Ltd	22,513,363,033	31,120,936,910
Vinh Hoan Corporation	1,299,896,409	1,109,620,545
Thanh Binh One Member Limited Company	252,719,817	245,966,499
Vinh Phuoc Food Company Limited	230,657,509	123,464,300
Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company	83,849,721	224,283,840
Van Duc Food Company Limited	78,703,704	87,962,963
Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Joint stock Co		14,133,980
Feed One Company Limited	29,731,793	21,063,804
Vinh Hoan Collagen One member Limited	29,320,673	20,867,255
Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited	3,783,796	-
Vinh Hoan Fish Hatchery Company Limited	3,541,355	6,147,514
Coast Beacon	-	198,115,421
	24,562,565,682	33,172,563,031

38 RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)

(a) Related party transactions (continued)

		For the six-month period ended		
		30.6.2025	30.6.2024	
		VND	VND	
ii)	Purchases of goods and services			
	Thien Minh Phuc Company Limited Vinh Phuoc Food Company Limited Vinh Hoan Collagen One member Limited Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Joint stock	1,552,140,100 986,411,910 369,401,500	2,064,065,000 816,968,076 50,194,444	
	Company Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company Vinh Hoan Corporation Phu Si Packaging Company Limited	96,364,090 45,980,000 40,865,463 921,500	51,857,929 1,001,445,000 - -	
	Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading Company Limited	-	220,846,685	
		3,092,084,563	4,205,377,134	
iii)	Deposit payment			
,	Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading			
	Company Limited	-	130,815,000	
iv)	Deposit receipt			
	Feed One Company Limited	1,500,000		
v)	Compensation of key management			
	Gross salaries of Board of Management	1,472,399,225	1,455,857,961	
	Remuneration and bonuses of Board of Directors			
	and Supervisor Mr. Nguyen Van Kiem Ms. Le Thi Dieu Thi Ms. Tang Thi Mong Tien Mr. Nguyen Van Sang Ms. Truong Thi Le Khanh Ms. Tran Thi Thanh Thuy Ms. Ha Thi Phuong Thuy Hong Nhung Ms. Lam Mau Diep Mr. Pham Thanh Tung Mr. Nguyen Trong Liem Ms. Nguyen Ngo Vi Tam	301,000,000 70,000,000 70,000,000 70,000,000 70,000,000 70,000,000 70,000,000 59,400,000 21,000,000	269,675,000 70,000,000 70,000,000 103,000,000 70,000,000 68,000,000 14,667,000 51,000,000 28,000,000 55,333,000 2,325,532,961	

SA GIANG IMPORT EXPORT CORPORATION			Form B 09 – DN
38	RELATED PARTY DISCLOSURES (continued)		
		30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
(b)	Year-end balances with related parties		
	Short-term trade accounts receivable (Note 5)		
	Vinh Technology Pte Ltd Vinh Hoan Corporation Thanh Binh Dong Thap One Member Company Limited Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Corporation Vinh Hoan Fish Hatchery Co., Ltd Vinh Phuoc Food Company Limited Feed One Company Limited Van Duc Tien Giang Food Export Company Vinh Hoan Collagen One Member Limited Mai Thien Thanh Company Limited	2,345,016,466 104,938,465 2,675,455 2,522,781 1,070,182 1,070,182 343,637 - - - 2,457,637,168	2,399,642,932 324,321,710 186,095,884 177,077,802 1,605,273 887,458 105,000,000 17,806,548 3,055,045 3,215,492,652
	Prepayment to suppliers (Note 6)		
	Vinh Hoan Collagen One Member Limited	6,800,000	19,200,000
	Other short-term receivables (Note 7)		
	Vinh Hoan Collagen One Member Limited	130,815,000	130,815,000
	Short-term trade accounts payable (Note 13)		
	Vinh Phuoc Food Company Limited Thien Minh Phuc Company Limited Tan Nguyen Thanh Real Estate Trading Company Limited	223,984,598 132,452,400	365,323,020 5,228,579
		356,436,998	370,551,599
	Other short-term payables (Note 18)	_	
	Thanh Ngoc Agriculture Food Corporation Feed One Company Limited	3,000,000 1,500,000	3,000,000

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3,000,000

4,500,000

Form B 09 - DN

39 COMMITMENTS UNDER OPERATING LEASES

The future minimum lease payments under non-cancellable operating leases are as follows:

	30.6.2025 VND	31.12.2024 VND
Within one year Between one and five years Over five years	4,348,802,471 15,460,683,047 86,730,786,652	4,385,803,471 15,598,765,547 88,650,448,758
Total minimum payments	106,540,272,170	108,635,017,776

The interim financial statements were approved by the Board of Management on 14 August 2025.

Nguyen Ngoc Huyen Trang

Preparer and Chief Accountant

Le Thi Dieu Thi General Director

